COUNTY OF ERIE NEW YORK

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

MARK C. POLONCARZ

Erie County Comptroller

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Prepared By: Erie County Comptroller's Office MARK C. POLONCARZ Erie County Comptroller

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

| | Page |
|---|-------|
| Letter of Transmittal | i-vi |
| Summary of Elected Officials | viii |
| Organizational Chart | ix |
| GFOA Certificate of Achievement | X |
| FINANCIAL SECTION | |
| Indonesia dest Anditaral Denast | |
| Independent Auditors' Report | |
| Management's Discussion and Analysis | 3-12 |
| Government-wide Financial Statements: | |
| | |
| Statement of Net Assets | |
| Statement of Activities | 15 |
| Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds | 1.0 |
| Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets | |
| | 317 |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds | 10.10 |
| Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes | 18-19 |
| in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities | 20 |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and A | |
| (Non-GAAP Basis of Accounting) - General Fund | |
| Statement of Net Assets – Proprietary Funds | |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in | |
| Fund Net Assets – Proprietary Funds | 22 |
| Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds | |
| Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Fiduciary Fund | |
| Notes to the Financial Statements | |
| Required Supplementary Information: | |
| Schedule of Funding Progress | 92 |
| Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules: | 02 |
| Nonmajor Governmental Funds: | |
| Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds | 86.87 |
| Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes | |
| in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds | |
| Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in | 00-09 |
| Fund Balances – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis of Accounting): | |
| Road Special Revenue Fund | 00 |
| Sewer Special Revenue Fund | 01 |
| Downtown Mall Special Revenue Fund | 02 |
| E-911 Special Revenue Fund | 03 |
| Emergency Response Special Revenue Fund | 94 |
| Debt Service Fund | 95 |
| | |

FINANCIAL SECTION (Concluded)

| | Page |
|--|-----------|
| Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules: (Concluded) | |
| Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Agency Fund | 9.0 |
| Library Component Unit: | |
| Balance Sheet - Component Unit | 100 |
| Reconciliation of the Component Unit Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Asset | |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Component | |
| Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes | 01111 102 |
| in Fund Balance of Component Unit to the Statement of Activities | 103 |
| Other Component Units: | 103 |
| Combining Statement of Net Assets – Other Component Units | 106 |
| Combining Statement of Activities – Other Component Units | |
| como ming content of real raises component cinto minimum | |
| STATISTICAL SECTION | |
| Net Assets by Component – Last Eight Fiscal Years | 109 |
| Changes in Net Assets - Last Eight Fiscal Years | |
| Fund Balances of Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 112 |
| Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years | |
| Taxable Sales by Category – Last Ten Fiscal Years | |
| Assessed and Equalized Full Value of Taxable Property - Last Ten Fiscal Years | |
| Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates - Last Ten Fiscal Years | 116 |
| Principal Taxpayers - Current Year and Nine Years Ago | 117 |
| Property Tax Levies and Collections – Last Ten Fiscal Years | |
| Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type - Last Ten Fiscal Years | 119 |
| Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding - Last Ten Fiscal Years | |
| Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt – As of December 31, 2009 | 121 |
| Legal Debt Margin Information – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 122 |
| Pledged-Revenue Coverage – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 123 |
| Demographic and Economic Statistics - Last Ten Calendar Years | 124 |
| Principal Employers – Current Year and Nine Years Ago | 125 |
| Full-time County Government Employees by Function - Last Six Fiscal Years | |
| Operating Indicators by Function/Program – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 127 |
| Capital Asset Statistics by Function – Last Eight Fiscal Years | 128 |

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

This section contains the following:

- LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL
- SUMMARY OF ELECTED OFFICIALS
- ORGANIZATIONAL CHART
- GFOA CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT



September 24, 2010

Erie County Legislature 92 Franklin Street, 4th Floor Buffalo, New York 14202

Honorable Christopher C. Collins Erie County Executive 95 Franklin Street, 16th Floor Buffalo, New York 14202

Dear Honorable Members and County Executive Collins:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") of the County of Erie, New York, (the "County") for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009 is submitted in accordance with the requirements of Section 1202 (i) of the Erie County Charter.

INTRODUCTION

This report was prepared by the Erie County Comptroller's Office in conformance with current accounting and financial reporting principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") and the New York Office of the State Comptroller. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the County. We believe the data as presented is accurate in all material respects, and is reported in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the County as measured by the financial activity of its various funds. All disclosures have been included that were considered necessary to enable government decision-makers, as well as concerned citizens, to more readily understand and better evaluate the County's financial operations.

The firm of Deloitte & Touche LLP, the County's independent auditor, has issued an unqualified ("clean") opinion on the County's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2009. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

Basic Information

The County is a metropolitan center covering 1,058 square miles that is located on the western border of New York State, adjacent to Lake Erie. Situated within the County are 3 cities, 25 towns, and 16 villages, including the City of Buffalo, which serves as the County seat, and is the State's second largest city. The County provides a variety of mandated and discretionary services and facilities to its residents covering the areas of culture, parks and recreation, social services, police, libraries, youth, health, senior services, roads, mental health, probation, corrections, emergency services, license bureau, and sanitary sewerage. Additionally, the County operates a community college.

The County is a major New York industrial and commercial center, and is favorably located relative to the markets of both the United States and Canada. Access to these markets is enhanced by the fact that the County is among the largest rail centers in the United States; that it is provided trucking services by numerous transcontinental, international and common carriers; and that it is a focal point of international water-borne transportation.

Subject to the New York State Constitution and Laws, the County operates pursuant to a County Charter ("Charter") and Administrative Code. Additionally, various New York State laws govern the County to the extent that such laws are applicable to counties operating under a charter form of government.

The legislative power of the County is vested in a 15-member governing board known as the County Legislature ("Legislature"), each member of which is elected for a two-year term. Principal functions of the Legislature include adoption of the annual budget, levying of taxes, review and approval of budget modifications, adoption of local laws, and authorization of the incurrence of all County indebtedness. In addition to the members of the Legislature, there are five County-wide elected officials, each elected to four-year terms: County Executive, County Comptroller, County Clerk, District Attorney, and Sheriff. The County Comptroller serves as the County's chief fiscal, accounting, reporting and auditing officer.

Component Units

Consistent with criteria promulgated in the GASB Codification, the financial statement reporting entity includes the County of Erie, New York (the primary government)

and its significant component units. The County's component units are comprised of the Buffalo and Erie County Public Library; the Erie County Medical Center Corporation and its two component units Research for Health in Erie County, Inc. and ECMC Lifeline Foundation, Inc.; two component units of the Erie Community College proprietary fund, the Auxiliary Services Corporation of Erie Community College, Inc. and the Erie Community College Foundation, Inc.; the Erie County Fiscal Stability Authority ("ECFSA"); the Erie Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation ("ETASC"); the Erie Tax Certificate Corporation ("ETCC") and the Buffalo and Erie County Industrial Land Development Corporation, Inc. ("ILDC"). Additional detailed information relating to the specific organizations and the manner of inclusion (discrete presentation or blending) in the reporting entity as component units, and the basis for making such determinations, are also discussed in Note I(A) to the financial statements.

Erie County Fiscal Stability Authority

In July 2005, the New York State Legislature and Governor created the ECFSA to monitor the County's finances. Under the Erie County Fiscal Stability Authority Act ("Act"), the legislation establishing the ECFSA, the County is required to develop and submit to ECFSA for its approval a Four Year Financial Plan. Under the Act, if the County fails to meet certain criteria, or if the County in fact meets other criteria, such as the County having "incurred a major operating funds deficit of one percent or more in the aggregate results of operations of such funds of the County during its fiscal year," (§ 3959 of the Act) the ECFSA may declare a control period and become a "hard" control board. Under the Act, in a control period, ECFSA may engage in a number of actions including establishing a wage and/or hiring freeze, setting maximum levels of County spending and requiring its approval for any County borrowing. On November 3, 2006, citing deficiencies in the County's 2007-2010 Four Year Financial Plan ECFSA imposed a control period on Erie County and subsequently continued that control period until June 2009.

Erie County's 2009 Budget

Under the Charter, the County Executive is required to submit his annual budget to the County Legislature by October 15th. In early October 2008, in association with the ECFSA-required Four Year Financial Plan, the County Executive presented his 2009 Budget to the Legislature for action. On December 1, 2008, the County Legislature approved the 2009 Budget with amendments which led the County Executive to issue vetoes on a number of legislative amendments and to declare other budget amendments as 'null and void.' On December 9, 2008, the Legislature overrode those vetoes and took action against the County Executive's 'null and void' declarations. The amended and Adopted 2009 Budget increased the countywide property tax rate, but at a reduced rate than that proposed by the County Executive.

On June 2, 2009, stating that the County's revised 2009-2012 Four Year Financial Plan was "complete and otherwise complies with the requirements of Section 3957 and the

ECFSA Act", ECFSA declared the control period was ended and reverted to an advisory status. This revision to advisory status was affirmed by ECFSA on July 23, 2009.

Despite ECFSA declaring control periods for the County's 2007, 2008 and 2009 fiscal years, the County ended every year with surpluses and balanced budgets. The General Fund reported a \$9.3 million surplus for the year-ended December 31, 2007, a \$10.7 million surplus for the year-ended December 31, 2008, and a \$42.6 million surplus for the year-ended December 31, 2009. The undesignated fund balance and total fund balance of the General Fund are \$60.6 million and \$100.8 million, respectively, as of December 31, 2009.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Local Economy

Following heavy job losses in the manufacturing sector in the early 1980s, the local economy has become more diversified with growth in the financial, health and service sectors. This diversification has tended to cushion local impacts during economic downturns, but strengthening the local economic base and improving the local economy has been a gradual, sometimes sporadic, process ongoing since the mid-1980s.

Unemployment trends in the County and the region has generally followed national trends by edging upward over the past several years, particularly starting in December 2008 as the area began to experience the effects of the recession. Like all counties in New York, the County's unemployment rate rose sharply in 2009. The County's unemployment rate has generally been lower than the New York State average, however. In addition, the County's foreclosure rate and number of foreclosures is significantly less than the national and state averages and rates.

For many years there has been an emphasis on enhancing the "quality of life" and on further developing the region's considerable cultural and recreational potential as another means of attracting and retaining investment and jobs. This includes the County's significant financial investment in recent years in the area's cultural institutions, including the Frank Lloyd Wright architecture and the Buffalo and Erie County Zoological Gardens. The County continues to serve as a significant source of annual operational funding to dozens of local cultural agencies. The County's waterfront along Lake Erie has been the focus of significant residential and commercial development including the development of parks, green spaces and pedestrian/bicycle trails. In 2009, using in part \$7 million of County funds, the State completed the demolition of the Buffalo Memorial Auditorium, a major component of the Erie Canal Harbor Development initiative.

Major 2009 Fiscal Impacts on the County

The resistance of the local economy to the worst effects of recessions, and the success to date of some local economic development activities has had a positive influence on the

County's finances. While the cities in the County have experienced some stagnation or erosion of their property tax bases, overall the local tax base has continued to slowly grow. Starting in late 2008 and continuing in early 2009, reflecting national and regional trends, County sales tax receipts began to decline. However, in late 2009, County sales tax revenues increased above the County's adjusted budget projection and the County ended 2009 with a positive variance for this major revenue stream. The County believes that one significant positive component of this revenue stream is cross-border Canadian shoppers.

In 2009, the County, like many counties across the country suffering the effects of the recession, received unexpected extraordinary financial assistance from the federal government. This financial aid, referred to as Federal Medical Assistance Percentage ("FMAP") was channeled to the County via the State, and is related to the County's expense for Medicaid. In 2009, the County received \$41.023 million in FMAP assistance, with the majority of this aid coming in the form of reduced mandatory weekly County Medicaid payments to New York State.

OTHER RELEVANT INFORMATION

Relevant Financial Policies

The County's Charter, amended by Local Law 3-2006, includes specific provisions for fund balance. The Charter requires the County to establish and maintain "a balance in all funds established in the budget equal to or greater than five percent of the amount contained in the budget of each fund in the immediately preceding fiscal year." The Charter also provides for limits and specific requirements governing the County's use/appropriation of fund balance including legislative approval and that the County may not appropriate fund balance below the five percent level. The County has not utilized fund balance in the General Fund since 2005 and has worked to steadily rebuild fund balances.

Monthly Accrual/Monitoring System

Since 1985, the County has maintained a Budget Monitoring System that compares budgetary estimates at the department and account level to fully accrued actual data on a monthly basis. The monitoring reports are used as a management tool during the fiscal year. All major variances are reconciled and, where appropriate, corrective measures are taken to ensure any projected deficit condition will be prevented or minimized. The County Administration is also required to submit monthly budget monitoring reports to the County Legislature.

Independent Audit

Since 1975, it has been the County's policy to have an independent audit of its annual financial statements performed by a certified public accounting firm. The Charter provides for an independent Audit Committee that is responsible for, among other things,

recommending a specific firm or firms to conduct annual audits of the County and the Erie Community College. The requirement to have an independent audit performed has been complied with and the auditors' opinion is included in the Financial Section of this report.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada ("GFOA") awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County for its comprehensive annual financial report ("CAFR") for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible were it not for the efforts of the Comptroller's Office Accounting Division staff, other cooperating County departments, and our independent auditor, Deloitte & Touche LLP. I would like to express my appreciation to all those who assisted and contributed to its preparation.

Respectfully submitted,

Mark C. Poloncarz, Esq. Erie County Comptroller

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK SUMMARY OF ELECTED OFFICIALS

December 31, 2009

COUNTY CLERK

COUNTY EXECUTIVE

DISTRICT ATTORNEY

SHERIFF

COUNTY COMPTROLLER

Kathleen C. Hochul

Chris Collins

Frank A. Sedita III

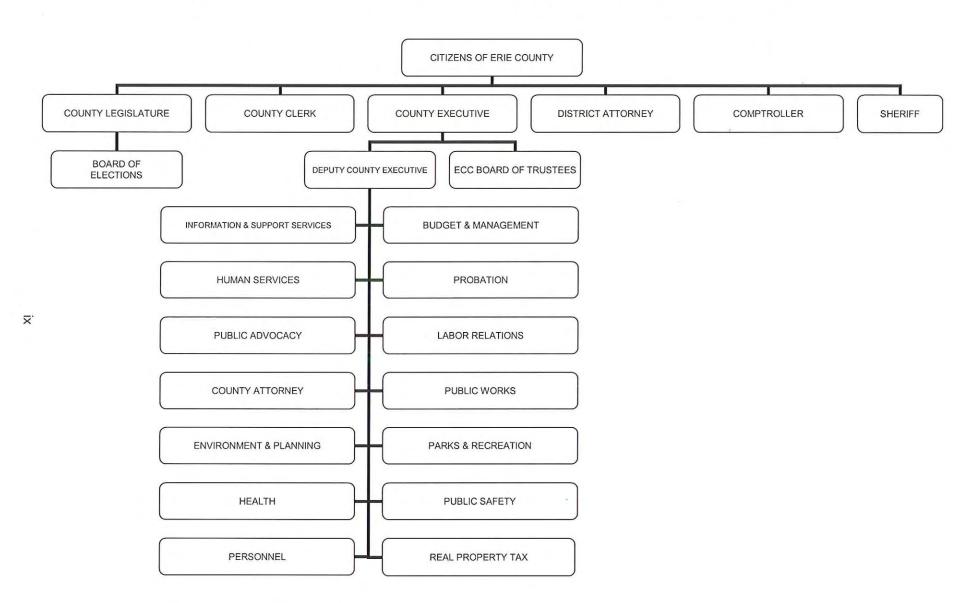
Timothy B. Howard

Mark C. Poloncarz

ERIE COUNTY LEGISLATORS

| District No. 1 | Daniel M. Kozub | District No. 9 | Timothy M. Wroblewski |
|----------------|----------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|
| District No. 2 | Timothy M. Kennedy | District No. 10 | Michele M. Iannello |
| District No. 3 | Barbara A. Miller-Williams | District No. 11 | Lynn M. Marinelli |
| District No. 4 | Raymond W. Walter | District No. 12 | Robert B. Reynolds, Jr. |
| District No. 5 | Diane M. Terranova | District No. 13 | John J. Mills |
| District No. 6 | Maria R. Whyte | District No. 14 | Thomas A. Loughran |
| District No. 7 | Betty Jean Grant | District No. 15 | Edward Rath III |
| District No. 8 | Thomas J. Mazur | | |

ERIE COUNTY ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

County of Erie New York

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
December 31, 2008

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

President

Executive Director

FINANCIAL SECTION

This section contains the following:

- INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
- MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
- BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
- REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
- COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



Deloitte & Touche LLP Key Bank Tower, Ste 250 50 Fountain Plaza Buffalo, NY 14202

Tel: +1 716 843 7200 Fax: +1 716 856 7760 www.deloitte.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable County Executive Honorable County Comptroller Members of the County Legislature County of Erie, New York

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Erie, New York (the "County") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Erie Community College (whose year-end is August 31, 2009), which represent 3.7% and 6.3%, respectively, of the assets and revenues of the government-wide financial statements. We did not audit the financial statements of the Erie Community College Foundation, Inc., and Auxiliary Services Corporation of Erie Community College, Inc., which are shown as aggregate discretely presented component units. We did not audit the financial statements of the Erie County Fiscal Stability Authority, which represent 16.6% and 24.9%, respectively, of the assets and revenues of the governmental activities. We did not audit the financial statements of Erie County Medical Center Corporation (ECMCC), a discretely presented component unit. Additionally, we did not audit the financial statements of ECMC Lifeline Foundation, Inc., or Research for Health in Erie County, Inc., which are shown within the ECMCC discretely presented component unit. We did not audit the financial statements of Buffalo and Erie County Industrial Land Development Corporation and Subsidiary (ILDC), a discretely presented component unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion insofar as it related to amounts included for those component units, Erie Community College, and Erie County Fiscal Stability Authority, is based on the reports of other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the reports of the other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major

fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of December 31, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and the schedule of funding progress as listed on pages 3 through 12 and page 82 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor governmental fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

September 24, 2010

South of Combo LCP

This section of the County of Erie, New York's (the "County") comprehensive annual financial report presents a discussion and analysis of the County's financial performance during the year ended December 31, 2009, and incorporates financial information from the year ended December 31, 2008 for comparative analysis purposes. Please read it in conjunction with the County's basic financial statements following this section. All amounts in this <u>Management's Discussion and Analysis</u>, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in thousands of dollars.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the County exceeded liabilities at the close of the 2009 fiscal year by \$27,284 (net assets). This consists of \$16,148 restricted for specific purposes (restricted net assets), \$386,292 invested in capital assets, net of related debt, and a deficit in unrestricted net assets of \$375,156 at December 31, 2009.
- The primary government's total net assets increased by \$12,717. Governmental activities increased the County's net assets by \$18,334. Business type activities decreased the County's net assets by \$5,617.
- As of December 31, 2009, the County's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$138,115, an increase of \$13,999 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 31.6% of the total combined governmental funds fund balance, \$43,585, is available to meet the County's current and future needs (unreserved fund balance).
- At the end of the fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the General fund was \$95,080 or 93.4% of the total General Fund fund balance of \$101,838. Total unreserved designated General Fund fund balance was \$21,035 at December 31, 2009.
- The total bonded debt of the primary government decreased by \$51,032 or 6.8% during the current fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements include three components: 1) Government-wide financial statements, 2) Fund financial statements, and 3) Notes to the financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, required supplementary information is included.

Government-Wide Financial Statements are two statements designed to provide readers with a broad overview of County finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The <u>statement of net assets</u> presents information on all County assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The <u>statement of activities</u> presents information showing how net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or in part a portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, health, transportation, economic assistance and opportunity, culture and recreation, education, and home and community services. The business-type activities of the County include Erie Community College ("College") and the Utilities Aggregation Fund.

On July 12, 2005, the Governor of the State of New York signed legislation creating the Erie County Fiscal Stability Authority ("ECFSA"). The ECFSA began its work during 2005 in an advisory role and provides the County with financial oversight while giving local leaders the ability to improve the County's fiscal condition without further State intervention. The ECFSA is included as a governmental activity in the government-wide financial statements. On November 3, 2006, the ECFSA imposed a control period on the County empowering the ECFSA to operate with its maximum authorized compliment of control and oversight powers over County finances. On that date, the ECFSA also imposed a hiring freeze and a contract review process. The ECFSA reverted to an advisory status on June 2, 2009.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the County itself (known as the primary government) but also the legally separate Buffalo and Erie County Public Library (the "Library"), Erie County Medical Center Corporation (the "ECMCC") and other component units. Financial information for these *component units* of the County is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The Library does not issue separate financial statements.

Fund financial statements are groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. All funds of the County can be divided into three categories: *governmental funds*, *proprietary funds*, and *fiduciary funds*.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a county's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains fifteen individual governmental funds. Additionally, the County reports the activities of its blended component units within its governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and ECFSA blended component unit (reported as a major special revenue fund). Data from the other governmental funds and blended component units are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Concluded)

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund.

Proprietary funds – The County maintains one type of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for the College and the Utilities Aggregation Fund, which is used to account for the bulk purchase and resale of gas, oil, and electric utilities.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The College is considered to be a major proprietary fund of the County.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The County has one fiduciary fund, the Agency Fund, which is used to account for funds held by the County as agent for employee withholdings, guarantee and bid deposits, court funds, monies due to other governments, and other miscellaneous items. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County's progress in funding its obligation to provide other post-employment benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

The Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules referred to earlier, provide Combining Statements for non-major governmental funds; comparisons of budgetary and actual data for certain Special Revenue Funds and Debt Service Fund; Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities for the Agency Fund; Fund Financial statements for the discretely presented Library component unit; and Combining Statements for Other component units. They are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net assets may serve, over time, as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$27,284 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Summary of Erie County's Net Assets

| | | Govern Activ | \$ | Busine Acti | S | Total | | | | | |
|--|----|--------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------|--------------------|--------|--------------------|--|--|
| | | 2009 | 2008 | 2009 | 2008 | _ | 2009 | | 2008 | | |
| Current and other assets Capital Assets | \$ | 516,547 790,368 | \$ 402,736 780,016 | \$ 41,628 12,628 | \$ 37,655 11,141 | \$ | 558,175 802,996 | \$ | 440,391 791,157 | | |
| Total assets | | 1,306,915 | 1,182,752 | 54,256_ | 48,796 | | 1,361,171 | | 1,231,548 | | |
| Long-term liabilities | | 925.552 | 917.350 | 35.477 | 20.892 | | 961,029 | | 938.242 | | |
| Other liabilities | | 353,614 | 255,987 | 19,244 | 22,752 | | 372,858 | | 278,739 | | |
| Total liabilities | | 1,279,166 | 1,173,337 | 54,721 | 43,644 | | 1,333,887 | | 1,216,981 | | |
| Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net | of | | | | | | | | | | |
| related debt | | 373,664 | 330,411 | 12,628 | 11,141 | | 386,292 | | 341,552 | | |
| Restricted | | 16,148 | 18,979 | | | | 16,148 | | 18,979 | | |
| Unrestricted | | (362,063) | (339,975) | (13,093) | (5,989) | | (375,156) | _ | (345,964) | | |
| Total net assets | \$ | 27,749 | \$ 9,415 | \$ (465) | \$ 5,152 | \$ | 27,284 | \$ | 14,567 | | |

A significant portion of the County's net assets at December 31, 2009, \$386,292, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements, infrastructure, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding and any unspent proceeds from bond issues. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the County's net assets, \$16,148, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

The remaining and largest component of the County's net assets, a deficit of \$375,156, represents *unrestricted net assets* which reflect all liabilities that are not related to the County's capital assets and which are not expected to be repaid from restricted resources. Long-term liabilities are typically funded annually in the funds with revenues of that year. The ETASC Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed bonds contributed greatly to this deficit as these bonds were issued to be paid back with future tobacco proceeds which will be received annually over the next fifty-one years. As the revenue recognition criteria for the receipt of future revenues has not been met, no asset has been recorded to offset the liability.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County is able to report positive balances in two of the three categories of net assets for the County as a whole and in one category for its business-type activities. Governmental and business-type activities have unrestricted net asset deficits of \$362,063 and \$13,093 respectively at December 31, 2009.

The County's net assets increased by \$12,717 during the 2009 fiscal year, as further explained in the next section.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

The following table indicates the changes in net assets for governmental and business-type activities:

Summary of Erie County's Changes in Net Assets

| | | Governmental | | | | Busine | ss- | type | | | | | | |
|--|----|-----------------|--------|--------------------|----|------------------|-------|------------------|-------|------------------|----|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| | | Act | ivitie | s | | Activ | vitie | es | Total | | | | | |
| | | 2009 | | 2008 | | 2009 | | 2008 | | 2009 | | 2008 | | |
| Revenues: | • | | • | | - | | • | | | | • | | | |
| Program revenues | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ | 82,748 | \$ | 79,649 | \$ | 58,297 | \$ | 74,483 | \$ | 141,045 | \$ | 154,132 | | |
| Operating grants and | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| contributions | | 468,793 | | 402,443 | | 6,790 | | 5,963 | | 475,583 | | 408,406 | | |
| Capital grants and | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| contributions | | 12,282 | | 8,661 | | | | | | 12,282 | | 8,661 | | |
| General revenues | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | | 251,224 | | 239,333 | | | | | | 251,224 | | 239,333 | | |
| Sales and use taxes | | 646,893 | | 667,783 | | | | | | 646,893 | | 667,783 | | |
| Transfer taxes | | 8,553 | | 8,901 | | | | | | 8,553 | | 8,901 | | |
| State and local appropriations | | | | | | 63,255 | | 57,742 | | 63,255 | | 57,742 | | |
| Non-operating revenue | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Unrestricted interest earnings | | 1,592 | | 3,994 | | 298 | | 663 | | 1,890 | | 4,657 | | |
| Miscellaneous and other | _ | 8,628 | | 9,331 | | | | | | 8,628 | | 9,331 | | |
| Total revenues | _ | 1,480,713 | | 1,420,095 | | 128,640 | | 138,851 | | 1,609,353 | | 1,558,946 | | |
| Expenses: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | | 420,026 | | 418,986 | | | | | | 420,026 | | 418,986 | | |
| Public safety | | 122,888 | | 118,220 | | | | | | 122,888 | | 118,220 | | |
| Health | | 89,927 | | 85,091 | | | | | | 89,927 | | 85,091 | | |
| Transportation | | 62,673 | | 65,292 | | | | | | 62,673 | | 65,292 | | |
| Economic assistance | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| and opportunity | | 567,035 | | 537,650 | | | | | | 567,035 | | 537,650 | | |
| Culture and recreation | | 23,754 | | 29,910 | | | | | | 23,754 | | 29,910 | | |
| Education | | 70,716 | | 66,883 | | | | | | 70,716 | | 66,883 | | |
| Home and community service | | 48,628 | | 52,299 | | | | | | 48,628 | | 52,299 | | |
| Interest and fiscal charges | | 39,511 | | 41,784 | | | | | | 39,511 | | 41,784 | | |
| College | | | | | | 123,988 | | 112,401 | | 123,988 | | 112,401 | | |
| Purchase and resale of utilities | _ | | _ | | | 27,490 | _ | 44,902 | _ | 27,490 | _ | 44,902 | | |
| Total expenses | _ | 1,445,158 | _ | 1,416,115 | | 151,478 | | 157,303 | | 1,596,636 | | 1,573,418 | | |
| Excess (deficiency) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| before transfers | | 35,555 | | 3,980 | | (22,838) | | (18,452) | | 12,717 | | (14,472) | | |
| Transfers | _ | (17,221) | - | (17,162) | | 17,221 | - | 17,162 | | 0 | | 0 | | |
| Change in net assets Net assets - beginning | | 18,334 9,415 | | (13,182) 22,597 | | (5,617) 5,152 | | (1,290) 6,442 | | 12,717 14,567 | | (14,472) 29,039 | | |
| Net assets - ending | \$ | 27,749 | \$ | 9,415 | \$ | (465) | \$ | 5,152 | \$ | 27,284 | \$ | 14,567 | | |
| | = | | = | | : | | = | | = | | = | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Concluded)

Governmental activities

Governmental activities increased the County's net assets by \$18,334. Revenues and expenses increased by \$60,618 (4.3%) and \$29,043 (2.1%) respectively, and net transfers out increased \$59 from 2008 to 2009. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- The \$20,890 (3.1%) decrease in the sales and use taxes category was primarily the result of reduced consumer spending in the sluggish economy experienced during 2009.
- Revenue from property taxes increased by \$11,891 (5.0%). Increases to the total tax levy (\$13,795) accounted for most of the increase.
- Capital grants and contributions increased \$3,621 (41.8%) during the year primarily as a result of increased federal aid for transportation related capital projects (\$5,807).
- Operating grants and contributions increased \$66,350 (16.5%) during the year. Most of this increase was attributable to increased program funding from the federal government including Federal Medicaid Assistance Percentage (\$41,023); American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (\$9,998); Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (\$9,531); and Social Service Administration (\$7,481).
- General Government expenses increased by \$1,040 or 0.2% primarily as a result of the increase in claims and judgments of \$13,945 offset by the reduction in sales taxes distributed to local municipalities and school districts that amounted to \$8,535.
- Economic Assistance and Opportunity expense increased by \$29,385 (5.5%) primarily as a result of an Upper Payment Limit ("UPL") payment of \$8,010; a one-time Back to School Program ("BSP") expense of \$7,952 and an increase in Disproportionate Share ("DSH") costs of \$4,734.
- Culture and recreation expenses decreased by \$6,156 (20.6%) primarily as a result of a one-time 2008 amount (\$7,000) which was expended as capital outlay to remediate and remove asbestos and other hazardous materials from the Buffalo Memorial Auditorium, an asset not owned by the County, as part of demolition for future economic development.
- Home and Community Service expenses decreased by \$3,671 or 7.0%. Most of this decrease consisted of a reduction in residual clean-up expenses of \$6,127 attributable to a major October 2006 snow storm.

Business-type activities

Business-type activities decreased the County's net assets by \$5,617 compared to a decrease of \$1,290 in 2008. The College generated decreases in net assets of \$5,561 and \$1,863 for the years ended August 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively. The operating loss at August 31, 2009 was greater than the operating loss at August 31, 2008 by \$8,927 as operating revenues generated increased \$2,682 and operating expenses increased \$11,609. Revenues generated during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2009 for student tuition and fees increased as a result of an increased enrollment and a 3.5% increase in the tuition rate over that of 2008. Mandated, collectively bargained salary and wage increases, and increases in health insurance benefits and OPEB changes make up much of the expense increase. The County sponsorship share of support to the College for the College's fiscal year ended August 31, 2009 was \$17,221 and is reported as a 2009 operating transfer to the College from the County's General (\$15,421) and Special Capital (\$1,800) funds.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses *fund accounting* to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds - The general government functions are contained in the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Capital Projects Funds. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. At December 31, 2009, the County's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$138,115, an increase of \$13,999 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 31.6% of the combined fund balances, \$43,585, constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available to meet the County's current and future operational and capital needs. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed (1) to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior period (\$56,648); (2) to pay debt service (\$32,948); (3) to reflect prepaid items and loans that are long-term in nature and thus do not represent available spendable resources (\$3,353); and (4) for a variety of other restricted purposes (\$1,581).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At December 31, 2009, unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$95,080 while total fund balance was \$101,838. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 8.0% of total expenditures (excluding other financing uses), while total fund balance represents 8.6% of that same amount.

Fund balance in the County's General Fund increased by \$43,647 during the 2009 fiscal year compared to 2008 when the General Fund experienced an increase of \$10,650. Key factors in this \$32,997 change were as follows:

- Revenues from real property taxes increased by \$13,293 due mainly to an increase in the property tax levy.
- Intergovernmental Revenues increased by \$63,924 or 19.7%. This was primarily due to increased funding from the federal government as previously mentioned in the governmental activities discussion above.
- Interest revenue decreased by 57.8% or \$2,092 due to a decrease in the interest rates available to the County.

The revenue items noted above were offset by the following expenditure changes:

Total expenditures increased by \$21,411 (1.8%) primarily in the Health (\$7,155) and Economic Assistance and Opportunity (\$27,395) categories mainly for contractual services and public assistance programs respectively. These were offset by decreases in general government support expenditures (\$20,032) for decreased payments to local municipalities for sales tax sharing, departmental payments to ECMCC and settlements and judgments.

The change in net other financing sources (uses) of \$25,320 was comprised principally of decrease in transfers in from the ECFSA for sales tax (\$24,669).

The General Government Buildings, Equipment and Improvements Fund, Highways, Roads, Bridges and Equipment Capital Projects Fund and Special Capital Projects Fund, which are reported in Other Governmental Funds, all experienced decreases in fund balance during the year, and reported deficit fund balances of \$1,816, \$21,115 and \$6,218, respectively, at December 31, 2009. Primarily, this was the cumulative result of the County's non-issuance of general obligation bonds for these funds since 2006. Cash to enable selected projects to progress has either been advanced from the County's General Fund, or were financed by the issuance of Bond Anticipation Notes. Proceeds from the sale of general obligation bonds in May 2010 as described in Note XVIII on page 80 of this report remediated these deficit fund balances

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS (Concluded)

The fund balance for the County's Road Special Revenue Fund increased by \$4,755 to an ending fund balance of \$864 as a result of transfers in from the General Fund to alleviate a deficit fund balance.

The fund balance for the E-911 Special Revenue Fund decreased by \$812 during the year. Increased expenditures for lab and technical equipment (\$857) accounted for most of this decrease.

The fund balance for the Tobacco Proceeds Capital Projects Fund decreased by \$263 (44.4%) to a year end balance of \$329 as a result of transfers out to fund various capital improvement projects in other capital project funds.

The fund balance for the Special Capital Projects Fund decreased by \$2,429 (64.1%) mainly as a result of \$1,152 expended for capital improvement projects at ECC and \$1,800 transferred to ECC for equipment purchases.

Proprietary funds - The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but in more detail.

■ The College had an unrestricted net assets deficit of \$15,372 at August 31, 2009.

The following table shows actual revenues, expenses, and results of operations for the current fiscal year:

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds

| | Major Fund | Nonmajor Fund | |
|--|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| | College 8/31/2009 | Utilities Aggregation | Total |
| Operating revenues Operating expenses | \$ 37,653 123,965 | \$ 27,434 27,490 | \$ 65,087 151,455 |
| Operating loss Non-operating revenues, net | (86,312) 63,530 | (56) | (86,368) 63,530 |
| Net (loss) income before contributions and transfers | (22,782) | (56) | (22,838) 17,221 |
| Transfers Change in net assets | \$ (5,561) | \$ (56) | \$ (5,617) |

The net loss before contributions and transfers of enterprise funds of \$22,838 is comprised of a net loss of \$22,782 for the College and net loss of \$56 for the Utilities Aggregation Fund.

The College reported a total net assets deficit of \$2,744 at August 31, 2009. The College's net assets have decreased significantly in each of the past three fiscal years as a result of the adoption of GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, in 2007.

Other factors concerning the activities of these funds have been addressed in the previous discussion of the County's business-type activities.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

An annual appropriated budget is adopted for the General Fund on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles, except that encumbrances are reported as budgeted expenditures in the year of incurrence of commitment to purchase.

During the year there was a \$332,399 decrease in total budgeted revenues between the original and final budget. The main component of the net decrease is the reclassification of \$362,705 from the 'Sales and Use Taxes' line to the 'Transfers In' line to match sales tax transfers received from the ECFSA which intercepts the County portion of sales tax remitted by the New York State Department of Taxation and Finance.

The budget for other financing sources was increased during the year by \$362,591, primarily for the sales and use taxes reclassification referred to in the previous paragraph.

Budgeted appropriations and other financing uses increased by \$34,754. Budgeted expenditures increased in health (\$9,553), primarily for Mental Health Department contractual services (\$5,635). Economic assistance and opportunity budgeted appropriations increased by a total of \$19,910, primarily for mandated DSH (\$13,024) and UPL (\$8,008) for the benefit of ECMCC, and BSP costs (\$8,513), with decreases to various social service programs (\$4,933), and salaries (\$4,232). These increases were partially offset by budgeted expenditure decreases in general government support (\$10,115), due to decreases in payments to ECMCC (\$7,632).

For the year, actual revenues were less than budget by \$8,143. A negative budgetary variance in intergovernmental revenue amounted to \$14,932 mostly as a result of reduced reimbursable expenditures for social services (\$9,828) and mental health (\$3,063) programs. Miscellaneous revenue experienced a positive variance (\$5,000) primarily due to cancellation of prior year liabilities for social services programs.

Actual expenditures were less than budget by \$44,455 primarily due to savings in various categories as follows: economic assistance and opportunity (\$15,301), principally for salaries and fringes and program expenditures; general government support (\$12,253), mainly for salaries and fringes and other departmental expenditures; health (\$6,390) chiefly for various health related programs; and public safety (\$4,645) mostly for salaries and fringes.

The total favorable budget to actual variance for the year amounted to \$49,834.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2009, amounted to \$802,996 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, infrastructure, buildings and improvements, improvements other than buildings, equipment, College library collections, and construction in progress. The total increase in the County's investment in capital assets for the current period was 1.5%.

The County's infrastructure assets are recorded at historical cost in the government-wide financial statements as required by GASB Statement No. 34. The County has elected to depreciate their infrastructure assets.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the addition of transportation network assets of \$19,821. Depreciation on buildings and improvements exceeded additions by \$6,277.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (Concluded)

Capital assets net of depreciation for the governmental and business-type activities are presented below:

Summary of Erie County's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

| | | Gover Acti | | Business Activit | | | To | tal | l | | |
|----------------------------|----|---------------|---------------|---------------------|--------|------|---------|------|---------|--|--|
| | _ | 2009 | 2008 | 2009 | 2008 | | 2009 | | 2008 | | |
| Land | \$ | 30,353 | \$ 29,997 | \$ \$ | i | \$ | 30,353 | \$ | 29,997 | | |
| Buildings and Improvements | | 252,455 | 258,732 | 6,851 | 5,996 | | 259,306 | | 264,728 | | |
| Improvements other | | | | | | | | | | | |
| than Buildings | | 15,483 | 16,148 | 50 | 53 | | 15,533 | | 16,201 | | |
| Sewer and Transportation | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Networks | | 405,824 | 402,212 | | | | 405,824 | | 402,212 | | |
| Machinery and Equipment | | 40,491 | 40,021 | 3,504 | 3,366 | | 43,995 | | 43,387 | | |
| Library Collections | | | | 1,292 | 1,294 | | 1,292 | | 1,294 | | |
| Construction in Progress | | 45,762 | 32,906 | 931 | 432 | | 46,693 | _ | 33,338 | | |
| Total | \$ | 790,368 | \$ 780,016 | \$ 12,628 \$ | 11,141 | \$ _ | 802,996 | \$ _ | 791,157 | | |

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note I (F) and Note VIII of this report.

Long-term Debt

At December 31, 2009, the primary government had total bonded debt outstanding of \$703,610 as compared to \$754,642 in the prior year. During the year, payments and other reductions of debt amounted to \$51,094. Additions, accretions and other adjustments amounted to \$62.

New York State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 7% of its five-year valuation. The current debt-limitation for the County is \$2,820,171, which is only 15.5% exhausted by the County's outstanding general obligation debt of \$436,259 (which includes a \$99,305 bond guaranty to ECMCC).

The County's current bond ratings, as assigned by rating agencies, are as follows: Moody's: A2 (stable outlook); Fitch: A (stable outlook); and Standard & Poor's: BBB+ (stable outlook). Moody's and Fitch's ratings reflect recalibrations of their municipal ratings to their global rating scales in April 2010. Standard & Poor's rating has been in effect since July 2008 and was affirmed in July 2010.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note XII of this report.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In 2010 the ECFSA issued bonds and Revenue Anticipation Notes and the County refinanced Bond Anticipation Notes (see Note XVIII). The County also achieved resolution regarding the reported difference in Due To/From the ECMCC Component Unit and Primary Government (see Note XIV (B)). In July 2010, the ETCC Board of Directors initiated dissolution of ETCC which is scheduled to be completed by December 31, 2010 (see Note XVIII).

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information, should be addressed to the Office of Comptroller of Erie County, 95 Franklin Street, Buffalo, New York 14202.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These basic financial statements include the financial statements and related notes of the reporting entity that are essential to fair presentation of financial position and results of operations. The reporting entity includes the primary government and its discretely presented component units.

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2009 (amounts expressed in thousands)

| | Primary Government | | | | | | Component Units | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|----|------------------------------|----|-----------|----|-----------------|----|---------|----|-------|--|--|--|
| | Governmental Activities | Bı | usiness - Type Activities | | Total | | Library | | ECMCC | | Other | | | |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 156,955 | | 31,716 | \$ | 188,671 | \$ | 9,213 | \$ | 47,539 | \$ | 2,037 | | | |
| Investments | 20,755 | 5 | | | 20,755 | | | | 41,792 | | 1,524 | | | |
| Restricted cash and cash equivalents | | | | | | | | | 121,046 | | | | | |
| Receivables (net of allowances) | 328,369 |) | 7,902 | | 336,271 | | 1,315 | | 81,784 | | 142 | | | |
| Due from primary government | | | | | | | | | 2,475 | | | | | |
| Due from component unit | 2,163 | | 1,563 | | 3,726 | | | | | | | | | |
| Internal balances | 2,447 | • | 447 | | 2,894 | | | | | | | | | |
| Inventories | | | | | | | | | 3,387 | | 42 | | | |
| Prepaid items | 1,803 | | | | 1,803 | | 261 | | 1,412 | | 1 | | | |
| Other assets | 4,055 | | | | 4,055 | | | | 2,931 | | 1,282 | | | |
| Capital assets | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Land, rare books and construction in progress | 76,115 | | 931 | | 77,046 | | 11,036 | | 1,216 | | | | | |
| Other capital assets, net of depreciation | 714,253 | | 11,697 | | 725,950 | | 6,721 | | 76,791 | | 574 | | | |
| Total assets | 1,306,915 | ı | 54,256 | | 1,361,171 | | 28,546 | | 380,373 | | 5,602 | | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | 51,260 | | 4,180 | | 55,440 | | 500 | | 20,019 | | 142 | | | |
| Accrued liabilities | 88,282 | | 3,873 | | 92,155 | | 1,225 | | 47,149 | | 1,343 | | | |
| Due to component unit | 2,475 | | | | 2,475 | | | | | | | | | |
| Due to primary government | | | | | | | | | 2,686 | | | | | |
| Unearned revenue | 42,176 | | 11,191 | | 53,367 | | 685 | | 18,083 | | | | | |
| Short-term debt | 169,421 | | | | 169,421 | | | | | | | | | |
| Long-term liabilities | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Due within one year | 71,829 | | 2,023 | | 73,852 | | 1,000 | | 2,155 | | 24 | | | |
| Due in more than one year | 853,723 | | 33,454 | | 887,177 | | 8,854 | | 180,890 | | 47 | | | |
| Total liabilities | 1,279,166 | | 54,721 | | 1,333,887 | | 12,264 | | 270,982 | | 1,556 | | | |
| NET ASSETS (DEFICIT) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Invested in capital assets, net of related debt | 373,664 | | 12,628 | | 386,292 | | 17,757 | | (2,869) | | 574 | | | |
| Restricted for: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Capital projects | 3,780 | | | | 3,780 | | | | 1,048 | | | | | |
| Debt service | 10,991 | | | | 10,991 | | | | 10,120 | | | | | |
| Public safety | 1,287 | | | | 1,287 | | | | | | | | | |
| Other purposes | 90 | | | | 90 | | | | 1,149 | | 2,035 | | | |
| Unrestricted (Deficit) | (362,063) |) | (13,093) | | (375,156) | | (1,475) | | 99,943 | | 1,437 | | | |
| Total net assets (Deficit) | \$ 27,749 | \$ | (465) | \$ | 27,284 | \$ | 16,282 | \$ | 109,391 | \$ | 4,046 | | | |

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Statement of Activities For the year ended December 31, 2009 (amounts expressed in thousands)

| (amounts expressed in thousands) | | | | PR | OGR | AM REVEN | UES | <u> </u> | | NET | (EXPE | NSE) REV | ENU | E and CHAN | IGES | IN NET ASSE | TS | _ | |
|---|---|--|---|---|--|--|-------|--|----|--|--------|--|-----|--|------|---|-----------------------------------|------|--|
| | | | | | | | | | | PRIM | IARY G | OVERNM | ENT | | | сом | PONENT U | NITS | _ |
| <u>Functions/Programs</u> Primary government: | <u>Expenses</u> | | | arges for Gervices | G | Operating Grants and <u>Contributions</u> | | Capital Grants and Contributions | | Governmental I Activities | | ss-Type <u>vities</u> | | <u>Total</u> | | Library | ECMCC | | Other |
| Governmental activities: General government Public safety Health Transportation Economic assistance and opportunity Culture and recreation Education Home and community service Interest and fiscal charges Total governmental activities | \$ | 420,026 122,888 89,927 62,673 567,035 23,754 70,716 48,628 39,511 1,445,158 | · | 25,057 5,971 3,950 29,657 6,032 95 11,986 | \$ | 21,368 9,140 73,279 7,474 301,640 1,031 39,591 11,990 3,280 468,793 | \$ | 584 11,152 546 12,282 | \$ | (373,017) (107,777) (12,698) (44,047) (235,738) (16,691) (30,484) (24,652) (36,231) (881,335) | \$ | | \$ | (373,017) (107,777) (12,698) (44,047) (235,738) (16,691) (30,484) (24,652) (36,231) (881,335) | \$ | \$ | | \$ | |
| Business-type activities: Community College (August 31, 2009) Purchase and resale of utilities Total business-type activities Total primary government | \$ | 123,988 27,490 151,478 1,596,636 | \$ | 30,863 27,434 58,297 141,045 | \$ | 6,790 6,790 475,583 | \$ | 0 12,282 | | (881,335) | | (86,335) (56) (86,391) (86,391) | | (86,335) (56) (86,391) (967,726) | | | | | |
| Component unit: Library ECMCC Other component units | \$ | 30,085 434,338 8,554 | · | 1,027 356,640 3,099 | | 3,592 919 920 | | 717 | | | | | | | | (25,466) | (76,06 | | (4,535) |
| Total component units | Pri Sa Tri Ur Fe Int Un Mis Ga Transfers | operty taxes le operty taxes le operty taxes le les and use ta ansfer taxes restricted stat deral and staterest earnings restricted inte scellaneous in on sale of control general | evied for evied for exes e and le stude in not rerest earcharter earcharter erevenu | or library local approjent financia estricted to samings assets | ver, ar priatio I aid specifi | ns c programs | ourpo | 717 oses | | 251,224 646,893 8,553 1,592 7,896 732 (17,221) 899,669 18,334 | | 34,049 29,206 298 17,221 80,774 (5,617) | | 251,224 646,893 8,553 34,049 29,206 1,890 7,896 732 980,443 12,717 | | (25,466) 22,172 22 728 22,922 (2,544) | 10,08 55,42 65,50 (10,55 | 5 | (4,535) (174) (4,709) (4,709) |
| | | s - beginning s (Deficit) - en | ding | | | | | | \$ | 9,415 | \$ | 5,152 (465) | \$ | 14,567 27,284 | \$ | 18,826 16,282 \$ | 119,94 109,39 | | 8,755 4,046 |

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2009 (amounts expressed in thousands)

| | | General | | ECFSA General | Gc | Other overnmental Funds | Go | Total overnmental Funds |
|---|----------|--|-----|---------------------------------------|-----|---|-----|--|
| Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables (net of allowances) | \$ | 23,667 | \$ | 650 | \$ | 132,638 20,755 | \$ | 156,955 20,755 |
| Real property taxes, interest, penalties and liens Other Due from other funds Due from component unit Due from other governments Prepaid items Loan receivable Total assets | | 65,786 5,939 72,202 2,153 144,662 192 1,550 316,151 | -\$ | 4,294 168,535 43,106 216,585 | -\$ | 1,553 28,443 7,212 10 33,036 1,611 | -\$ | 67,339 38,676 247,949 2,163 220,804 1,803 1,550 757,994 |
| rotal assets | <u> </u> | 310,131 | Ψ | 210,505 | Ψ | 223,230 | Ψ | 101,994 |
| Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to component unit Due to other governments Retained percentages payable | \$ | 12,389 57,547 65,000 1,427 22,773 | \$ | 14 41 47,501 | \$ | 13,862 8,974 133,001 932 1,281 | \$ | 26,265 66,562 245,502 1,427 23,705 1,290 |
| Unearned revenue Deferred revenue Short-term debt | | 11,640 43,528 | | 167,480 | | 30,536 3 1,941 | | 42,176 43,531 169,421 |
| Total liabilities | | 214,313 | | 215,036 | | 190,530 | | 619,879 |
| Fund Balances Reserved for: Encumbrances Debt service | | 4,722 | | | | 51,926 32,948 | | 56,648 32,948 |
| Loan receivable Prepaid items E-911 system costs | | 1,550 192 | | | | 1,611 1,287 | | 1,550 1,803 1,287 |
| Handicapped parking Law enforcement Unreserved, reported in: General fund | | 90 204 | | | | ,,, | | 90 204 |
| Designated Undesignated Special revenue funds | | 21,035 74,045 | | | | | | 21,035 74,045 |
| Designated Undesignated Capital projects fund | | | | 1,549 | | 5,517 10,656 | | 5,517 12,205 |
| Designated Undesignated (Deficit) | | | | | | 663 (69,880) | | 663 (69,880) |
| Total fund balances | | 101,838 | | 1,549 | | 34,728 | | 138,115 |
| Total liabilities and fund balances | \$ | 316,151 | \$ | 216,585 | \$ | 225,258 | \$ | 757,994 |

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet
To the Statement of Net Assets
December 31, 2009
(amounts expressed in thousands)

| | | | vernmental |
|---|---|----|---------------------|
| Total Governmental Fund Balances | | \$ | 138,115 |
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: | | | |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. | | | 790,368 |
| Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. | | | 43,531 |
| ECFSA interest receivable is recognized when earned in the government-wick statements, but in the fund financial statements, income is accrued only if it vereceived within sixty days of year-end. | | | 839 |
| Costs associated with the issuance of bonds are capitalized in the statement of net assets and are expensed in the governmental funds in the year the bonds are issued. | | | 4,055 |
| Due to a component unit was deemed to be not due and payable in the current period and therefore not reported in the funds. | | | (1,048) |
| Certain current liabilities and long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. | | | |
| Accrued bond interest Compensated absences Retirement Judgments and claims Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) Unamortized bond premium Bonds payable | \$ (21,957) (23,654) (9,570) (55,020) (130,466) (17,552) (689,892) | | (948,111) 27,749 |
| Net assets of governmental activities | | Ψ | £1,170 |

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the year ended December 31, 2009 (amounts expressed in thousands)

| | | General | | ECFSA General | _ | Other Governmental Funds | | Total Governmental Funds |
|-------------------------------------|----|-----------|----|------------------|----|--------------------------------|----|--------------------------------|
| Revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Real property taxes and tax items | \$ | 212,203 | \$ | | \$ | 32,018 | \$ | 244,221 |
| Sales and use taxes | | 280,957 | | 362,705 | | 3,625 | | 647,287 |
| Transfer taxes | | | | | | 8,553 | | 8,553 |
| Intergovernmental | | 388,825 | | 5,968 | | 86,274 | | 481,067 |
| Interfund revenues | | 282 | | | | 144 | | 426 |
| Departmental | | 67,419 | | | | 13,199 | | 80,618 |
| Interest | | 1,526 | | 66 | | 1,339 | | 2,931 |
| Miscellaneous | | 6,321 | | | | 878 | | 7,199 |
| Total revenues | | 957,533 | _ | 368,739 | _ | 146,030 | - | 1,472,302 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | |
| General government support | | 340,749 | | 493 | | 6,925 | | 348,167 |
| Public safety | | 107,693 | | | | 13,652 | | 121,345 |
| Health | | 74,867 | | | | 14,024 | | 88,891 |
| Transportation | | 20,378 | | | | 22,171 | | 42,549 |
| Economic assistance and opportunity | | 548,280 | | | | 18,384 | | 566,664 |
| Culture and recreation | | 21,383 | | | | 6 | | 21,389 |
| Education | | 68,971 | | | | 72 | | 69,043 |
| Home and community service | | 2,461 | | | | 39,688 | | 42,149 |
| Capital outlay | | | | | | 59,507 | | 59,507 |
| Debt service: | | | | | | | | |
| Principal retirement | | | | | | 50,214 | | 50,214 |
| Interest and fiscal charges | | 1,682 | | 394 | | 34,511 | | 36,587 |
| Total expenditures | | 1,186,464 | | 887 | _ | 259,154 | - | 1,446,505 |
| (Deficiency) excess of revenues | 3 | | | | | | | |
| over expenditures | | (228,931) | | 367,852 | | (113,124) | | 25,797 |

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the year ended December 31, 2009
(amounts expressed in thousands)

| | General | ECFSA General | Other Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Eunds |
|--------------------------------------|------------|------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Other financing sources (uses) : | | | | |
| Issuance of general obligation debt | | | 3,232 | 3,232 |
| Premium on BAN issuance | | 1,449 | 0 | 1,449 |
| Sale of property | 742 | | 0 | 742 |
| Transfers in | 363,745 | | 91,424 | 455,169 |
| Transfers out | (91,909) | (368,151) | (12,330) | (472,390) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 272,578 | (366,702) | 82,326 | (11,798) |
| Net change in fund balances | 43,647 | 1,150 | (30,798) | 13,999 |
| Fund balances at beginning of year | 58,191 | 399_ | 65,526 | 124,116 |
| Fund balances at end of year | \$101,838_ | \$1,549_ | \$34,728 | \$138,115 |

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
To the Statement of Activities
For the year ended December 31, 2009
(amounts expressed in thousands)

| | | | | | Governmental Activities | |
|--|----|------------------------------|----|--|----------------------------|----------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: | | | | | | |
| Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds | | | | | \$ | 13,999 |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and depreciated. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period | | | | | | |
| Capital outlays, net of disposals of \$1,046 Depreciation | | | \$ | 60,019 (49,667) | | |
| Net adjustment | | | | (43,001) | | 10,352 |
| Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are reported as deferred revenue in the funds. | | | | | | |
| Real property taxes Deferred revenue-miscellaneous Total adjustment | \$ | 7,003 (869) | | | | 6,134 |
| Revenues of the ECFSA in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. | | | | | | 839 |
| Bond proceeds are reported as financing sources in the governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net assets, however, issuing debt increases long-term debt and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds and thus contributes to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net assets, however, payment of debt reduces the long-term debt liability and does not affect the statement of activities. | | | | | | |
| Principal retirement Long-term Bond Anticipation Notes Amortization of fiscal charges Total repayments Net adjustment | | 50,214 (3,232) (1,185) | | 45,797 | | 45,797 |
| Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. | | | | | | , |
| Due to component unit Interest on bonds Compensated absences Retirement Judgments and claims (Long term change only) | | | | 403 (3,188) (511) 1,605 (13,945) | | |
| Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) Net adjustment | | - | | (43,151) | | (58,787) |
| Change in net assets of governmental activities | | | | _ | \$ | 18,334 |

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK
General Fund
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis of Accounting)
For the year ended December 31, 2009
(amounts expressed in thousands)

| | _ | Original Budget | <u></u> | Final Budget | _ | Budgetary Actual | _ | Variance Final Budget- Positive (Negative) |
|---|-----------------|--------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|------------|---------------------|----|---|
| Revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Real property taxes and tax items | \$ | 210,407 | \$ | 210,388 | \$ | 212,203 | \$ | 1,815 |
| Sales and use taxes | | 665,773 | | 276,018 | | 280,957 | | 4,939 |
| Intergovernmental | | 349,995 | | 403,757 | | 388,825 | | (14,932) |
| Interfund revenue | | 275 67,094 | | 275 71,577 | | 282 67,419 | | 7 |
| Departmental Interest | | 67,094 3,242 | | 2,340 | | 67,419 1,526 | | (4,158) (814) |
| Miscellaneous | | 1,289 | | 2,3 4 0 1,321 | | 6,321 | | 5,000 |
| | _ | | | | - | | - | |
| Total revenues | | 1,298,075 | _ | 965,676 | _ | 957,533 | - | (8,143) |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | 24424 | | 40.050 |
| General government support | | 363,408 | | 353,293 | | 341,040 | | 12,253 |
| Public safety | | 113,894 | | 112,121 | | 107,476 | | 4,645 |
| Health | | 70,429 | | 79,982 20,384 | | 73,592 20,378 | | 6,390 6 |
| Transportation Economic assistance and opportunity | | 20,959 543,142 | | 20,364 563,052 | | 20,376 547,751 | | 15.301 |
| Culture and recreation | | 20,266 | | 23,497 | | 21,484 | | 2,013 |
| Education | | 71,510 | | 72.212 | | 68,971 | | 3,241 |
| Home and community service | | 2,775 | | 2,682 | | 2,465 | | 217 |
| Debt service: | | 2,170 | | 2,002 | | 2, 100 | | 217 |
| Interest and fiscal charges | | 3,308 | | 2,071 | | 1,682 | | 389 |
| Total expenditures | | 1,209,691 | | 1,229,294 | | 1,184,839 | _ | 44,455 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | | 88,384 | | (263,618) | _ | (227,306) | - | 36,312 |
| Excess (dendency) of revenues over experiences | | | _ | (200,010) | | (221,000) | _ | |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | * | | | | | | |
| Sale of property | | 150 | | 558 | | 742 | | 184 |
| Transfers in | | | | 362,183 | | 363,745 | | 1,562 |
| Transfers out | | (88,534) | | (103,685) | _ | (91,909) | _ | 11,776 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | _ | (88,384) | _ | 259,056 | _ | 272,578 | _ | 13,522 |
| (Deficiency) excess of revenue and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses | \$ | . 0 | \$ | (4,562) | \$ | 45,272 | \$ | 49,834 |
| manana asaa | ⁻ == | | ⁷ = | (-1-37 | <i>'</i> = | | - | , |

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds December 31, 2009 (amounts expressed in thousands)

| | Business - Type Activities Enterprise Funds | | | | |
|---|--|-------------|------|------------------------|--------------|
| | Major Fund Community College | | | onmajor Fund | |
| | | | Agg | Itilities gregation | T-(-) |
| | Augu | st 31, 2009 | Fund | | Total |
| Assets | | | | | |
| Current Assets | | | | | |
| Cash | \$ | 31,187 | \$ | 529 | \$ 31,716 |
| Receivables (net of allowances) | | 5,328 | | 707 | 6,035 |
| Due from other funds | | 1,897 | | 527 | 2,424 |
| Due from component unit | | | | 1,563 | 1,563 |
| Due from other governments | | | | 1,867 | 1,867 |
| Total current assets | | 38,412 | | 5,193 | 43,605 |
| Noncurrent Assets | | | | | |
| Capital assets, net of depreciation | | | | | |
| Construction in progress | | 931 | | | 931 |
| Other capital assets, net of depreciation | | 11,697 | | | 11,697 |
| 77.1.1 | | 10.000 | | | |
| Total noncurrent assets | | 12,628 | | 0 | 12,628 |
| Total assets | | 51,040 | | 5,193 | 56,233 |
| Liabilities | | | | | |
| Current Liabilities: | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | | 1,431 | | 2,749 | 4,180 |
| Accrued liabilities | • | 3,708 | | 165 | 3,873 |
| Due to other funds | | 1,977 | | | 1,977 |
| Fringe benefits payable - current | | 2,023 | | | 2,023 |
| Deferred revenue | | 11,191 | | | 11,191 |
| Total current liabilities | | 20,330 | | 2,914 | 23,244 |
| | | | | | |
| Noncurrent Liabilities: | | 4.045 | | | 4.045 |
| Fringe benefits payable | | 4,245 | | | 4,245 |
| Net OPEB obligation | | 29,209 | | | 29,209 |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | | 33,454 | | 0 | 33,454 |
| Total liabilities | | 53,784 | | 2,914 | 56,698 |
| Net Assets (Deficit) | | | | | |
| Invested in capital assets | | 12,628 | | | 12,628 |
| Unrestricted (Deficit), reported in: | | 12,020 | | | 12,020 |
| Community College | | (15,372) | | | (15,372) |
| Nonmajor Fund | | (10,072) | | 2,279 | 2,279 |
| | | | | | |
| Total net assets (Deficit) | \$ | (2,744) | | 2,279 | (465) |

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds For the year ended December 31, 2009 (amounts expressed in thousands)

| | Business - Type Activities Enterprise Funds | | | | | |
|---|--|---------------------|----------------------------------|------|----|----------|
| | Major Fund | | Nonmajo Fund | r | | |
| | (| ommunity College | Utilities Aggregation Fund | on | | Total |
| Operating Revenues: | Augu | st 31, 2009 | Fullo | | | TOTAL |
| Student tuition and fees | \$ | 29,372 | \$ | | \$ | 29,372 |
| Intergovernmental revenues and charges | | 3,018 | | | | 3,018 |
| State and local contracts | | 3,772 | | | | 3,772 |
| Interfund revenues | | | , | 024 | | 8,024 |
| Other operating revenue | | 1,491 | 19,4 | | | 20,901 |
| Total operating revenue | | 37,653 | 27,4 | 134_ | W | 65,087 |
| Operating Expenses: | | | | | | |
| Employee wages | | 59,185 | | 48 | | 59,233 |
| Employee benefits | | 33,343 | | 16 | | 33,359 |
| Scholarships | | 12,446 | | | | 12,446 |
| Supplies | | 15,142 | | | | 15,142 |
| Utilities and telephone | | 2,383 | 27,4 | 126 | | 29,809 |
| Depreciation | | 1,466 | | | | 1,466 |
| Total operating expenses | | 123,965 | 27,4 | 190 | | 151,455 |
| Operating loss | | (86,312) | • | (56) | | (86,368) |
| Nonoperating revenues (expenses): | | | | | | |
| Unrestricted state and local appropriations | | 34,049 | | | | 34,049 |
| Federal and state student financial aid | | 29,206 | | | | 29,206 |
| Income from investments | | 298 | | | | 298 |
| Loss on disposal of plant assets | | (23) | | | | (23) |
| Loss before transfers | | (22,782) | (| (56) | | (22,838) |
| Transfers in | | 17,221_ | | | | 17,221 |
| Change in net assets | | (5,561) | (| (56) | | (5,617) |
| Total net assets - beginning | | 2,817 | 2,3 | 35 | | 5,152 |
| Total net assets (Deficit) - ending | \$ | (2,744) | \$ 2,2 | 279 | \$ | (465) |

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the year ended December 31, 2009 (amounts expressed in thousands)

| (amounts expressed in thousands) | Business - Type Activities Enterprise Funds | | | | | |
|---|--|---|----|----------------------------------|----|----------------|
| | Major Fund | | | onmajor Fund | | |
| | (| Community College August 31, 2009 | | Utilities Aggregation Fund | | Total Funds |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | | | | | |
| Receipts from students and utility customers | \$ | 28,398 | \$ | 23,626 | \$ | 52,024 |
| Payments to employees for services | | (79,477) | | (64) | | (79,541) |
| Payments to suppliers for goods and services | | (17, 165) | | (29,624) | | (46,789) |
| Payments for scholarships | | (12,446) | | | | (12,446) |
| Federal, state and local grants | | 5,817 | | | | 5,817 |
| Internal activity - payments from other funds | | | | 7,999 | | 7,999 |
| Other operating revenues | | 1,172 | | | | 1,172 |
| Net cash (used in) provided by | | | | | | |
| operating activities | | (73,701) | | 1,937 | | (71,764) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | | | | | |
| County contribution | | 17,221 | | | | 17,221 |
| State appropriations | | 32,953 | | | | 32,953 |
| Municipal chargebacks | | 769 | | | | 769 |
| Federal and state student financial aid grants | | 29,851 | | | | 29,851 |
| Advances to other funds | | | | (1,408) | | (1,408) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital | | | | | | |
| financing activities | | 80,794 | | (1,408) | | 79,386 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | | | | | |
| Purchase of capital assets | • | (2,976) | | | | (2,976) |
| Net cash used in capital | | | | | | |
| financing activities | | (2,976) | | 0 | | (2,976) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | | | | | | |
| Interest received | | 298 | | | | 298 |
| Net cash provided by investing activities | | 298 | | 0 | | 298 |
| NET INCREASE IN CASH | | 4,415 | | 529 | | 4,944 |
| Cash, beginning of year | | 26,772 | | | | 26,772 |
| Cash, end of year | \$ | 31,187 | \$ | 529 | \$ | 31,716 |
| | | | | | | |

(Continued)

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the year ended December 31, 2009 (amounts expressed in thousands)

| | Business - Type Activities Enterprise Funds | | | | |
|--|--|----------|---|---------|--------------------|
| | Major Fund Community College August 31, 2009 | | Fund Fund Community Utilities College Aggregation | | |
| | | | | | Total Funds |
| Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash | | | | | |
| used by operating activities | | | | | |
| Operating loss | \$ | (86,312) | \$ | (56) | \$ (86,368) |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) income to net cash | | | | | |
| used by operating activities: | | | | | |
| Depreciation expense | | 1,466 | | | 1,466 |
| Increase (Decrease) in assets: | | | | | |
| Receivables, net | | (1,016) | | 228 | (788) |
| Due from other funds | | (73) | | 218 | 145 |
| Due from component unit | | | | 2,538 | 2,538 |
| Due from other governments | | | | 1,053 | 1,053 |
| Accounts and other payables | | 456 | | (2,204) | (1,748) |
| Due to other funds | | (96) | | | (96) |
| Accrued expenses | | (446) | | 160 | (286) |
| Deferred revenue | | (730) | | | (730) |
| Other long-term liabilities | | 13,050 | | | 13,050 |
| Net cash (used in) provided by | | | | | |
| operating activities | \$ | (73,701) | \$ | 1,937 | \$ (71,764) |

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Fund December 31, 2009 (amounts expressed in thousands)

| | Agency Fund | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|--------|
| Assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 30,131 |
| Receivables: | | |
| Due from other governments | | |
| Other receivables | | 945 |
| Bonds and securities held in custody | | 167 |
| Total assets | \$ | 31,243 |
| Liabilities | | |
| Held in custody for others | \$ | 31,243 |
| Total liabilities | \$ | 31,243 |

I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the County of Erie, New York (the "County") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to government units. The more significant of the County's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The County was established in 1821. Subject to the New York State Constitution, the County operates pursuant to its Charter and Administrative Code (the "Charter"), as well as various local laws. Additionally, certain New York State laws govern the County to the extent that such laws are applicable to counties operating under a charter form of government. The Charter was enacted by local law and approved by the electorate at a general election held in November 1959. The Administrative Code was enacted into local law in 1961. The County Legislature is the legislative body responsible for overall operations, the County Executive serves as chief executive officer, and the County Comptroller serves as chief fiscal, accounting, reporting and auditing officer.

The County provides mandated social service programs such as Medicaid, Temporary Assistance for Needy Families and Safety Net. The County also provides services and facilities in the areas of culture, recreation, police, libraries, youth, health, senior services, roads, and sanitary sewerage. These general governmental programs and services are financed by various taxes, state and federal aid, and departmental revenue (which are primarily comprised of service fees and various types of program-related charges). Additionally, the County operates a community college.

The financial reporting entity includes the County (the primary government) and its significant component units. A component unit is either a legally separate organization for which the elected officials of a primary government are financially accountable, or another organization for which the nature and significance of its relationship with a primary government is such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

Financial data of the County's component units that are not part of the primary government is reported in the component units columns in the government-wide financial statements, to emphasize that these component units are legally separate from the County. The aggregate presented component units are not simply an extension of the primary government (i.e., they have a substantially different governing body, and their services are provided to the general public). They include the following:

The Buffalo and Erie County Public Library (the "Library"), formed through a consolidation of several public and private libraries, was established by the County and chartered by the State University Board of Regents in 1953. It is a separate and distinct legal corporation that receives an annual budgetary contribution from the County. Library operations are governed by a board of trustees who are appointed by the County Legislature. Bonds and notes for Library capital costs are issued by the County and are County debt. Title to real and personal-property acquired with County funds vests with the County. The Library is included as a component unit of the County in the financial statements, based on the fact that it is a legally separate entity for which the County is financially accountable. The Library does not issue separate financial statements.

I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A. <u>Financial Reporting Entity</u> (Continued)

Erie County Medical Center Corporation ("ECMCC") is a public benefit corporation created in 2003 for the purpose of acquiring and operating the health facilities of the County. Effective January 1, 2004 (the "Transfer Date"), a transaction was executed which transferred ownership of the capital assets, equipment, inventories and certain other assets to ECMCC in exchange for a payment of \$85 million from ECMCC to the County. Concurrent with the transaction, \$101,375,000 of ECMCC bonds were issued, which are guaranteed by the County. Pursuant to consent decrees entered into between the County and ECMCC, the County is committed to providing ongoing operating and capital support to ECMCC. The following component units are included within ECMCC:

Research for Health in Eric County, Inc. - Research for Health in Eric County, Inc. ("RHEC") is a nonprofit organization dedicated to developing and increasing the facilities of the public health institutions, agencies, and departments of the County. Additionally, RHEC is committed to provide more extensive conduct of studies and research into the causes, nature, and treatment of diseases, disorders, and defects of particular importance to the public health. RHEC's support comes primarily from various grants from federal, state, and other agencies. The financial statements of RHEC have been prepared on an accrual basis. The annual financial report can be obtained by writing Grant Administration, Research for Health in Eric County, Inc., 462 Grider Street, Buffalo, NY 14215.

<u>ECMC Lifeline Foundation, Inc.</u> ECMC Lifeline Foundation, Inc. (the "Foundation") is a nonprofit organization exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Foundation was formed for the purpose of supporting hospital programs generated both by the Foundation and the Erie County Medical Center. The annual financial report can be obtained by writing Director, ECMC Lifeline Foundation, Inc., 462 Grider Street, Buffalo, NY 14215.

ECMCC is considered to be a component unit of the County and is discretely presented based on the fact that it is a legally separate entity for which the County is financially accountable. Separate financial statements for ECMCC can be obtained from ECMCC, 462 Grider St, Buffalo, New York 14215.

I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A. <u>Financial Reporting Entity</u> (Continued)

Other Component Units:

The <u>Auxiliary Services Corporation of Erie Community College, Inc.</u> (the "ECC Auxiliary Corporation"), and the <u>Erie Community College Foundation, Inc.</u> (the "ECC Foundation") are both included as discretely presented component units of the County in the financial statements, based on the fact that they are legally separate entities for which the College and County are financially accountable. They receive or hold economic resources that are significant to and can be accessed by the College that are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of its constituents (students).

The purpose of the ECC Auxiliary Corporation, a New York non-profit corporation, is to promote and cultivate educational and social relations through the operation of bookstores, on-campus dining services, vending facilities, childcare, and student centers for the convenience of the students, faculty and staff of the Erie Community College (the "College"). The ECC Auxiliary Corporation is funded through sales of merchandise and food, Federal and State grants, and other fees. Separate financial statements can be obtained from the Auxiliary Services Corporation of Erie Community College, Inc., Executive Director, 6205 Main Street, Williamsville, NY 14221.

The ECC Foundation is a New York State nonprofit corporation established to support the College. Its purpose is to raise, receive, and administer all private gifts and program services for the College, its programs and its students. Separate financial statements can be obtained from Erie Community College Foundation, Inc., Executive Director, 4196 Abbott Road, Orchard Park, NY 14127.

<u>The Buffalo and Erie County Industrial Land Development Corporation, Inc.</u>, ("ILDC") is a legally separate entity of which the County, acting by and through the County Executive, is the sole member. It is discretely presented in the County's financial statements because the County is financially accountable for it.

A voting majority of the board members are appointed by, and can be removed at will by, the County. The ILDC is managed by the board.

In 2009, ILDC by—laws and organizing documents were changed and specific activities first became under the direct governance of Erie County. These changes allow the ILDC to provide tax-exempt financing to not-for-profit organizations. Such debt of the ILDC can never be the debt of Erie County or any political subdivision thereof and can only be paid out of specific revenues and receipts of the ILDC. The ILDC provides no services to the County. Separate financial statements can be obtained from Buffalo Erie County Industrial Land Development Corporation Inc., Chief Operating Officer, 275 Oak Street, Buffalo, NY 14203.

I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A. <u>Financial Reporting Entity</u> (Continued)

2. BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS

Erie County Fiscal Stability Authority ("ECFSA") is included as a blended component unit of the County's primary government pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units", because exclusion would be misleading. It acts as a temporary financial intermediary to the County and is authorized to act as an oversight authority to the County under certain circumstances. It reports using the governmental model and its general fund is reported as part of the County's special revenue funds.

The ECFSA is a corporate governmental agency and instrumentality of the State of New York (the "State") constituting a public benefit corporation created by the Erie County Fiscal Stability Authority Act, Chapter 182 of the Laws of 2005, as supplemented by Chapter 183 of the Laws of 2005 (the "Act"). The Act became effective July 12, 2005.

The ECFSA is governed by seven directors, each appointed by the Governor, including one each appointed upon the recommendation of the Majority Leader of the State Senate, the Speaker of the Assembly and the State Comptroller. The Governor also designates the chairperson and vice-chairperson from among the directors.

The ECFSA has power under the Act to monitor and oversee the finances of Erie County, and upon declaration of a "Control Period" as defined in the Act, additional oversight authority. The ECFSA is also empowered to issue its bonds and notes for various County purposes, defined in the Act as "Financeable Costs."

On November 3, 2006, the Authority imposed a control period (for the remainder of the 2006 fiscal year, and that remains in effect until rescinded) on the County in accordance with Section 3595(1)(e) of New York Public Authorities Law through resolution 06-49. The resolution empowered the ECFSA to operate with its maximum authorized compliment of control and oversight powers over County finances. During the control period all County contracts of \$50,000 or more and filling of any positions are subject to ECFSA approval and ECFSA has the power to approve or reject all proposed County borrowings and the County may not borrow without formal ECFSA approval. In addition, the ECFSA has the right to freeze wages, although it has not elected to exercise that right. On June 2, 2009, the ECFSA revoked the control period and reverted to an advisory status with limited control and oversight powers over County finances.

I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

Revenues of the ECFSA consist of sales tax revenues, defined as net collections from sales and compensating use taxes, penalties and interest authorized by the State and imposed by the County on the sales and use of tangible personal property and services in the County ("Sales Tax Revenues"), and investment earnings on money and investments on deposit in various ECFSA accounts. Sales Tax Revenues collected by the State Comptroller for transfer to the ECFSA are not subject to appropriation by the State or County. Revenues of the ECFSA that are not required to pay debt service, operating expenses and other costs of the ECFSA are payable to the County as frequently as practicable. Separate financial statements for ECFSA can be obtained from the Erie County Fiscal Stability Authority, 295 Main Street, Room 946, Buffalo, New York, 14203.

<u>Erie Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation</u> ("ETASC") is a special purpose local development corporation organized under the Not-for-Profit Corporation Law of the State of New York and is an instrumentality of, but separate and apart from the County. Although legally separate and independent of Erie County, ETASC is considered an affiliated organization under GASB Statement No. 39 and reported as a component unit of the County for financial reporting purposes and, accordingly, is included in the County's financial statements. Separate financial statements for ETASC can be obtained from the Erie Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation, Treasurer, 95 Franklin Street, Room 1600, Buffalo, New York, 14202.

Erie Tax Certificate Corporation ("ETCC") is a special purpose local development corporation organized under the Not-for-Profit Corporation Law of the State of New York and is an instrumentality of, but separate and apart from the County. Although legally separate and independent of Erie County, ETCC is considered an affiliated organization under GASB Statement No. 39 and reported as a component unit of the County for County financial reporting purposes because it provides services entirely to the County and, accordingly, is included in the County's financial statements. Separate financial statements for ETCC can be obtained from the Erie Tax Certificate Corporation, President, 95 Franklin Street, Room 100, Buffalo, New York 14202.

I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A. Financial Reporting Entity (Concluded)

3. RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

County elected officials nominate and confirm the three-member board of the Erie County Water Authority, and also appoint a voting majority of the board of the Buffalo Convention Center Management Corporation. The County's accountability for these legally separate organizations does not extend beyond making the board appointments. Specifically, the County cannot impose its will on any of these organizations. In addition, in the case of the Water Authority, no financial operating assistance is provided to, nor is the County liable for, any debt issued by this public benefit corporation. In regard to the not-for-profit Buffalo Convention Center Management Corporation ("Corporation"), the entity and the County are parties to an exchange transaction under which the Corporation is responsible for operating and managing the area's convention center. These related organizations are not component units of the County and do not meet the basic criteria for inclusion in the County reporting entity.

4. JOINT VENTURE

The County is a participant in the Western Regional Off-Track Betting Corporation ("OTB"), a public benefit corporation established under New York State Racing, Pari-Mutuel Wagering and Breeding Law. The OTB conducts within the region a system of off-track pari-mutuel betting on horse races, and distributes net revenues to the participants in accordance with a predetermined formula. Separate financial data for this joint venture has been excluded from the financial statements, consistent with GAAP. Additional information about this joint venture is presented in Note XVII.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Some amounts reported as interfund activity have been eliminated from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Concluded)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Measurement focus is the determination of what is expressed in reporting an entity's financial performance and position, (i.e., expenditures or expenses). A particular measurement focus is accomplished both by considering what resources will be measured and the basis of accounting.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues, expenditures/expenses, and the related assets and liabilities are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus.

Accrual Basis – Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Modified Accrual Basis – Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues from federal, state, or other grants designated for specific County expenditure are recognized when the related expenditures are incurred.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due and expenditures for inventory-type items and for prepayments (except retirement) are recognized at the time of the disbursements.

I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met and are measurable.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Property taxes, sales and use taxes, state and federal aid and various grant program revenues associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – the principal operating fund that includes all operations not required to be recorded in other funds.

<u>ECFSA General Fund</u> – used to account for all of the operations of the ECFSA, included as a blended component unit. This fund accounts for sales tax revenues received by ECFSA and for general operating expenditures of ECFSA.

The County reports the following major proprietary fund:

<u>Community College</u> – resources received and used for community college purposes are accounted for through the College. The College is not a legally separate entity from the County. A fiscal year ending August 31 is mandated by New York State law for the College.

The College does not account for capital projects, certain capital assets or certain indebtedness; these are direct functions of the County and are reported within the governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

Additional information as excerpted from the College's financial statements is as follows:

The County Executive and the County Legislature approve the College annual budget, with the County providing funding for one-half and approximately one-fifth of capital and operating costs, respectively.

I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Concluded)

Equipment of the College has been included in the business-type activity column in the statement of net assets. This equipment is recorded at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are stated at estimated fair value as of the date received.

Additionally, the County reports the following fiduciary fund type that is used to account for assets held by the County in a custodial capacity:

Agency Fund – used to account for money and property received and held in the capacity of custodian or agent. The Agency Fund is custodial in nature and does not involve measurement of results of operations. Agency funds, such as payroll withholdings, are reported as liabilities.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of GASB. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The County has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are interfund services provided and used such as Utilities Aggregation Fund billings to other funds. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions. General revenues are those that cannot be associated directly with program activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Deposits and Investments

All highly liquid investments with an original maturity date of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments are stated at fair value.

I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. <u>Prepaid Items</u>

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

F. Capital Assets

All capital assets which are acquired or constructed for general governmental purposes are reported as expenditures in the fund that finances the asset acquisition and are accounted for and reported in the government-wide financial statements, as capital assets, if they meet the County's capitalization criteria. These statements also contain the County's infrastructure elements that are required to be capitalized under GAAP. Infrastructure assets include public domain assets such as roads, bridges, and sewer systems. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Equipment with an initial individual cost equal to or greater than \$10,000 and an estimated useful life of three or more years is capitalized. All purchases of library books are capitalized because there is no minimum capitalization threshold. Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component unit, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

| Description | Estimated Lives |
|----------------------------|-----------------|
| Improvements Other | |
| Than Buildings | 5 - 25 years |
| Buildings and Improvements | 15 - 40 years |
| Infrastructure | 20 - 100 years |
| Library Collections | 5 - 10 years |
| | |

The Buffalo and Erie County Public Library has a rare book collection that is classified as a Work of Art and Historical Treasure for financial reporting purposes. This collection is deemed an inexhaustible asset, and therefore, is not depreciated.

When capital assets are retired, or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is reflected in income for the period in the government-wide statements. Amortization of capital leases is computed using the straight-line method over the lease term or the estimated useful lives of the assets, whichever is shorter. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred; significant renewals and betterments are capitalized.

G. Property Tax Revenue Recognition

The County-wide property tax is levied by the County Legislature effective January 1 of the year the taxes are recognizable as revenue. Taxes become a lien on the related property on January 1 of the year for which they are levied. Accordingly, property tax is only recognized as revenue in the year for which the levy is made, and to the extent that such taxes are received within the reporting period or 60 days thereafter in the fund financial statements.

I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

G. Property Tax Revenue Recognition (Concluded)

Delinquent property taxes not collected at year-end (excluding collections in the 60-day subsequent period) are recorded as deferred revenue in the fund financial statements. The portion of delinquent property taxes for prior years estimated to be uncollectible at December 31, 2009, amounted to \$9,510,071. This amount has been recorded as an allowance against the property taxes receivable account.

H. Compensated Absences

Most employees are granted vacation, personal, and sick leave and earn compensatory time in varying amounts. When they leave service, employees are entitled to payment for accumulated vacation and unused compensatory time at various rates subject to certain maximum limitations. In addition, depending on the applicable collective bargaining agreement, and the specific plan in which the retiree is enrolled, retirees may be eligible to have group health and dental insurance premiums fully paid minimally for a defined period based on their available sick leave credits, or to receive a direct cash payment for a portion of such unused sick time.

Compensated absences for governmental fund type employees are reported as a liability and expenditure in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental funds recognize the expense when paid. For proprietary fund type employees, the accumulation is recorded as an accrued liability and/or other long-term obligation of the proprietary fund type.

The compensated absences liability for the primary government at year-end totaled \$27,855,951, with \$23,654,097 reported within governmental activities and \$4,201,854 reported within business-type activities.

The Library component unit compensated absences liability of \$1,768,356 is recorded in full in the government-wide financial statements. The ECMCC component unit compensated absences liability of \$8,600,000 is recorded in full in the statement of net assets as an accrued liability.

Payment of compensated absences recorded in the government-wide financial statements is dependent upon many factors; therefore, timing of future payment is not readily determinable. However, management believes that sufficient resources will be made available for the payment of compensated absences when such payments become due.

I. <u>Insurance</u>

The County assumes the liability for most risk including, but not limited to, property damage, personal injury liability, medical malpractice, and workers' compensation. Asserted and incurred but not reported claims and judgments are recorded when it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. Such recording is consistent with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues* ("GASB 10"). Governmental fund type estimated current contingent loss liabilities for property damage, personal injury liability, medical malpractice, and workers' compensation are reported within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

I. <u>Insurance</u> (Concluded)

Loss contingency liabilities arising from operations of the College are recorded in accordance with GASB 10 by the County and are reported in full within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and in the General Fund when payment is due. They are only recognized as a College liability when invoiced from the County.

J. Pensions

Nearly all County employees are members of various New York State retirement systems. The County is invoiced annually by the systems for its share of the costs.

K. Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include the following items: cash on hand; cash in checking and time accounts; and certain short-term items maturing three months or less from the date acquired, as permitted by State statute.

L. Restrictions

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements utilize a net assets presentation. Net assets are categorized as invested in capital assets (net of related debt), restricted and unrestricted.

- Invested In Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net assets. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.
- Restricted Net Assets This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The amount reported as restricted for other purposes for Governmental Activities, includes \$90,187 that is restricted by New York State Law to payments related to enforcement of Handicapped Parking Laws. In addition, on the government-wide statement of net assets, ECMCC has reported \$1,048,000 as net assets restricted for Capital Projects based upon restrictions imposed on certain receivables from the County by contract or legislative action.
- *Unrestricted Net Assets* This category represents net assets of the County not restricted for any project or other purpose.

I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

M. Reserves and Designations

In the fund financial statements, reserves represent that portion of fund balance that has been legally segregated for a specific use or is not appropriable for expenditure by the County at December 31, 2009, and include:

Reserved for Encumbrances – representing commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services.

Reserved for Debt Service – representing resources that must be used for principal payments that will be made in future periods.

Reserved for Loan Receivable – representing a loan to the Buffalo Zoo for the redevelopment of the Main Animal Building and a working capital advance to the ETCC.

Reserved for Prepaid Items – representing amounts prepaid to vendors that are applicable to future accounting periods.

Reserved for E-911 System Costs – representing unexpended emergency telephone system surcharge moneys that must be used to pay future system costs.

Reserved for Handicapped Parking – representing commitments relating to education, advocacy and increased public awareness of handicapped parking laws.

Reserved for Law Enforcement – representing funds received from the sale of surplus helicopter parts to be utilized exclusively to support and maintain the Sheriff's Office Aviation Division.

In the fund financial statements, designations are not legally required segregations, but are segregated for a specific purpose by the County. Accounting prescription set by the Erie County Comptroller provides for a sunset provision of one fiscal year for all fund balance designations. Legislature approval is required to establish and subsequently appropriate fund balance designations.

I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Concluded)

M. Reserves and Designations (Concluded)

Designations at December 31, 2009 were as follows:

Designated for Subsequent Year's Expenditures – representing available fund balances being appropriated to meet future year's expenditure requirements. In the General Fund and Sewer Special Revenue Funds, \$21,035,437 and \$5,517,127 have been designated respectively. Within the Tobacco Proceeds and ECMCC Capital Projects Funds, which are recorded within other governmental funds, designated fund balance represents tobacco proceeds to be expended on future ECMCC capital projects; this balance is \$663,645 at December 31, 2009.

N. Proprietary Fund Refunding Transactions

Current refundings and advance refundings resulting in defeasance of debt are reported by proprietary activities in the following manner: the difference between the old debt's reacquisition price and net carrying value is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense over the shorter of either the life of the refunding debt or the life of the refunded debt.

O. Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncement

During the year ended December 31, 2009, the County adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 52, Land and Other Real Estate Held as Investments by Endowments; GASB Statement No. 55, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments; and GASB Statement No. 56, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in the AICPA Statements on Auditing Standards, which had no effect on the County's financial positions or results of operations.

P. Future Impacts of Accounting Pronouncements

The County has not completed the process of evaluating the impact that will result from adopting GASB Statement No. 51, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets, GASB Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments, and GASB Statement No. 58, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Chapter 9 Bankruptcies, effective for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2010; GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, and GASB Statement No. 59, Financial Instruments Omnibus, effective for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2011; and GASB Statement No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, effective for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2012. Therefore, the County is unable to disclose the impact that adopting GASB Statement Nos. 51, 53, 54, 57, 58 and 59 will have on its financial position and results of operations when such statements are adopted.

II - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. In accordance with the County Charter and Administrative Code, no later than October 15, the County Executive submits a tentative operating and capital budget which details proposed expenditures and the proposed means of financing to the Erie County Legislature for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The College budget is not included in the County Executive's tentative budget, since it is separately adopted during the first County legislative meeting in July for the fiscal year commencing September 1.
- 2. After public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments, the County Legislature (governing board) adopts the budget no later than the second Tuesday in December.
- 3. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted and employed for control of the General Fund; the Road, Sewer, Downtown Mall, E-911, and Emergency Response Special Revenue Funds; the Utilities Aggregation Enterprise Fund; and the Debt Service Fund, minimally detailed to the department, account and selected line item level. The Emergency Response Special Revenue Fund was established to account for revenues received from the Federal Emergency Management Agency and expenditures associated with the on-going clean up of major damage from a storm that occurred in October 2006. These budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP, except that encumbrances are reported as budgetary expenditures in the year of incurrence of commitment to purchase, in the General Fund, the enumerated Special Revenue Funds and the Debt Service Fund. All unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Budgetary comparisons presented in this report are on the budgetary basis and represent the budget as modified. Annual appropriated budgets are not employed for the Grants and Community Development Special Funds. A reconciliation to convert GAAP basis data to the budgetary basis is provided below.
- 4. Capital Projects funds are subject to project budgets determined primarily by the bonding authorizations used to fund a particular project rather than annual budgetary appropriations. These budgets do not lapse at year-end; rather, they lapse upon termination of the project.

II - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

A. <u>Budgetary Information</u> (Continued)

- 5. The County Executive is authorized to make budget transfers within the same administrative unit up to a cumulative total of \$10,000 between accounts or line items. Any proposed transfer which would result in an increase exceeding \$10,000 in any one line item in the budget, as adopted during the fiscal year or would affect any salary rate or salary total, would need prior approval by resolution of the County Legislature. In no instance shall a transfer be made from appropriations for debt service, and no appropriations may be reduced below any amount which is required by law to be appropriated.
- 6. Expenditures within the General, Special Revenue, Utilities Aggregation Enterprise, and the Debt Service Funds may not legally exceed the amount appropriated for such accounts or line items within a department. During the year, numerous supplementary appropriations were necessary.

Individual governmental fund comparisons of budgetary and actual data at the legal level of control established by the adopted budget (i.e., minimally the department, account and selected line item level) are not presented in this report for those funds with annual appropriated budgets due to the excessive detail involved. However, a separate budgetary comparison report is available which contains this information.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of moneys are recorded for budgetary control purposes to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is employed in all County funds except Enterprise and the Fiduciary Fund. Outstanding encumbrances at year end, except for grant-related commitments that are not reported in the financial statements, are presented for GAAP reporting purposes as reservations of fund balances, and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year.

The County reports its budgetary status with the actual data including encumbrances as charges against budgeted appropriations. Following is a reconciliation of the budgetary basis (i.e. non-GAAP) and the GAAP basis operating results:

| | , | Os omitted) |
|--|------------|-------------|
| | <u>_Ge</u> | neral Fund |
| Excess of revenues and other financing sources over | | |
| expenditures and other financing uses - GAAP basis | \$ | 43,647 |
| Less: | | |
| Encumbrances at December 31, 2009 | | 4,722 |
| Plus: | | |
| Encumbrances at January 1, 2009 | _ | 6,347 |
| Excess of revenues and other financing sources over | | |
| expenditures and other financing uses - basis of budgeting | \$ _ | 45,272 |

II - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Concluded)

A. <u>Budgetary Information</u> (Concluded)

Budget columns presented in the accompanying financial statements reflect deficiencies of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses. These deficiencies are caused by the anticipated use of prior-year's fund balance, which had been designated for 2009 expenditures through the budget process.

Commitments related directly to the Grants and the Community Development Special Revenue Funds in the amount of \$11,619,307 and \$2,951,388, respectively, at December 31, 2009, are not reported on the GAAP financial statements. Budget appropriations are not made available for these commitments until grant revenues are recognized at the time of expenditure.

B. Deficit Fund Balances

The General Government Buildings, Equipment and Improvements Fund, Highways, Roads, Bridges and Equipment Capital Projects Fund, and Special Capital Projects Fund, which are reported in Other Governmental Funds, reported deficit fund balances of \$1,815,697, \$21,115,336, and \$6,217,840, respectively, at December 31, 2009. Future revenues, bond proceeds or transfers are expected to remediate the deficit fund balances. The Community College Proprietary Fund reported a total net assets deficit of \$2,744,015 that represents primarily the effect of the implementation of GASB Statement No.45 in their 2007 fiscal year. It is anticipated that this trend will continue.

HI - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Primary Government, Agency Fund and Library Component Unit

Available cash of the County is deposited and invested in accordance with the County's own written investment guidelines which have been established by the Comptroller's Office, approved by the County Legislature and are in compliance with provisions of applicable State statutes. The ECFSA and ETCC do not have formal investment policies.

Agency Fund bank accounts are maintained at financial institutions where moneys of the County's other funds are also on deposit. In addition, the Library does not maintain a separate bank account; instead, it participates in the pooled cash of the County. The banks calculate and report FDIC coverage and collateral requirements for the County's Agency Fund, the County's other funds and Library together, separately from that of the College.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> – As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from fluctuating interest rates, it is the County's policy to generally limit investments to 180 days or less.

III - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Primary Government, Agency Fund and Library Component Unit (Continued)

<u>Credit Risk</u> – In compliance with New York State law, it is the County's policy to limit its investments to obligations of the United States of America, obligations guaranteed by agencies of the United States of America where the payment of principal and interest are guaranteed by the United States of America, obligations of the State of New York, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit issued by a bank or trust company located in and authorized to do business in New York State and certain joint or cooperative investment programs.

Custodial Credit Risk — For investments, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. A margin of 2% or higher of the market value of purchased securities in repurchase transactions must be maintained and the securities must be held by a third party in the County's name. For deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. Collateral is required for deposits and certificates of deposit in an amount equal to or greater than the amount of all deposits not covered by federal deposit insurance. Banks can satisfy collateral requirements by furnishing a letter of credit, a surety bond, or by pledging eligible securities as specified in Section 10 of New York State General Municipal Law. New York State Education Law does not require collateral for college checking accounts, unless the Board of Trustees deems it necessary. If collateral is required, it can be in the form of a surety bond or obligations of the United States, the State, or any municipality or college of the State. Certain balances for accounts held in trust are collateralized by the State of New York.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> – To promote competition in rates and service cost, and to limit the risk of institutional failure, County deposits and investments are placed with multiple institutions. The general rule is not to place more than \$100,000,000 or 50% of the County's total investment portfolio, whichever is less, in overnight investments with any one institution.

Deposits - The County deposits cash into a number of bank accounts. Moneys must be deposited in demand or time accounts or certificates of deposit issued by FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Some of the County's accounts are required by various statutes and borrowing restrictions for specific funds, while the remainder are used for County operating cash and for investment purposes.

As of December 31, 2009 (August 31, 2009 as to the College), bank deposits of the Primary Government, Library, and Agency Fund were either insured or fully collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent in the County's name.

Cash Equivalents - All highly liquid investments with an original maturity date of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents. Existing policies require that any underlying securities for repurchase transactions must be only federal obligations. Such obligations are explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government and therefore not considered to have credit risk. At December 31, 2009, the fair value of money market accounts was \$233,238,087 which were fully collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent in the County's name.

III - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Primary Government, Agency Fund and Library Component Unit (Concluded)

Investments - All investments are carried at fair value and are held by a third party in the County's or ETASC's name. Investments for the Primary Government at year-end are shown below:

(000s omitted)

| | Fair |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| | Value |
| Municipal bonds | \$ 300 |
| Institutional liquidity funds | 438 |
| Corporate commercial paper | 20,017 |
| | |
| Total Investments | \$ 20,755 |

The County's investment in municipal bonds at December 31, 2009 consists of \$300,000 of Gulf Coast Waste Disposal Authority of Texas revenue bonds maturing September 1, 2025 that were rated Aaa by Moody's and AAA by Standard and Poor's.

ETASC's investment in corporate commercial paper at December 31, 2009 consisted of \$20,017,222 of Federal National Mortgage Association Discount Notes that matured and were rated AAA by Standard and Poor's. Rating information for the ETASC's \$438,000 investment in Blackrock Liquidity Funds was not available.

ECMCC Component Unit

The ECMCC maintains various accounts for depositing, disbursing and investing its funds. The ECMCC's investments are made in accordance with State regulations and its investment guidelines.

Deposits and petty cash - The ECMCC deposits cash into a number of bank accounts. As of December 31, 2009 the carrying amount of ECMCC's deposits was \$47,539,000.

Cash Equivalents - All highly liquid investments with an original maturity date of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents.

III - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Concluded)

ECMCC Component Unit (Concluded)

Investments - All investments are carried at fair value, and are categorized as insured or uninsured, and collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution in the ECMCC's name. The ECMCC's fixed income investments had an S&P credit quality rating of A-1+ as of December 31, 2009.

| | (00 | 0's omitted) Fair Value |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| Fixed Income Secutities Equity Funds Commercial Paper Money Market Mutual Funds Money Market Bank Accounts Deposits Foundation Component Unit RHEC Component Unit Total investments and Restricted cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 89,092 19,692 12,962 10,120 7,603 20,821 1,468 1,080 |
| | (000's (Fa Val | |
| Investments | 6 | 41,792 |
| Restricted cash and cash equivalents | 1 | 21,046 |
| | 1 | 62,838 |

Other Component Units

Erie Community College Foundation, Inc.—The portfolio of investments is carried at their fair value. For donated investments, costs are determined to be fair value at the date of gift.

Fair values and net unrealized gains and losses pertaining to the investment portfolio as of August 31, 2009 are as follows:

| | (000's omitted) Fair | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|----|-------------------|--|--|
| | Cost | | Value | | |
| Fixed income International equities Domestic stocks | \$ 540 554 709 | \$ | 540 447 537 | | |
| | \$ 1,803 | \$ | 1,524 | | |
| Net unrealized loss | | \$ | (279) | | |

IV - RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

ECMCC Component Unit

Assets Whose Use is Limited—Assets whose use is limited at December 31, 2009 consists of the following:

| | (000's omitted) | |
|--|-----------------|---------|
| | Fair | |
| | | Value |
| Patient and resident's trust cash | \$ | 777 |
| Research and study funds | | 423 |
| Restricted for debt service principal and interest | | 10,120 |
| Designated for retiree health obligations | | 19,807 |
| Designated for acquisition of capital assets | | 25,000 |
| Designated for self insurance | | 32,650 |
| Designated for long-term investment | | 20,801 |
| Designated for physician recruiting and retention | | 10,000 |
| Foundation Component Unit | | 1,468 |
| Total | \$ | 121,046 |

V - PROPERTY TAXES

The countywide property tax is levied by the County upon the taxable real property in the towns and cities in the County in late December of each year at the last meeting of the County Legislature and becomes a lien on the next succeeding January 1. Such taxes are collected by the respective collection officers in each town and in the cities of Lackawanna and Tonawanda until the date established for return of the tax rolls to the County, which can be no later than September 15. For the City of Buffalo, the County collects these taxes from the lien date.

With respect to the cities, the County taxes are due by February 15, and penalties are imposed as follows: 1.5% prior to March 1; 3% prior to March 16; 4.5% prior to April 1; 6% prior to April 16; 7.5% prior to May 1; and 1.5% additional each month thereafter. The cities each levy and collect their city taxes, and the County is not responsible for any unpaid city taxes. The County is responsible only for uncollected County taxes levied in such cities.

With respect to the towns, the countywide property tax is levied by the County together with town property taxes, which include special district, fire district, and highway taxes. In towns of the first class, taxes are due without penalties by February 15. Penalties are 1.5% prior to March 1; 3% prior to March 16; prior to April 1; 6% prior to April 16; 7.5% prior to May 1; and 1.5% additional for each month thereafter. In towns of the second class, taxes are due without penalty within ten days after receipt of the tax roll by the

V - PROPERTY TAXES (Concluded)

respective collection agency. Penalties are 1.5% prior to March 16 unless waived; 7.5% prior to May 1; and 1.5% additional each month thereafter. All towns first retain their share of taxes from collections and remit the balance to the County. The County is responsible for uncollected taxes of all subordinate jurisdictions, except for the three cities.

The County levies taxes for most school districts throughout the County and is responsible for uncollected school district taxes outside the cities of Buffalo, Lackawanna, and Tonawanda.

Additionally, at the option of villages within the County, the County may also be responsible for uncollected village taxes.

Constitutional Tax Limit

The amount that may be raised by the countywide tax levy on real estate in any fiscal year (for purposes other than debt service on County indebtedness) is limited to one and one-half per centum (subject to increase up to two per centum by resolution of the County Legislature) of the five-year average full valuation of taxable real estate of the County, per New York State statutes. On November 13, 1978, a local law became effective which limits the maximum amount of real estate taxes which can be levied other than for debt service to one per centum of such average full valuation of all the taxable real estate within the County.

The County constitutional tax limit (per New York State statutes) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009 is computed as follows:

| | (| 000s omitted) |
|------------------------------------|------|---------------|
| Five-Year Average Full Valuation | | |
| of Taxable Real Estate (2005-2009) | \$_ | 40,288,153 |
| Tax Limit @ 1.5% | \$ _ | 604,322 |
| Statutory Additions | | 51,265 |
| Total Taxing Power | _ | 655,587 |
| Total Levy | _ | (232,439) |
| Tax Margin | \$_ | 423,148 |

VI - REVENUE ACCRUALS

All major revenues of the County are considered "susceptible to accrual" under the modified accrual basis. These include property tax, sales tax, state and federal aid, and various grant program revenues.

Major revenues accrued by the County in the various governmental fund types at December 31, 2009 include sales and use taxes in excess of \$43.1 million; state and federal assistance for social services of approximately \$98.4 million; and other state and federal aid (including grants) approximating \$77.0 million.

VII - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at year-end of the County's major individual funds and non-major funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

(000s omitted)

| | | | | | | Other | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----|---------|-----|--------|----|------------|-------|---------|
| Receivables - | + | General | | | Go | vernmental | | |
| Governmental Funds | | Fund | | ECFSA | | Funds | Total | |
| Real Property taxes, interest, | | | | | | | | |
| penalties and liens | \$ | 75,296 | \$ | | \$ | 13,103 | \$ | 88,399 |
| Sales and use Tax | | | | 43,106 | | | | 43,106 |
| Federal & State Assistance for DSS | | 98,354 | | | | | | 98,354 |
| Other Federal & State Aid | | 41,384 | | 4,294 | | 31,293 | | 76,971 |
| Loan | | 1,550 | | | | | | 1,550 |
| Other | _ | 10,863 | _ | | | 30,186 | | 41,049 |
| Gross receivables | | 227,447 | | 47,400 | | 74,582 | | 349,429 |
| Less: allowances for uncollectibles | _ | 9,510 | _ | | | 11,550 | | 21,060 |
| Total receivables | \$_ | 217,937 | \$_ | 47,400 | \$ | 63,032 | \$ | 328,369 |

The only Governmental Fund receivables not expected to be collected within one year are \$1,550,000 in loan receivables, that are discussed in Note I(M).

| Receivables - Proprietary Funds | | ommunity College | • | Nonmajor Fund | Total |
|-------------------------------------|-----|---------------------|----|------------------|-------------|
| Accounts receivable | \$ | 5,752 | \$ | 707 | \$ 6,459 |
| Other | | 4,149 | | 1,867 | 6,016 |
| Gross receivables | | 9,901 | _ | 2,574 | 12,475 |
| Less: allowances for uncollectibles | | 4,573 | _ | | 4,573 |
| Total receivables | \$_ | 5,328 | \$ | 2,574 | \$ 7,902 |

All Proprietary Fund receivables are expected to be collected within one year.

VIII - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2009 was as follows:

A. Primary Government

1. Governmental Activities

(000s omitted)

| | | Balance 1/1/09 | | Increases | | Decreases | | Balance 12/31/09 |
|--|------|-------------------|------|-----------|----|-----------|------|---------------------|
| Capital assets, not being depreciated: | | | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 29,997 | \$ | 366 | \$ | (10) | \$ | 30,353 |
| Construction in progress | _ | 32,906 | | 44,769 | | (31,913) | | 45,762 |
| Total capital assets, not being depreciated | - | 62,903 | | 45,135 | | (31,923) | - | 76,115 |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | | 497,453 | | 9,281 | | | | 506,734 |
| Transportation network | | 441,679 | | 19,821 | | | | 461,500 |
| Sewer network | | 248,510 | | 6,717 | | | | 255,227 |
| Improvements other than buildings | | 25,306 | | 620 | | | | 25,926 |
| Machinery and equipment | _ | 103,425 | _ | 10,804 | | (4,162) | _ | 110,067 |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated | - | 1,316,373 | - | 47,243 | | (4,162) | - | 1,359,454 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | | (238,721) | | (15,558) | | | | (254,279) |
| Transportation network | | (214,940) | | (18,982) | | | | (233,922) |
| Sewer network | | (73,037) | | (3,944) | | | | (76,981) |
| Improvements other than buildings | | (9,158) | | (1,285) | | | | (10,443) |
| Machinery and equipment | _ | (63,404) | _ | (9,898) | | 3,726 | | (69,576) |
| Total accumulated depreciation | _ | (599,260) | _ | (49,667) | | 3,726 | _ | (645,201) |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated, net | _ | 717,113 | - | (2,424) | _ | (436) | _ | 714,253 |
| Governmental activities capital assets, net | \$ = | 780,016 | \$ _ | 42,711 | \$ | (32,359) | \$ = | 790,368 |

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

| | (000 | omitted) |
|--|------|----------|
| Governmental activities: | | |
| General government | \$ | 14,871 |
| Public safety | | 6,477 |
| Health | | 431 |
| Transportation | | 20,142 |
| Economic assistance and opportunity | | 119 |
| Culture and recreation | | 1,439 |
| Education | | 1,632 |
| Home and community service | | 4,556 |
| Total governmental activities depreciation expense | \$ | 49,667 |

VIII - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

A. <u>Primary Government</u> (Concluded)

2. Community College

| 2. <u>Community Conege</u> | (000s omitted) | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-----------|------------|--------------------|--|
| | Balance 9/1/08 | Increases | Decreases | Balance 8/31/09 | |
| Capital assets, not being depreciated: | | • | | | |
| Construction in Progress | \$ 432 | \$1,546_ | \$ (1,047) | \$ 931 | |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: | | | | | |
| Building Improvements | 6,326 | 1,047 | | 7,373 | |
| Land improvements | 64 | | | 64 | |
| Equipment | 22,417 | 1,170 | (1,860) | 21,727 | |
| Library collections | 2,613 | 258 | (283) | 2,588 | |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated | 31,420 | 2,475 | (2,143) | 31,752 | |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | | |
| Building improvements | (330) | (192) | | (522) | |
| Land improvements | (11) | (3) | | (14) | |
| Equipment | (19,051) | (1,025) | 1,853 | (18,223) | |
| Library collections | (1,319) | (246) | 269 | (1,296) | |
| Total accumulated depreciation | (20,711) | (1,466) | 2,122 | (20,055) | |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated, net | 10,709 | 1,009 | (21) | 11,697 | |
| Community College capital assets, net | \$ 11,141 | \$ 2,555 | \$ (1,068) | \$ 12,628 | |

Depreciation expense for the Community College was \$1,465,827 for the year ended August 31, 2009.

B. Component Units

1. ECMCC

| | | (000s omitted) | | |
|---|-------------------|----------------|-----------|---------------------|
| | Balance 1/1/09 | Increases | Decreases | Balance 12/31/09 |
| Capital assets, not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Construction in Progress | \$ 102 | \$1,216_ | \$ (102) | \$ 1,216 |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land improvements | 2,836 | 52 | | 2,888 |
| Building | 214,915 | 6,313 | | 221,228 |
| Fixed Equipment | 3,269 | 247 | | 3,516 |
| Major moveable equipment | 138,626 | 9,323_ | | 147,949 |
| Total capital assets - being depreciated | 359,646 | 15,935 | | 375,581 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | (285,903) | (12,887) | <u> </u> | (298,790) |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated,net | 73,743 | 3,048 | | 76,791 |
| Total ECMCC component unit capital assets | \$ 73,845 | \$ 4,264 | \$ (102) | \$ 78,007 |

Depreciation expense for ECMCC was \$12,887,000 for the year ended December 31, 2009.

VIII - CAPITAL ASSETS (Concluded)

B. <u>Component Units</u> (Concluded)

2. <u>Library</u>

| | | mitted) | | | |
|--|-------------------|------------------|------------|---------------------|--|
| | Balance 1/1/09 | <u>Increases</u> | Decreases | Balance 12/31/09 | |
| Capital assets, not being depreciated: Rare book collection | \$11.014_ | \$22_ | \$ | \$ <u>11,036</u> | |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: Machinery, Equipment and Library materials | 57,652 | 6,092 | (3,473) | 60,271 | |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: Machinery, Equipment and Library materials | (51,206) | (3,066) | 722 | (53,550) | |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated, net | 6,446 | 3,026 | (2,751) | 6,721 | |
| Library Component Unit capital assets, net | \$ <u>17,460</u> | \$ 3,048 | \$ (2,751) | \$17,757 | |

Depreciation expense for the Library was \$3,066,333 for the year ended December 31, 2009.

IX - PAYABLES

Payables at year-end of the County's major individual funds and non-major funds in the aggregate are as follows:

(000s omitted)

| | | | | | Other | |
|---------------------------|-----|---------------|---------|----|--------------|---------------|
| Payables - | (| General | ECFSA | (| Governmental | |
| Governmental Funds | | Fund <u>·</u> | General | | Funds | Total |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 12,389 \$ | 14 | \$ | 13,862 | \$ 26,265 |
| Other governments | | 22,773 | | | 932 | 23,705 |
| Health and social service | | | | | | |
| programs and agencies | | 33,756 | | | 198 | 33,954 |
| Retained percentages | | 9 | | | 1,281 | 1,290 |
| Salaries & fringes | | 18,048 | | | 2,405 | 20,453 |
| Other | | 5,743_ | 41 | | 6,371 | 12,155 |
| Total payables | \$_ | 92,718 \$ | 55 | \$ | 25,049 | \$ 117,822 |

| Payables - Proprietary Funds | | mmunity College | Nonmajor Fund | Total |
|---------------------------------|----------|--------------------|------------------|--------------|
| Accounts payable | <u> </u> | 1,431 \$ | 2,749 | \$ 4,180 |
| Salaries & fringes | | 6,268 | 165 | 6,433 |
| Other | | 3,708 | | 3,708_ |
| Total payables | \$ | 11,407 \$ | 2,914 | \$ 14,321 |

X - RETIREMENT PLANS

Background

The County participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS"). In addition, all faculty and administrators of the College have the option of participating in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS") or the Teachers' Insurance and Annuity Association – College Retirement Equities Fund ("TIAA-CREF").

A. New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System

This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system. The ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("NYSRSSL"). As set forth in the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller of the State of New York ("Comptroller") serves as sole trustee and administrative head of the ERS. The Comptroller shall adopt and may amend rules and regulations for the administration and transaction of the business of the ERS and for the custody and control of their funds. The ERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement Systems, Gov. Alfred E. Smith State Office Building, Albany, New York 12244.

Contributions equal to 3% of salary are required of employees, except for those who joined the ERS before July 27, 1976 and for those who have ten or more years of credited service. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller shall certify annually the rates expressed as proportions of payroll of members, which shall be used in computing the contributions required to be made by employers to the pension accumulation fund.

Contributions are required at an actuarially determined rate. The required ERS contributions for the current year and two preceding years were:

| | | *** | Cor | tribution Amou | ınt | |
|---------|----|-------------|---------|----------------|-------|------------|
| Primary | | | Library | | ECMCC | |
| | G | Government- | | Component | | Component |
| Year | | ERS | | Unit - ERS | | Unit - ERS |
| 2009 | \$ | 20,340,675 | \$ | 999,436 | \$ | 10,100,000 |
| 2008 | | 25,385,491 | | 1,346,621 | | 10,300,000 |
| 2007 | | 28,669,390 | | 1,470,906 | | 10,800,000 |

The County's contributions made to the ERS were equal to 100% of the contributions required for each year. The annual payment is due on February 1 of the subsequent year.

B. Teachers' Insurance and Annuity Association - College Retirement Equities Fund

TIAA-CREF is a defined contribution annuity plan that is an optional retirement program ("ORP") authorized by the trustees of the State University of New York. TIAA/CREF provides benefits through annuity contracts and provides retirement and death benefits to those employees who elected to participate in the ORP. Benefits are determined by the amount of individual accumulations and the retirement income option selected. All benefits generally vest after the completion of one year of

X - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

B. Teachers' Insurance and Annuity Association - College Retirement Equities Fund (Concluded)

service if the employee is retained thereafter. TIAA/CREF is contributory for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary. For employees enrolled after June 30, 1992, the College contributes 8% of salary for the first seven years of employment and 10% of salary thereafter. For employees enrolled between July 27, 1976 and June 30, 1992, the College contributes 9% of the first \$16,500 in salary and 12% thereafter. Employee contributions are deducted from their salaries and remitted on a current basis to TIAA/CREF.

Contributions made by the College and its employees in the 2009 fiscal year were \$2,199,465 and \$320,717, respectively. The total unpaid balance of this retirement liability at the end of the College's fiscal year was \$126,060.

C. New York State Teachers' Retirement System

The TRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement system. The TRS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute, and benefits to employees, are governed by the NYSRSSL and New York State Education Law. The TRS issues publicly available financial reports that include financial statements and required supplementary information. The TRS report may be obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395.

Contributions equal to 3% of salary are required of employees, except for those who joined the TRS before July 27, 1976, and for those who have ten or more years of credited service. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller shall certify annually the rates expressed as proportions of payroll of members, which shall be used in computing the contributions required to be made by employers to the pension accumulation fund.

The College is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The required pension contributions for the College current fiscal year and two preceding fiscal years were:

| | College |
|------|--------------|
| Year | TRS |
| 2009 | \$ 1,118,358 |
| 2008 | 1,261,363 |
| 2007 | 1,154,076 |

Employer contributions made to the TRS were equal to 100% of the contributions required for each year. The 2009 amount is the employer portion only, shown to reflect the change in focus of the disclosure to that of the College's contributions. The 2008 and 2007 amounts included both the employer and employee contributions.

The total unpaid employer balance of the TRS retirement liabilities at the end of the College's fiscal year was \$1,151,026.

X - RETIREMENT PLANS (Concluded)

D. Summary of Retirement Plan Liabilities:

| | (000s omitted) | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|----------------|-------|---------------|-------|------------|--------|-----------|-----|-----------|--------|
| | | | | | Primary | | Library | | Reporting | |
| Retirement Plan/ | / Governmental | | Business-type | | Government | | Component | | Entity | |
| Description | Activities | | Activities | | Total | | Unit | | Total | |
| ERS | | | | | | | | | | |
| Regular | \$ | 9,570 | \$ | 733 | \$_ | 10,303 | \$ | 518 | \$ | 10,821 |
| Total | _ | 9,570 | | 733_ | _ | 10,303 | | 518 | | 10,821 |
| <u>TR\$</u> | | | | | | | | | | |
| Regular | | | | 1,151 | _ | 1,151 | | | | 1,151 |
| Total | | 0 | | 1,151 | _ | 1,151 | _ | 0 | | 1,151 |
| TIAA-CREF | | | | | | | | | | |
| Regular | | | | 126 | | 126 | | | | 126 |
| Total | \$ | 9,570 | \$ | 2,010 | \$_ | 11,580 | \$_ | 518 | \$ | 12,098 |

The County and its component units have recorded the above retirement liabilities as long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets. In addition, retirement liabilities have been recorded as accrued liabilities as follows: Governmental Activities of \$11.836 million, ECMCC Component Unit of \$10.100 million and Library Component Unit of \$.642 million.

XI - CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

The County has a number of active construction projects at December 31, 2009. The amounts spent to date and remaining commitments (encumbrances) presented by major project groupings are as follows:

(000s omitted)

| Proiects | Sne | nt-to-date | Remaining Commitments | | | |
|--|-----|------------|--------------------------|--------|--|--|
| | | | | | | |
| General Government Buildings, Equipment and Improvements | \$ | 18,247 | \$ | 14,052 | | |
| Highways, Roads, Bridges and Equipment | | 28,639 | | 21,182 | | |
| Sewers, Facilities Equipment and Improvements | | 17,896 | | 10,549 | | |
| Special Capital Projects | | 2,532 | | 480 | | |
| ECMC Capital Projects | | 6,813 | | 972 * | | |
| Total | \$_ | 74,127 | \$ | 47,235 | | |

^{*} The County has additional future capital commitments related to the ECMCC Sale Agreement, as amended, totaling approximately \$4,188,000 at December 31, 2009. Of this amount, \$1,048,000 is reflected in the government-wide financial statements only as a Due to Component Unit.

XII - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. Bonded Indebtedness

Bonded indebtedness is reported in the government-wide financial statements. The following is a summary of bond transactions of the County for the year ended December 31, 2009:

| | | | | | | | | (000s omitted) |) | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--------|---------|-----------|----|----------------|----|----------|----|------------|--|
| | | | Interest | | Balance | | , | | | Balance | | Due Within | |
| Purpose* | Issue | Maturity | Rate | 1/1/09 | | Additions | | Reductions | | 12/31/09 | | One Year | |
| Capital | 1992 | 2012 | 4.25-7.65 | \$ | 2,940 | \$ | \$ | 735 | \$ | 2,205 | \$ | 735 | |
| Capital | 1993 | 2013 | 3.30-5.25 | | 331 | | | 85 | | 246 | | 75 | |
| Capital | 1993 | 2013 | Zero Coupon | | 1,424 | | | 389 | | 1,035 | | 366 | |
| Capital | 1996 | 2015 | 0.00 | | 520 | | | 70 | | 450 | | 72 | |
| Capital | 1997 | 2017 | 3.75-5.35 | | 335 | | | 35 | | 300 | | 35 | |
| Capital | 1997 | 2012 | 4.50-5.50 | | 3,960 | | | 990 | | 2,970 | | 990 | |
| Refunding | 1997 | 2009 | 4.50-5.25 | | 185 | | | 185 | | | | | |
| Capital | 1998 | 2017 | 3.70-5.15 | | 335 | | | 30 | | 305 | | 35 | |
| Capital | 1998 | 2013 | 4.25-5.00 | | 4,090 | | | 850 | | 3,240 | | 850 | |
| Capital | 1999 | 2018 | 3.48-5.42 | | 140 | | | 10 | | 130 | | 10 | |
| Capital | 1999 | 2018 | 0.00 | | 61 | | | 6 | | 55 | | 6 | |
| Capital | 1999 | 2009 | 4,375-5.75 | | 1,424 | | | 1,424 | | | | | |
| Capital | 1999 | 2019 | 5.125-6.00 | | 1,715 | | | 120 | | 1,595 | | 125 | |
| Capital | 2000 | 2018 | 3.80-5.92 | | 135 | | | 10 | | 125 | | 10 | |
| Capital | 2000 | 2012 | 5.25-6.00 | | 5,036 | | | 1,313 | | 3,723 | | 1,318 | |
| Capital | 2000 | 2020 | 5.25-5.70 | | 425 | | | 35 | | 390 | | 35 | |
| Capital | 2001 | 2031 | 2.619-5.314 | | 1,720 | | | 55 | | 1,665 | | 55 | |
| Capital | 2001 | 2031 | 0.00 | | 3,921 | | | 146 | | 3,775 | | 148 | |
| Capital | 2001 | 2020 | 2.30-5.00 | | 19,820 | | | 1,820 | | 18,000 | | 1,820 | |
| Capital | 2001 | 2021 | 2.30-5.00 | | 620 | | | 50 | | 570 | | 50 | |
| Capital | 2002 | 2031 | 1.362-5.082 | | 1,130 | | | 45 | | 1,085 | | 45 | |
| Capital | 2002 | 2024 | 2.521-6.181 | | 3,945 | | | 190 | | 3,755 | | 195 | |
| Capital | 2002 | 2031 | 1.333-5.323 | | 860 | | | 30 | | 830 | | 30 | |
| Capital | 2002 | 2017 | 3.00-5.00 | | 42,335 | | | 3,925 | | 38,410 | | 4,050 | |
| Capital | 2002 | 2022 | 3.00-5.00 | | 970 | | | 50 | | 920 | | 55 | |
| Capital | 2003 | 2032 | 1.031-4.901 | | 1,130 | | | 35 | | 1,095 | | 35 | |
| Capital | 2003 | 2029 | 2.549-6.259 | | 13,055 | | | 555 | | 12,500 | | 570 | |
| Capital | 2003 | 2032 | 0.00-0.00 | | 396 | | | 16 | | 380 | | 17 | |
| Capital | 2003 | 2020 | 4.00-5.25 | | 64,031 | | | 4,021 | | 60,010 | | 4,214 | |
| Capital | 2003 | 2023 | 2.00-4.75 | | 2,015 | | | 105 | | 1,910 | | 105 | |
| Capital | 2003 | 2032 | 0.790-4.612 | | 1,065 | | | 35 | | 1,030 | | 35 | |
| Subtotals carri | ied forward | | | _ | 180,069 | | _ | 17,365 | - | 162,704 | _ | 16,086 | |

^{*}Capital = Capital acquisition and construction

XII - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

A. Bonded Indebtedness (Continued)

| Purpose* | lssue | Maturity | Interest Rate | | Balance 1/1/09 | Additions | (000s omitted) Additions Reductions | | Balance 12/31/09 | | Due Within One Year | |
|------------------------|--------------|---------------|------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------|--------------------------------------|--------|---------------------|----------|------------------------|--------|
| Subtotals brought | forward | | | \$ | 180,069 | \$ | \$ | 17,365 | \$ | 162,704 | \$ | 16,086 |
| Capital | 2004 | 2015 | 2.50-5.250 | | 13,620 | | | 1,705 | | 11,915 | | 1,765 |
| Capital | 2004 | 2033 | 1.02-4.63 | | 975 | | | 30 | | 945 | | 30 |
| Capital | 2004 | 2024 | 3.25-5.25 | | 62,585 | | | 6,255 | | 56,330 | | 5,025 |
| Capital | 2005 | 2034 | 1.56-4.57 | | 3,060 | | | 85 | | 2,975 | | 90 |
| Capital | 2005 | 2033 | 2.06-4.13 | | 2,305 | | | 70 | | 2,235 | | 70 |
| Capital | 2005 | 2020 | 4.45-5.00 | | 56,020 | | | 3,520 | | 52,500 | | 3,700 |
| Capital | 2005 | 2035 | 3.50-5.00 | | 11,525 | | | 230 | | 11,295 | | 240 |
| Capital | 2005 | 2012 | 5.50 | | 15,890 | | | 3,660 | | 12,230 | | 3,860 |
| Refunding | 2005 | 2029 | 3.50-4.50 | | 50,585 | | | 2,590 | | 47,995 | | 3,585 |
| Tobacco Refunding | 2005 | varies*** | varies*** | | 309,990 | | | 5,265 | | 304,725 | | |
| Tobacco Settlement | 2006 | varies*** | varies*** | | 17,695 | | | 0 | | 17,695 | | |
| Capital | 2006 | 2035 | 0.00 | | 1,875 | | | 70 | | 1,805 | | 70 |
| Capital | 2006 | 2017 | 3.50-4.00 | | 12,100 | | | 1,150 | | 10,950 | | 1,195 |
| Capital | 2006 | 2036 | 3.50-4.25 | | 4,200 | | | 85 | | 4,115 | | 90 |
| ECMCC Settlement | 2006 | 2011 | 4.93-4.99 | | 25,225 | | | 8,010 | | 17,215 | | 8,400 |
| Capital | 2007 | 2036 | 3.63-4.79 | | 4,939 | | | 124 | | 4,815 | | 130 |
| • | | | | _ | 772,658 | 0 | | 50,214 | | 722,444 | \$_ | 44,336 |
| Discount on zero cou | apon bonds | 3 | | | (153) * | * 62 | | | | (91) | * | |
| Discount on ETASC | bonds | | | | (11,507) | | | (65) | | (11,442) | | |
| Premium on bond iss | suance | | | | 18,826 | | | 1,876 | | 16,950 | | |
| Deferred amount on | refunding | | | | (1,804) | | | (168) | | (1,636) | | |
| Deferred amount on | refunding-F | ETASC | | | (23,378) | | | (763) | | (22,615) | | |
| Bonds payable for fina | ancial state | ment purposes | \$ | \$_ | 754,642 | \$ 62 | \$ | 51,094 | \$_ | 703,610 | | |

^{*}Capital = Capital acquisition and construction

^{**} Amount of unamortized discount on zero coupon bonds at issue date was \$3.348 million. Of this amount, \$3.195 million and \$.062 million have been amortized in the prior and current years, respectively.

^{***}Refer to discussion within Note XII(B) regarding outstanding ETASC bonds payable.

XII - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

A. Bonded Indebtedness (Concluded)

The following is a summary of bonded indebtedness:

| | | (000s omitted) | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------|-----|----|----|--------|----|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Balance 1/1/09 Additions Reductions | | | | | | | Balance 12/31/09 | | | | | |
| Governmental Activities | \$ | 772,658 | \$ | | \$ | 50,214 | \$ | 722,444 | | | | | |
| Remaining unamortized: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| discount on zero coupon bonds | | (153) | | 62 | | | | (91) | | | | | |
| discount on ETASC bonds | | (11,507) | | | | (65) | | (11,442) | | | | | |
| premium on bond issuance | | 18,826 | | | | 1,876 | | 16,950 | | | | | |
| deferred amount on refunding | | (1,804) | | | | (168) | | (1,636) | | | | | |
| deferred amount on refunding-ETASC | | (23,378) | | | | (763) | | (22,615) | | | | | |
| Bonds payable for financial | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| statement purposes | \$ | 754,642 | \$_ | 62 | \$ | 51,094 | \$ | 703,610 | | | | | |

B. Erie Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation (a Blended Component Unit)

In 2000, the ETASC issued \$246,325,000 of Tobacco Settlement Asset Backed Bonds, Series 2000 pursuant to an indenture dated as of September 1, 2000 (the "Indenture"). The \$246,325,000 bond issuance was comprised of \$196,985,000 Tobacco Settlement Asset Backed Bonds Series 2000A and \$49,340,000 Tobacco Settlement Asset Backed Bonds Series 2000B. The net proceeds of the Series 2000 Bonds were used to purchase from the County all of the County's right, title and interest to Tobacco Settlement Revenues ("TSR") to which the County would otherwise be entitled under the Master Settlement Agreement ("MSA") and Consent Decree and Final Judgment (the "Decree").

On August 15, 2005, ETASC issued \$318,834,680 in Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds with interest rates ranging from 5.0% to 6.75% to advance refund \$239,060,000 of outstanding Series 2000 Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed bonds bearing interest rates ranging from 5.0% to 6.5% originally issued in 2000. The net proceeds amounted to \$305,330,026 after original issuance discount and payment of \$13,504,654 for underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance costs, of which \$267,037,311 was used to fund an irrevocable trust to defease the remaining original bonds. This transaction enabled the ETASC to release \$55,231,709 in previously restricted funds for debt service and trapping events to the County.

XII - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

B. Erie Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation (a Blended Component Unit) (Continued)

The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$25,953,936. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deduction from bonds payable, is being charged to operations through the year 2039. The refunding increases the total debt service over the next 50 years by \$121,875,200 resulting in an economic loss of approximately \$31,392,350 at net present value.

On September 15, 2005, ETASC entered into an agreement with the bondholders to replace the government securities in the irrevocable trust with government agency securities. This transaction generated a savings of \$2,802,806. Of this, \$1,331,893 was transferred to the County and the remainder less costs of sale was paid to the bondholders for their concessions.

On January 5, 2006, ETASC issued \$17,694,720 of tobacco settlement asset-backed bonds, Series 2006A with an interest rate of 7.6%. ETASC entered into a purchase and sale agreement with the County on January 1, 2006, in which ETASC purchased the County's sole undivided beneficial interest in and to the trust established by ETASC pursuant to the Declaration and Agreement of Trust dated September 1, 2000 between ETASC and the Wilmington Trust Company ("2000 Residential Trust), in its capacity as trustee, including the County's right to receive residual tobacco settlement revenues payable to the County, as sole beneficiary of the 2000 Residential Trust. The net proceeds of \$15,638,465 was transferred to the County's General Fund.

The payment of the Series 2005 and Series 2006 Bonds is dependent on the receipt of TSRs. The amount of TSRs actually collected is dependent on many factors including eigarette consumption and the continued operations of the participating eigarette manufacturers in the MSA. Such bonds are secured by and payable solely from TSRs and investment earnings pledged under the Indenture and amounts established and held in accordance with the Indenture. ETASC has no financial assets other than the collections and reserves and amounts held in the other funds and accounts established under the Indenture.

The ETASC has covenanted to apply 100% of all surplus revenues (defined as revenues which are in excess of Indenture requirements for the funding of operating expenses and deposits in the Debt Service account maintained for the funding of interest, principal and other items) to the special mandatory par redemption ("Turbo Redemptions") of Series 2005 Bonds in order of their maturity dates, beginning June 1, 2006.

Interest on the Series 2005A and E Bonds are payable each June 1 and December 1. Interest on the Series B, C, and D bonds as well as the Series 2006 Bonds accrue throughout the life of the bonds but are payable at redemption. Series 2005B, C, and D Bonds are zero-coupon bonds and are subject to redemption at the option of ETASC beginning in years after 2016. The Series 2006A bonds may be redeemed after May 31, 2017.

XII - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

B. Erie Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation (a Blended Component Unit) (Continued)

Details of long-term debt are as follows:

| Issue Amount | <u>Rate</u> | \$318,834,680 Term Bond Description | Projected Final Turbo Redemption <u>Date</u> |
|-------------------|-------------|--|---|
| \$ 30,330,000 | 5.000% | Series 2005A Bonds Due June 1, 2031 Semi-annual interest only payments through maturity, may be redeemed at the option of the ETASC at anytime in whole or in part after June 1, 2015 | June 1, 2018 |
| \$ 74,685,000 | 5.000% | Series 2005A Bonds Due June 1, 2038 Semi-annual interest only payments through maturity, may be redeemed at the option of the ETASC at anytime in whole or in part after June 1, 2015 | June 1, 2022 |
| \$ 111,480,000 | 5.000% | Series 2005A Bonds Due June 1, 2045 Semi-annual interest only payments through maturity, may be redeemed at the option of the ETASC at anytime in whole or in part after June 1, 2015 | June 1, 2027 |
| \$ 9,163,000 | 5.750% | Series 2005B Bonds Due June 1, 2047 Semi-annual interest accrued but not payable until maturity, subject to redemption at the option of ETASC anytime after June 1, 2015 at accreted values as follows: June 1, 2015 through May 31, 2016, 102%; June 1, 2016 through May 31, 2017, 101%; June 1, 2017 and thereafter, 100% | June 1, 2027 |
| \$ 12,565,080 | 6.250% | Series 2005C Bonds Due June 1, 2050 Semi-annual interest accrued but not payable until maturity, subject to redemption at the option of ETASC anytime after June 1, 2015 at accreted values as follows: June 1, 2015 through May 31, 2016, 102%; June 1, 2016 through May 31, 2017, 101%; June 1, 2017 and thereafter, 100% | June 1, 2029 |
| \$ 11,141,600 | 6.750% | Series 2005D Bonds Due June 1, 2055 Semi-annual interest accrued but not payable until maturity, subject to redemption at the option of ETASC anytime after June 1, 2015 at accreted values as follows: June 1, 2015 through May 31, 2016, 102%; June 1, 2016 through May 31, 2017, 101%; June 1, 2017 and thereafter, 100% | June 1, 2032 |
| \$ 69,470,000 | 6.000% | Series 2005E Taxable Bonds Due June 1, 2028 Semi-annual interest only payments through maturity, may be redeemed at the option of the ETASC at anytime in whole or in | June 1, 2016 |

part after June 1, 2015

XII - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

B. Erie Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation (a Blended Component Unit) (Concluded)

| Issue | | \$17,694,720 Term Bond | Projected Final Turbo |
|------------------|-------------|---|-----------------------|
| Amount | <u>Rate</u> | Description | Redemption Date |
| \$ 17,694,720 | 7.650% | Series 2006A Bonds Due June 1, 2060 Semi-annual interest accrued but not payable until maturity, subordinate to the Series 2005 A-E Bonds, subject to redemption at the option of the ETASC anytime after June 1, 2016 at accreted values as follows: June 1, 2016 through May 31, 2017, 102%; June 1, 2017 through May 31, 2018, 101%, thereafter 100% | June 1, 2037 |

Changes in bonds payable for the year ended December 31, 2009 was as follows:

| (000s omitted) | | | | | |
|----------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| \$ | 327,685 (5,2 <u>65</u>) | | | | |
| \$ | 322,420 | | | | |
| | \$ | | | | |

The amount reflected in the statement of net assets for ETASC's bonds payable is net of unamortized discount on the sale of bonds of \$11,442,535 and loss on defeasance of \$22,614,936.

The ETASC's debt service requirements based upon the due dates excluding turbo redemption payments is as follows:

(000s omitted)

| | | | | | Total | | | |
|---------------------------------|----|------------------|----|-----------------|--------------|---------|--|--|
| Twelve months ended December 31 | | <u>Principal</u> | | <u>Interest</u> | Debt Service | | | |
| 2010 | \$ | | \$ | 14,146 | \$ | 14,146 | | |
| 2011 | | | | 14,146 | | 14,146 | | |
| 2012 | | | | 14,146 | | 14,146 | | |
| 2013 | | | | 14,146 | | 14,146 | | |
| 2014 | | | | 14,146 | | 14,146 | | |
| 2015-2019 | | | | 70,732 | | 70,732 | | |
| 2020-2024 | | | | 70,732 | | 70,732 | | |
| 2025-2029 | | 55,360 | | 65,749 | | 121,109 | | |
| 2030-2034 | | 30,330 | | 48,816 | | 79,146 | | |
| 2035-2039 | | 74,685 | | 40,940 | | 115,625 | | |
| 2040-2044 | | | | 27,870 | | 27,870 | | |
| 2045-2049 | | 120,643 | | 24,125 | | 144,768 | | |
| 2050-2054 | | 12,565 | | 34,161 | | 46,726 | | |
| 2055-2059 | | 11,142 | | 36,475 | | 47,617 | | |
| 2060 | | 17,695_ | | 68,359 | | 86,054 | | |
| | \$ | 322,420 | \$ | 558,689 | \$ | 881,109 | | |
| • | | | | | | | | |

XII - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

C. Erie County Medical Center Corporation (a Discretely Presented Component Unit)

Long-term Debt—The following is a summary of long-term bonded debt at December 31, 2009:

Erie County—Guaranteed Senior Revenue Bonds, Series 2004 (interest of 4.1% to 5.7%)

\$ 99,305,000

The Series 2004 bonds are secured by a pledge of the gross receipts of ECMCC and amounts on deposit in certain debt service reserve funds. To the extent that the debt service reserve funds fall below their requirements, the County has agreed to restore such accounts to their requirement.

Pursuant to a Guaranty Agreement the County has unconditionally guaranteed to ECMCC, the punctual payment of the principal of, interest and redemption premium, if any, on the Series 2004 Bonds, as the same shall become due and payable, and has pledged the faith and credit of the County for the performance of such guaranty. A municipal bond insurance policy has been purchased by ECMCC to guarantee all debt service payments in case of default by ECMCC and the County.

The Series 2004 Bonds require ECMCC to make monthly payments to certain debt service accounts for the semiannual payment of interest and the annual payment of principal (principal payments commenced November 1, 2009).

D. Other Long-Term Liabilities

In addition to bonded indebtedness, the County incurs a variety of other long-term liabilities. Descriptions of these liabilities follow:

1. Due to Retirement Systems

As further explained in Note X, retirement liabilities at December 31, 2009 for amounts due in 2010 and future years are reported in the government-wide financial statements as follows:

(000s omitted)

| | Primary overnment | mponent Units | | Reporting Entity | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|----|---------------------|--|--|
| Retirement Liability Outstanding | | | • | 40.000 | | |
| at year-end | \$ 11,580 | \$ 518 | \$ | 12,098 | | |
| Less: Due within one year | 3,575_ | 76_ | | 3,651 | | |
| Due in more than one year | \$ 8,005 | \$ 442 | \$ | 8,447 | | |

The County and its component units have recorded the above retirement liabilities as long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets. In addition, retirement liabilities have been recorded as accrued liabilities as follows: Governmental Activities of \$11.836 million, ECMCC Component Unit of \$10.100 million and Library Component Unit of \$.642 million.

XII - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

D. Other Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

2. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

The value recorded in the government-wide financial statements at December 31, 2009, for governmental activities is \$23,654,097 classified as a long-term liability in the accompanying financial statements. The following governmental funds have been used in prior years to liquidate this liability: General Fund, Capital Projects Funds and the Road, Sewer, Grants and Community Development Special Revenue Funds.

Compensated absences of \$4,201,854 have been reported for business-type activities, classified as fringe benefits payable, on the fund financial statements.

Compensated absences of the ECMCC component unit totaling \$8,600,000 have been reported as an accrued liability. Compensated absences of the Library component unit totaling \$1,768,356 have been reported as a long-term liability.

3. <u>Judgments and Claims</u>

As further explained in Note XV, the County is self-insured. Liabilities are established for workers' compensation, general and malpractice claims in accordance with GASB Statement No. 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues. Estimated long-term contingent loss liabilities of governmental fund types total \$55,020,256 and have been reported as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

Also, as further explained in Notes XII (E) (4) and XV, ECMCC is self-insured and has recorded approximately \$11,500,000 and \$15,650,000 for the long-term portions of medical malpractice and worker's compensation related exposures, respectively.

4. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) – Health Insurance

In applying the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, (adopted during the year ended December 31, 2007), the County recognizes the cost of post-employment healthcare in the year when the employee services are received, reports the accumulated liability from prior years, and provides information useful in assessing potential demands on the County's future cash flows. Recognition of the liability accumulated from prior years will be phased in over 30 years, and commenced with the 2007 liability.

Plan Description - The County provides continuation of medical insurance coverage to employees if they have been continuously employed by the County for the equivalent of at least five years at the time of retirement. The obligation of the County to contribute to the cost of these benefits has been established pursuant to legislative resolution and various collective bargaining agreements. The retiree and his or her beneficiaries receive this coverage for the life of the retiree. Healthcare benefits for non-union employees are similar to those of union employees. The retiree's share of premium costs in most instances range from 0% to 50% depending on the employee group, length of service and year of retirement.

XII - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

D. Other Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Funding Policy - The County currently pays for post-employment health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. These financial statements assume that pay-as-you-go funding will continue.

Annual Other Post-employment Benefit Cost - For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, the County's annual OPEB cost (expense) of \$77,365,604 is equal to the Annual Required Contribution (ARC), which is \$80,207,002 minus certain adjustments which totaled \$2,841,398. Those adjustments were: interest on the net OPEB obligation; adjustment to the ARC; and other adjustments for certain data related to the actuarial assessment at implementation, which were amortized over one year. Considering the annual expense as well as payments for current health insurance premiums, which totaled \$21,539,045 for retirees and their beneficiaries, the result was an increase in the net OPEB obligation of \$55,826,559 for the year ended December 31, 2009.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (000s omitted)

| | G | Sovernmental Activities | Business-type Activities * | | | Primary overnment Total | |
|---|----|-------------------------|----------------------------|---------|----|-------------------------------|--|
| Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) | \$ | 682,793 | \$ | 152,700 | \$ | 835,493 | |
| Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) | Ψ | 682,793 | • | 152,700 | • | 835 493 | |
| Normal cost at beginning of year | | 27,436 | | 5,297 | | 32.733 | |
| Amortization factor based on 30 years | | 17.40 | | 17.40 | | 02,000 | |
| • | | 198.569 | | 50.278 | | 248,847 | |
| Annual Covered Payroll UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | | 343.86% | | 303.71% | | 335.75% | |
| - | | | | | | | |
| Level Dolla Calculation of ARC under | | | od | | | | |
| ARC Normal cost with interest to end of year | \$ | 27,436 | \$ | 5,297 | \$ | 32,733 | |
| (UAAL) over 30 years with interest at end of year | | 38,707 | | 8,767 | | 47,474 | |
| Annual required contribution (ARC) | | 66,143 | | 14,064 | | 80,207 | |
| Interest on Net OPEB Obligation | | 3,607 | | 811 | | 4,418 | |
| Adjustment to ARC | | (5,029) | | (1,130) | | (6,159) | |
| Other adjustments | | (3,429) | | 2,329 | | (1,100) | |
| Annual OPEB cost (expense) | | 61,292 | | 16,074 | | 77,366 | |
| Contribution for fiscal year ended December 31, 2009 | | (18,141) | | (3,398) | | (21,539) | |
| Increase in net OPEB obligation | | 43,151 | | 12,676 | | 55,827 | |
| Net OPEB obligation December 31, 2008 | | 87,315 | | 16,533 | | 103,848_ | |
| Net OPEB obligation December 31, 2009 | \$ | 130,466 | \$ | 29,209 | \$ | 159,675 | |
| Percent of annual OPEB cost contributed | | 29.60% | | 21.14% | | 27.84% | |

^{*} Erie Community College (August 31, 2009)

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2009 and the two proceeding years were as follows:

(000s omitted)

| Fiscal | | | Percentage of | | Net | | |
|------------|-----------|--------|------------------|------------|---------|--|--|
| Year | | Annual | Annual OPEB | OPEB | | | |
| Ended | OPEB Cost | | Cost Contributed | Obligation | | | |
| 12/31/2009 | \$ | 77,366 | 27.84% | \$ | 159,675 | | |
| 12/31/2008 | | 65,085 | 31.58% | | 103,848 | | |
| 12/31/2007 | | 76,799 | 22.77% | | 59,314 | | |

XII - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

D. Other Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Funded Status and Funding Progress – The OPEB plan was unfunded, resulting in an unfunded accrued liability (UAAL) of \$608,687,868 for governmental activities and \$139,486,846 for business-type activities as of the most recent actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2008. The County's schedule of funding progress is presented below:

| (000sc | mitted) |
|--------|---------|
|--------|---------|

| | | | | | | | | Ratio of |
|-------------|---------------|----------------|----|---------|--------------|----|----------------|----------------|
| | | Actuarial | | | | | | UAAL to |
| Actuarial | Actuarial | Accrued | U | nfunded | | | | Budget |
| Valuation | Value of | Liability | | AAL | Funded | (| Covered | Covered |
| <u>Date</u> | <u>Assets</u> | <u>("AAL")</u> | (| "UAAL") | <u>Ratio</u> | | <u>Payroll</u> | <u>Payroll</u> |
| 1/1/2008 | \$ | \$ 748,175 | \$ | 748,175 | | \$ | 256,543 | 291.64% |
| 1/1/2006 | | 736,192 | | 736,192 | | | 243,332 | 302.55% |

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the types of benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and on the historical pattern of cost sharing between the employer and plan members at that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. Included coverages are "experience-rated" and annual premiums for experience-rated coverages were used as a proxy for claims costs with age adjustments for pre-65 and post-65 participants. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized over 30 years on a level dollar open basis.

In the January 1, 2008 actuarial valuation, the liabilities were computed using the projected unit credit method. The actuarial assumptions utilized an inflation rate of 3.25% and a 4.30% investment rate of return. The latter rate is based on the projected long-term earning rate of the assets expected to be available to pay benefits. Because the County does not currently segregate funding for these benefits, the rate selected is the expected return on the County's assets. The valuation assumes healthcare cost trends as follows: pre-65 medical, 9.50%; post-65 medical, 7.50%; and prescription, 11.00%. Healthcare trends are reduced by decrements to reach a rate of 5.00% in 2018.

XII - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

D. Other Long-Term Liabilities (Concluded)

Medical Reimbursements - The County's Medicare Part D prescription drug subsidy, which reduces the cost of retiree healthcare premiums, is accrued as revenue only in the current year. Projected subsidies for future years cannot be recognized as a reduction to the actuarial accrued liability.

5. Bond Anticipation Notes

During the year ended December 31, 2009, the County issued bond anticipation notes in the amount of \$5,218,116. The County refinanced \$3,232,262 of that amount on a long-term basis on June 24, 2010. Accordingly, that portion of the obligation will not require the use of available financial resources and has been reclassified as long-term.

E. Summary of Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2009:

1. Governmental Activities

(000s omitted)

| | | Balance | | | | | | Balance | | | Due Within | | |
|--|-----|---------|-----|-------------------|----|------------|-----|----------|-----|-----|------------|-----|--|
| | | 1/1/09 | | Additions | | Reductions | | 12/31/09 | | | One Year | | |
| Bonds payable for financial | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| statement purposes | \$ | 754,642 | \$ | 62 ⁽¹⁾ | \$ | 51,094 | \$ | 703,610 | | \$ | 44,336 | | |
| Due to New York State and | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Local Employees' | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Retirement System | | 11,175 | | | | 1,605 | | 9,570 | (2) | | 1,702 | (2) | |
| Compensated absences | | 23,143 | | 18,141 | | 17,630 | | 23,654 | | | 14,054 | | |
| Judgments and claims | | 41,075 | | 24,771 | | 10,826 | | 55,020 | | | 11,737 | | |
| OPEB liablity | | 87,315 | | 69,750 | | 26,599 | | 130,466 | | | | | |
| Bond Anticipation Notes | _ | | _ | 3,232 | | | | 3,232 | | _ | | (3) | |
| Governmental activity Long-term liabilities | \$_ | 917,350 | \$_ | 115,956 | \$ | 107,754 | \$_ | 925,552 | : | \$_ | 71,829 | : | |

⁽¹⁾ Includes \$.062 million representing portion of zero coupon bonds discount amortized in current year; remaining unamortized discount is \$0.091 million.

⁽²⁾ In addition, \$11.836 million is recorded as an accrued liability.

⁽³⁾ Detail amortization schedules for the portion of BANs classified as long-term are not readily available.

XII - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

E. <u>Summary of Changes in Long-Term Liabilities</u> (Concluded)

2. <u>Business-Type Activities</u>

(000s omitted)

| | _ | 3alance 9/1/08 | _A | dditions | Red | luctions | _ | Balance 8/31/09 | e Within ne Year |
|--|------------|--------------------------|----|------------------------|---------|----------------------|-----|--------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Retirement Liabilities Compensated Absences & Fringes OPEB Liability | \$ | 2,442 3,776 16,534 | \$ | 4,814 516 16,073 | \$ _ | 5,189 91 3,398 | \$ | 2,067 4,201 29,209 | \$ 1,888 [*] 135 |
| Business-type activity Long-term liabilities | \$ <u></u> | 22,752 | \$ | 21,403 | \$_ | 8,678 | \$_ | 35,477 | \$ 2,023 |

^{*} Includes \$0.057 million of Retirement Incentive Wages, of which \$0.015 million is due within one year.

3. <u>Library Component Unit</u>

(000s omitted)

| | _ | Balance 1/1/09 | ļ | Additions | R | eductions | | 3alance 2/31/09 | | _ | oue Within One Year |
|--|-----|-------------------|------|-----------|-----|-----------|-----|--------------------|-----|------|------------------------|
| Due to New York State and Local Employees' | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Retirement System | \$ | 590 | \$ | 256 | \$ | 328 | \$ | 518 | (1) | \$ | 76 ⁽¹⁾ |
| Compensated Absences | | 1,731 | | 1,060 | | 1,023 | | 1,768 | | | 924 |
| OPEB Liability | | 4,458 | | 3,908 | | 798 | | 7,568 | | | |
| Library Component Unit | _ | | - | *** | _ | | | | | | |
| Long-term liabilities | \$_ | 6,779 | \$ _ | 5,224 | \$= | 2,149 | \$_ | 9,854 | = | \$ _ | 1,000 |

⁽¹⁾ In addition, \$.642 million is recorded as an accrued liability.

4. <u>ECMCC Component Unit</u>

(000s omitted)

| | | Balance 1/1/09 | | Additions | R | eductions | | Balance 12/31/09 | | e Within ne Year |
|-----------------------------|-----|-------------------|------|-----------|-----|-----------|------|---------------------|----|---------------------|
| Bonds Payable for Financial | | | | | | | | | | |
| Statement Purposes | \$ | 101,375 | \$ | | \$ | 2,070 | \$ | 99,305 | \$ | 2,155 |
| Judgments and Claims | | 21,600 | | 17,450 | | 11,900 | | 27,150 | | |
| OPEB Liability | | 21,343 | _ | 35,854 | | 607 | _ | 56,590 | | |
| ECMCC Component Unit | | | _ | | | | _ | | _ | |
| Long-term liabilities | \$_ | 144,318 | \$ _ | 53,304 | \$_ | 14,577 | \$ _ | 183,045 | \$ | 2,155 |

Additional judgments and claims liabilities for worker's compensation and medical malpractice have been recorded by ECMCC as accrued liabilities in the amounts of \$4,500,000 and \$1,000,000, respectively.

XII - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

F. Maturity Schedules

1. Remaining Annual Maturities of Long-Term Liabilities (by Debt Type) – Primary Government

| | | | | | | (000s | om | iitted | l) | | | | |
|-----------|------|----------|-----|----------|-------------------------|----------------------|------|--------|------------------|--------|-------------|----|---------|
| | | | | Serial | | | | + | Compensated | Ju | dgments | | |
| _Year_ | | Total | | Bonds | Re | tirement | | | Absences | 8 | Claims | _ | OPEB |
| 2010 | \$ | 73,852 | \$ | 44,336 | \$ | 3,590 ⁽ | 2) | \$ | 14,189 | \$ | 11,737 | \$ | |
| 2011 | | 47,461 | | 45,479 | | 1,982 | | | | | | | |
| 2012 | | 38,998 | | 37,085 | | 1,913 | | | | | | | |
| 2013 | | 33,638 | | 32,321 | | 1,317 | | | | | | | |
| 2014 | | 33,944 | | 32,561 | | 1,383 | | | | | | | |
| 2015-2019 | | 144,186 | | 142,734 | | 1,452 | | | | | | | |
| 2020-2024 | | 39,782 | | 39,782 | | | | | | | | | |
| 2025-2029 | | 71,023 | | 71,023 | | | | | | | | | |
| 2030-2034 | | 38,643 | | 38,643 | | | | | | | | | |
| 2035-2039 | | 76,435 | | 76,435 | | | | | | | | | |
| 2040-2044 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2045-2049 | | 120,643 | | 120,643 | | | | | | | | | |
| 2050-2054 | | 12,565 | | 12,565 | | | | | | | | | |
| 2055-2059 | | 11,142 | | 11,142 | | | | | | | | | |
| 2060 | | 17,695 | | 17,695 | | | | | | | | | |
| Various | (1) | 216,624 | _ | | | | | | 13,666 | _ | 43,283 | | 159,675 |
| | | 976,631 | | 722,444 | \$_ | 11,637 ⁽² | 2) | \$_ | 27,855 | \$_ | 55,020 | _ | 159,675 |
| | | (91) | | (91) | Rema | ining unam | or | tized | l discount on ze | ero co | oupon bon | ds | |
| | | (11,442) | | (11,442) | Disco | unt on ETA | SC | C bor | nds | | | | |
| | | 16,950 | | 16,950 | Rema | ining unam | or | tized | premium of bo | nd is | suance | | |
| | | (1,636) | | (1,636) | Rema | ining unam | or | tized | deferred amou | ınt oı | n refunding |] | |
| | | (22,615) | | (22,615) | Deferr | ed amount | t or | n refu | unding ETASC | | | | |
| | | 3,232 | (3) | | Bond Anticipation Notes | | | | | | | | |
| | \$ _ | 961,029 | \$_ | 703,610 | Long-l | term liabilit | ies | for t | financial statem | nent | ourposes | | ÷ |

⁽¹⁾ Payment of compensated absences, judgments and claims, and OPEB liability are dependent upon many factors; therefore, timing of future payments is not readily determinable.

⁽²⁾ In addition, \$11.836 million is recorded as an accrued liability.

⁽³⁾ Detail amortization schedules for the portion of BANs classified as long-term are not readily available.

XII - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

F. Maturity Schedules (Continued)

2. <u>Annual Interest Payments Due on Serial Bonds</u>

(000s omitted)

| Year | Prir | nary Gov't * | | oonent Unit ECMCC |
|-----------|------|--------------|-----|----------------------|
| 2010 | \$ | 33,014 | \$ | 5,476 |
| 2011 | | 30,906 | | 5,382 |
| 2012 | | 28,757 | | 5,279 |
| 2013 | | 26,885 | | 5,167 |
| 2014 | | 25,332 | | 23,789 |
| 2015-2019 | | 103,540 | | 19,398 |
| 2020-2024 | | 80,322 | | 13,581 |
| 2025-2029 | | 69,650 | | 5,746 |
| 2030-2034 | | 50,220 | | |
| 2035-2039 | | 41,041 | | |
| 2040-2044 | | 27,870 | | |
| 2045-2049 | | 24,125 | | |
| 2050-2054 | | 34,161 | | |
| 2055-2059 | | 36,475 | | |
| 2060 | | 68,359 | _ | |
| Totals | \$ | 680,657 | \$_ | 83,818 |

^{*} Excludes long-term BAN interest

3. Remaining Annual Maturities of Long-Term Liabilities - Library Component Unit

(000s omitted)

| | | | | | Co | ompensated | | | |
|-----------|-------|-------|----|--------------------|------|------------|------|-------|--|
| Year | Total | | Re | Retirement | | Absences | OPEB | | |
| 2010 | \$ | 1,000 | \$ | 76 ⁽²⁾ | \$ | 924 | \$ | | |
| 2011 | | 80 | | 80 | | | | | |
| 2012 | | 84 | | 84 | | | | | |
| 2013 | | 88 | | 88 | | | | | |
| 2014 | | 93 | | 93 | | | | | |
| 2015-2016 | 6 | 97 | | 97 | | | | | |
| Various | (1) | 8,412 | | | _ | 844 | | 7,568 | |
| | | 9,854 | \$ | 518 ⁽²⁾ | \$ = | 1,768 | \$ | 7,568 | |

⁽¹⁾ Payment of compensated absences is dependent on many factors; therefore, timing of future payments is not readily determinable.

⁽²⁾ In addition, \$.642 million is recorded as an accrued liability.

XII - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

F. <u>Maturity Schedules</u> (Concluded)

4. Remaining Annual Maturities of Long-Term Liabilities - ECMCC Component Unit

| | | | (| 000s omitted) | | |
|-----------|-----|---------|----|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | | | Serial | | |
| Year | | Total | | Bonds | & Claims | OPEB |
| 2010 | \$ | 2,155 | \$ | 2,155 | \$ | \$ |
| 2011 | | 2,250 | | 2,250 | | |
| 2012 | | 2,350 | | 2,350 | | |
| 2013 | | 2,465 | | 2,465 | | |
| 2014 | | 2,585 | | 2,585 | | |
| 2015-2019 | | 15,135 | | 15,135 | | |
| 2020-2024 | | 19,785 | | 19,785 | | |
| 2025-2029 | | 25,960 | | 25,960 | | |
| 2030-2033 | | 26,620 | | 26,620 | | |
| Various* | _ | 83,740 | , | | 27,150 | 56,590 |
| Total | \$_ | 183,045 | \$ | 99,305 | \$ 27,150 | \$ 56,590 |

^{*}Payment of judgments and claims is dependent on many factors; therefore, timing of future payments is not readily determinable.

G. Permanent Financing Requirements

Under New York State statutes, permanent bonding of general County improvements must take place within five years of the date of initial financing. Specially assessed improvements, e.g., sewer, have no limitation as to their period of temporary financing, except that a three-year limitation exists where such financing has been obtained through the New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation. The County has permanently financed all significant indebtedness subject to this permanent financing statute.

XII - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Concluded)

H. Constitutional Debt Limit

The County constitutional debt limit at December 31, 2009 is computed as follows:

| | (000s omitted) |
|---|------------------|
| Five-Year Average Full Valuation of Taxable Real Estate (2005-2009) | \$ 40,288,153 |
| Debt Limit @ 7% | \$ 2,820,171 |
| Net Indebtedness (After Statutory Exclusions) | 436,259 * |
| Net Debt Contracting Margin | \$ 2,383,912 |
| Percentage of Debt Contracting Power Exhausted | 15.47% |

^{*}Net indebtedness includes general obligation bonds of \$499.330 million (excludes ETASC bonds of \$322.420 million and includes ECMCC bond guaranty of \$99.305 million) less sewer bonds for self-supporting sewer districts of \$63.071 million.

I. Operating Leases

Operating lease obligations are primarily for rental of space. Lease expenditures/expenses for the year were approximately \$6,190,000 for the primary government and \$2,100,000 for the ECMCC component unit. The future minimum rental payments required for non-cancelable operating leases are:

(000s omitted)

| Fiscal | F | rimary | ECMCC |
|--------|-----|----------|----------------|
| Year | Gov | vernment | Component Unit |
| 2010 | \$ | 3,680 | \$ 1,058 |
| 2011 | | 2,927 | 944 |
| 2012 | | 1,557 | 418 |
| 2013 | | 651 | 287 |
| 2014 | _ | 39 | 100 |
| Totals | \$ | 8,854 | \$ 2,807 |

XIII - SHORT-TERM DEBT

Short-term debt of the County may include revenue, tax, and/or bond anticipation notes. These notes are reported as a fund liability in the fund receiving the proceeds in accordance with the criteria set forth in Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Statement No. 6, Classification of Short-Term Obligations Expected to be Refinanced, because legal steps have not been taken to refinance the notes on a long-term basis.

The following is a summary of changes in the County's short-term debt for the year ended December 31, 2009:

| Description_ | Balance 1/1/09 | Issued | Redeemed | Balance 12/31/09 |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|------------|-----------|---------------------|
| Bond Anticipation Notes-ECFSA | \$ | \$ 102,675 | \$ | \$ 102,675 |
| Bond Anticipation Notes-Sewer | | 5,218 | 3,277 | 1,941 |
| Revenue Anticipation Notes | 75,000 | | 75,000 | |
| Bond Anticipation Notes-ECFSA | | 64,805 | | 64,805 |
| Note Payable | 303 | | 303 | |
| Total | \$ 75,303 | \$ 172,698 | \$ 78,580 | \$ <u>169,421</u> |

On May 20, 2009, the ECFSA issued bond anticipation notes ("BANs") totaling \$102,675,000 with an interest rate of 2.00%, and at a premium, to fund certain capital projects of the County. On the same date, the ECFSA paid the County \$103,534,867 for the County's own BAN, with an interest rate of 1.14%. This transaction is reported as an interfund receivable and payable. The BANs were paid in 2010 through the issuance of long-term general obligation bonds by the ECFSA as further described in Note XVIII.

On October 27, 2009 The ECFSA issued a BAN totaling \$65,137,450 with an interest rate of 1.25%. On the same date, the ECFSA paid the County \$65,000,000 for the County's Revenue Anticipation Notes ("RAN"). The RAN matures on June 30, 2010 with an interest rate of 0.96%. The RAN was issued in anticipation of the receipt of moneys that will become due during the current fiscal year from sales taxes and the state and federal governments and is recorded in the General Fund as an interfund payable. The proceeds of the notes will be used to pay ordinary and current operating expenses properly payable from the moneys in anticipation of which the notes have been issued.

As discussed in Note XII (D) (5), the County issued bond anticipation notes in the amount of \$5,218,116 during the year ended December 31, 2009 with interest rates of 0.00% and 1.32% that were purchased by the New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation. Of the remaining balance of \$5,173,243 at December 31, 2009, \$3,232,262 was refinanced on a long-term basis on June 24, 2010, and therefore has been classified as long-term. The remaining balance totaling \$1,940,981 has been deemed short-term since they will be repaid with available financial resources. The proceeds will be used to finance Sewer District capital projects.

ETCC, a blended component unit of the County, retired its \$303,196 note payable during 2009. The note was acquired in connection with tax lien sales made by the County to ETCC. Payments against the note payable were made from collections received on such tax liens.

XIV - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund receivables and payables of the County at December 31, 2009, and the Community College at August 31, 2009, consisted of the following:

| | | (000 | s omitted) |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------|------------|
| Receivable Fund | Payable Fund | | Amount |
| General Fund | ECFSA | \$ | 44,329 |
| | Nonmajor Governmental Funds | | 25,428 |
| | Community College | | 2,445 |
| | | | 72,202 |
| ECFSA | General | | 65,000 |
| | Nonmajor Governmental Funds | | 103,535 |
| | | | 168,535 |
| Nonmajor Governmental Funds | ECFSA | | 3,173 |
| • | Nonmajor Governmental Funds | | 4,039 |
| | | | 7,212 |
| Nonmajor Proprietary Fund | Community College | | 527 |
| Community College | General Fund | | 97 |
| , 0 | Nonmajor Governmental Funds | | 1,800 |
| | | | 1,897 |
| Total Receivables | | | 250,373 |
| Less: Timing Differences | | | (2,894) |
| Total Payables | | \$ | 247,479 |

Interfund receivables exceed interfund payables by \$2,893,706. This difference represents interfund receivables in the amounts of \$996,357 and \$1,897,349 recorded by the County and the College respectively that are not reflected as interfund payables in the corresponding balance sheets because of the difference between the County and the College fiscal year end.

All balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

XIV - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

B. Due To/From Component Unit and Primary Government

Amounts due from the ECMCC Component Unit to the Primary Government at December 31, 2009, consisted of the following:

| | | (000s omitted) |
|---|---------------------------------|----------------|
| Receivable Entity | Payable Entity | Amount |
| Primary Government-General Fund | ECMCC Component Unit | \$2,153 |
| Primary Government-Nonmajor Proprietary Fund | ECMCC Component Unit | \$1,563 |
| Nonmajor Governmental Funds | ECMCC Component Unit | \$ 10 |
| ECMCC Component Unit | Primary Government-General Fund | \$1,427_ |

The General Fund receivable from ECMCC includes \$1,040,000 for a disputed rental payment made by the County to ECMCC. ECMCC recognized no liability for the refunding of this payment in its issued 2009 financial statements. The final resolution of this matter occurred in 2010 with ECMCC agreeing that the rent will be offset against a future credit.

An amount of \$1,048,000 due from the primary government to ECMCC for future capital projects is long—term in nature and reported on the government-wide financial statements only. This balance is shown as a reconciling item on the Reconciliation of Statement of Net Assets to Governmental Fund Balances.

XIV - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Concluded)

C. <u>Interfund Transfers</u>

Interfund transfers for the County for the year ended December 31, 2009, and the Community College for the year ended August 31, 2009, consisted of the following:

(000s omitted)

| Transfers Out | Transfers In | | Amount | Purpose - provide financial resources: |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|-----|---------|--|
| General Fund | Nonmajor Governmental Funds | \$ | 3,514 | For the local share of Grant programs |
| | Nonmajor Governmental Funds | | 56,207 | For general debt service |
| | Nonmajor Governmental Funds | | 906 | To support various capital projects |
| | Nonmajor Governmental Funds | | 14,770 | For highway improvements |
| | Community College | | 15,421 | To support College operations |
| | ETCC | _ | 1,091 | To support ETCC operations |
| | | - | 91,909 | |
| ECFSA | General Fund | | 362,183 | For general operations from sales tax receipts |
| | General Fund | | 1,562 | For general operations |
| | Nonmajor Governmental Funds | | 668 | For general debt service |
| | Nonmajor Governmental Funds | | 1,509 | For Grant programs |
| | Nonmajor Governmental Funds | | 449 | For highway operations |
| | Nonmajor Governmental Funds | | 377 | For sewer operations |
| | Nonmajor Governmental Funds | _ | 1,403 | To support various capital projects |
| | | _ | 368,151 | |
| Nonmajor | | | | |
| Governmental Funds | Nonmajor Governmental Funds | | 6,019 | To support various capital projects |
| | Nonmajor Governmental Funds | | 4,411 | For sewer debt service |
| | Nonmajor Governmental Funds | | 100 | For ETASC debt service |
| | Community College | _ | 1,800 | For movable equipment |
| | | _ | 12,330 | |
| Total Transfers | | \$_ | 472,390 | |

XV - CONTINGENCIES

A. Self-Insurance Programs

The County is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County assumes the liability for risks relating to property damage, personal injury liability, medical malpractice and workers' compensation. The County has also elected to purchase some minor policies from commercial insurers to provide for items such as comprehensive crime and boiler/machinery coverage, as well as protection of valuable papers and records; settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Loss contingency liabilities arising from operations of the College are recorded in accordance with GASB 10 by the County and are reported in full within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and in the General Fund when payment is due. They are only recognized as a College liability when invoiced from the County.

Claims and judgments are recognized as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements when it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. These liabilities include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported, and the effects of both specific, incremental claims adjustment expenditures/expenses and estimated recoveries on unsettled claims, if any. Claims and judgments reportable as part of the County's governmental type fund activities are recognized as expenditures and liabilities in the General Fund when payment is due.

The County Attorney is responsible for analyzing the County's claims and judgments and providing an opinion regarding the County's ability to cover its liabilities in the self-insurance programs. Based on this analysis, claims and judgments of \$55,020,256 were recorded as Governmental Activities long-term liabilities at December 31, 2009.

During 2009, the County changed its third party administrator ("TPA") for its workers' compensation program. The new TPA's reserving methodology differed from the prior TPA's methodology and was the major component of the increase in the judgments and claims liabilities included in the County's Governmental Activities long-term liabilities as of December 31, 2009.

In addition, the County has claims in the range of \$220,000 to \$3,975,000 for which there is a reasonable possibility of a future loss. No accrual has been recorded for such possible losses as of December 31, 2009. The County is a defendant in various other lawsuits. Although the outcome of these suits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the County Attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the County's financial condition or results of operations.

The amounts and classifications of the claims and judgments noted above are based upon information and opinions from the County Attorney.

XV - CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

A. <u>Self-Insurance Programs</u> (Concluded)

The changes since December 31, 2007 in the reported governmental fund liability for risk financing activities were as follows:

| | | | C | urrent-Year | | | | |
|------|-----|---------------|----|-------------|----|----------|----|-----------|
| | | | C | laims and | | | | |
| | В | eginning of | C | hanges in | | Claim | В | alance at |
| | _ Y | ear Liability | | Estimates | F | Payments | | ear End |
| 2008 | \$ | 147,158 | \$ | 601,582 | \$ | 147,158 | \$ | 601,582 |
| 2009 | | 601,582 | | 1,017,217 | | 601,582 | | 1,017,217 |

Erie County Medical Center Corporation

Losses from asserted and unasserted claims identified under ECMCC's incident reporting system are accrued based on estimates that incorporate ECMCC's past experience, the nature of each claim or incident, relevant trend factors, and estimated recoveries on unsettled claims. Approximately \$12,500,000 has been accrued at December 31, 2009 discounted at 4.25% and included as liabilities in the accompanying statement of net assets. The County assumed ECMCC's malpractice liability for periods prior to 2004 and, under terms of a consent decree, has agreed to provide ECMCC indemnification for malpractice related exposures of up to \$1 million for each of 2006 and 2007. There are claims in the range of \$210,000 to \$1,150,000 for which there is a reasonable possibility of a future loss related to this consent decree. No accrual has been recorded by the County for such possible losses. Additionally, ECMCC purchased excess insurance for medical malpractice starting November 19, 2008. The policy provides \$20 million of coverage in excess of \$5 million of individual claims or \$7 million in aggregate claims. In addition, ECMCC has recorded liabilities of approximately \$20,150,000 for worker's compensation related exposure, discounted at 3.5%.

B. Sales Tax Audits

The State of New York periodically audits its distribution of sales tax revenues to counties throughout the State. Subsequent revisions to the revenues recorded as of December 31, 2009, if any, would be reflected in the operating statement in the year that they are calculated.

C. Supplemental 1% Sales Tax

Through legislation approved by the County and the State of New York, the County extended an additional 1% sales and compensating use tax. This tax generated approximately \$133.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2009. The enabling legislation allowing this additional tax expires November 30, 2010. An added requirement of this legislation is that the County is required to share \$12.5 million of this tax with other local municipalities commencing in 2007. Legislative approval by both New York State and the County is required for the continuation of this revenue source.

D. Supplemental 0.25% Sales Tax

Through legislation approved by the County and the State of New York, the County initiated an additional 0.25% sales and compensating use tax effective July 1, 2005. This tax generated approximately \$33.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2009. The enabling legislation allowing this additional tax expires November 30, 2011. Legislative approval by both New York State and the County is required for the continuation of this revenue source.

XV - CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

E. Supplemental 0.50% Sales Tax

The County Legislature approved a home rule message requesting approval of the New York State Legislature to raise the sales tax ½% to 8.75%. The New York State Legislature approved the Sales Tax Request in January 2006 and the County Legislature enacted the tax increase effective January 15, 2006. This tax generated approximately \$66.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2009. The enabling legislation allowing this additional tax was extended during the year and expires November 30, 2011.

F. Federal and State Aid

The County receives Federal and State aid for a portion of its mandated social services programs, such as Medicaid, Family Assistance and Safety Net, which it categorizes as "Economic Assistance and Opportunity" functional expenditures. The Safety Net program receives State, but not Federal aid. The County appropriates only the local share of Medicaid. It appropriates total expenditures for Family Assistance and Safety Net, and shows State and (in the case of the former) Federal aid as revenue items. Federal and State aid represent approximately 49% of 2010 County appropriations for social services programs.

The County also receives certain Federal, State and private grants. These grants are used primarily to augment current operations, and for special demonstration projects and programs. Should funding of any such grant be stopped at any point, the County may assume the cost thereof in its operating budget or suspend the programs funded by such grant.

The Federal and State governments are not constitutionally obligated to maintain or continue current levels of Federal and State aid to the County. Accordingly, no assurance can be given that present Federal and State aid levels will be maintained in the future. Federal and State budgetary restrictions which may eliminate or substantially reduce Federal or State aid could have a material adverse effect upon the County, requiring either a counterbalancing increase in revenues from other sources to the extent available or a curtailment of non-mandated expenditures. Social Services and Medicaid expenditures are generally mandated by New York State law.

G. Other Contingent Liabilities

1. Financial Assistance Audits

As discussed above, the County receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal and state governmental agencies and third-party payors. The disbursement of moneys received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the related agreements and are subject to audit by the funding agencies or payors. Any disallowed expenditures resulting from such audits could become a liability of the governmental or proprietary funds. At December 31, 2009, ECMCC, a component unit of the County, has recorded \$18,749,000 as an accrued liability, for probable third-party payor settlements. The amount of any other expenditures that may be disallowed cannot be determined at this time, although ECMCC expects such amounts to be immaterial.

XV - CONTINGENCIES (Concluded)

G. Other Contingent Liabilities (Concluded)

2. Pollution Remediation

In connection with the implementation of GASB Statement No. 49, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations, the County has identified two pollution remediation sites that trigger the obligating event criteria. The County is aware that the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation has classified these sites as Class 2 meaning that remediation action is required due to a significant threat posed to the public health or environment. Although a loss is probable, it is not possible at this time to reasonably estimate the amount of any obligation for remediation that would be material to the County's financial statements because the extent of environmental impact, allocation among the potentially responsible parties, remediation alternatives (which could involve no or minimal efforts), and concurrence of the regulatory authorities have not yet advanced to the stage where a reasonable estimate of any loss that would be material to the enterprise can be made.

XVI - FUND BALANCE DESIGNATIONS

Designations are not required segregations, but are segregated for a specific purpose by the County at December 31, 2009 and were as follows:

| | | (000s omitted) | |
|------------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|------------|
| | | Other | Total |
| | | Governmental | Primary |
| | General | Funds | Government |
| Designated for: | • | | |
| Subsequent year's expenditures | \$ 21,035 | \$ 6,180 | \$ 27,215 |
| Total Fund Balance Designations | \$ 21,035 | \$ <u>6,180</u> | \$ 27,215 |

XVII - JOINT VENTURE

Pursuant to authority provided by New York State statute, a regional off-track betting corporation was established in 1973 to operate a system of off-track pari-mutuel betting within the Western New York area. This public benefit corporation, known as the Western Regional Off-Track Betting Corporation ("Corporation"), is governed by a board of directors comprised of one member from each participating county and city. The Corporation's net revenue is divided among the participating counties, with one-half being distributed based on population and the remainder based on each entity's share of the total wagering in the region. A county containing an eligible city that has elected to participate in the Corporation must relinquish a portion of the revenue to which it would otherwise be entitled to such city in an amount equal to the percentage of the county population attributable to the city. In the case of Erie County, both the County and the City of Buffalo participate in the Corporation.

The Corporation has the power to issue bonds and notes to carry out the purposes for which it was formed. Such bonds, notes or other, obligations are not a debt of the participating municipalities, and they may only be paid from the Corporation's funds.

XVII - JOINT VENTURE (Concluded)

Corporation total undistributed net revenue decreased by \$1,250,822 for the year ended December 31, 2009. The Corporation reported a net revenue available for distribution to participating municipalities of \$2,685,749. In addition, cumulative net revenue retained for capital acquisitions was \$23,672,908 at December 31, 2009. The unexpended balance of funds retained for capital acquisitions cannot exceed the lesser of 1% of total pari-mutuel wagering pools for the previous 12 months or the undepreciated value of the Corporation's offices, facilities, and premises. Separate financial statements for this joint venture can be obtained from the Corporation's Comptroller at 8315 Park Road, Batavia, New York, 14020.

XVIII - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Bond Sales

The ECFSA issued bonds totaling \$157,995,000 on May 18, 2010, in part to pay their \$102,675,000 BAN issued in 2009, at a premium. On the same date, the ECFSA paid the County \$173,713,459 for the County's own bonds. The proceeds will be used by the County to fund certain capital improvements.

On June 16, 2010 the ECFSA issued bonds in the amount of \$88,540,000 to advance refund \$89,985,000 of outstanding 1993 and 1998 to 2003 public improvement serial bonds of the County maturing in the years 2010 to 2022. The interest rate on the refunding bonds is 2.0% - 5.0%, and they mature in the years 2010 through 2022. On the same date, the County issued mirror bonds in the amount of \$88,540,000 to the ECFSA.

As discussed further in Notes XII (D) (5) and XIII, on June 24, 2010 the County refinanced \$3,232,262 of Bond Anticipation Notes on a long-term basis.

Revenue Anticipation Notes

The ECFSA issued \$44,815,000 of Revenue Anticipation Notes ("RAN") dated August 12, 2010 with an interest rate of 1.25%. On the same date, the ECFSA paid the County \$45,045,900 for the County's own RAN with an interest rate of 0.881%. The County's RANs were issued in anticipation of the receipt of monies that will become due during the current fiscal year from sales taxes and the State and Federal governments. The proceeds of the County's notes will be used to pay ordinary and current operating expenses properly payable from the monies in anticipation of which the notes have been issued. The notes mature on June 30, 2011.

Due From Component Unit

As discussed in Note XIV (B), the reported difference in Due To/From the ECMCC Component Unit and Primary Government was resolved in 2010.

Dissolution of ETCC

In July 2010 the ETCC Board of Directors adopted a series of resolutions that in part facilitate (i) the termination of the third-party servicing agreement effective September 1, 2010 and (ii) ETCC's servicing of its own tax liens from September 1, 2010 until ETCC is completely dissolved on or before December 31, 2010. As part of the dissolution, all remaining assets of the Corporation will be transferred to the County.

* * * * * *

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The schedule of funding progress presents the results of OPEB valuations as of January 1, 2008, and 2006 and provides trend information about whether the actuarial values of the plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Schedule of Funding Progress Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) – Health Insurance (amounts expressed in thousands)

| Actuarial Valuation <u>Date</u> | Actuarial Value of <u>Assets</u> | Actuarial Accrued Liability (1) ("AAL") | Unfunded AAL ("UAAL") | Funded <u>Ratio</u> | Covered <u>Payroll</u> | Ratio of UAAL to Budget Covered Payroll | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---|--|
| 1/1/2008 | \$ | \$ 748,175 | \$ 748,175 | \$ | \$ 256,543 | 291.64% | |
| 1/1/2006 | | 736,192 | 736,192 | | 243,332 | 302.55% | |

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Based on the Projected Unit Credit Actuarial Cost Method

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

These financial statements and schedules provide more detailed information than is presented in the basic financial statements.

Combining statements are presented for the non-major governmental funds.

Individual fund statements and schedules present the following:

- Comparisons of budgetary and actual data for certain Special Revenue Funds and the Debt Service Fund.
- Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities for the Agency Fund
- Fund financial statements for the discretely presented Library component unit.

Combining statements are presented for the discretely presented Other component units.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. These funds include the Road, Sewer, Downtown Mall, E-911, Emergency Response, Grants and Community Development Funds. In addition the Erie Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation (ETASC) and Erie Tax Certificate Corporation (ETCC) General Funds are presented as nonmajor Special Revenue Funds.

Road Special Revenue Fund

Used to account for all revenues and expenditures related to the maintenance of County roads and bridges, snow removal, construction and reconstruction of County roads not required to be recorded in a Capital Projects Fund.

Sewer Special Revenue Fund

Used to account for the activities of the various sewer districts currently in operation within the County.

Downtown Mall Special Revenue Fund

Used to account for revenues raised through a special district charge levy and the subsequent expenditure of these monies for the operation and maintenance of a downtown pedestrian/transit mall.

E-911 Special Revenue Fund

Used to account for revenues raised through a telephone access line surcharge and the subsequent expenditure of these monies for the establishment and maintenance of an enhanced 911 emergency telephone system.

Emergency Response Special Revenue Fund

Used to account for revenues received from the Federal Emergency Management Agency and expenditures associated with the on-going clean up of major winter storm damage that occurred in October 2006.

Grants Special Revenue Fund

Used to account for federal and state operating grants (except the Community Development Block Grant) earmarked for specific programs, so that grantor accounting and reporting requirements can be satisfied.

ETASC (General Fund) Special Revenue Fund

Used to account for all financial resources associated with ETASC except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

ETCC (General Fund) Special Revenue Fund

Used to account for the collection activities of a special purpose local development corporation that has acquired all of the County's rights, title and interest to certain outstanding real property tax liens.

Community Development Special Revenue Fund

Used to assist participating municipalities in the development of locally approved community or economic development activities that are eligible under federal program regulations.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Concluded)

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service Funds are used to account for current payments of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, and for financial resources that have been accumulated to make future principal and interest payments on general long term indebtedness.

Debt Service Fund

Used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and for the payment of, general long-term bond principal, interest and related costs of the County.

• ETASC Debt Service Fund

Used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and for the payment of, general long-term bond principal, interest and related costs of the ETASC.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities:

General Government Buildings, Equipment and Improvements Fund

Used to account for capital projects administered by the Department of Public Works involving the acquisition, construction, or reconstruction of major or permanent facilities having a relatively long useful life and equipment purchased from the proceeds of long-term debt.

Highways, Roads, Bridges and Equipment Fund

Utilized to account for capital projects administered by the Department of Public Works for the construction or reconstruction of County roads and bridges and the acquisition of equipment not accounted for in the Road Fund.

• Sewers, Facilities, Equipment and Improvements Fund

Used to account for capital projects relating to the construction and acquisition of sewer facilities and equipment by the operating sewer districts.

Tobacco Proceeds Fund

Used to account for the net proceeds from the County's securitization of its share of the 1998 Master Settlement Agreement with the tobacco industry that will be used to fund capital projects that otherwise would have been supported by operating funds or the issuance of bonds

Special Capital Projects Fund

Utilized to account for capital projects administered by departments other than Public Works that are primarily for the acquisition or construction of buildings, improvements and equipment.

Erie County Medical Center Corporation (ECMCC) Capital Projects Fund

Utilized to account for capital projects that are for the acquisition or construction of buildings, improvements and equipment for the Erie County Medical Center Corporation.

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2009 (amounts expressed in thousands)

| Road Road Sewer Mall E-911 Emergency Response Grants General ETASC Community Development Total |
|--|
| Cash and cash equivalents 1,231 \$ 18,439 \$ 1 \$ 1,423 \$ \$ \$ \$ 126 \$ 1,397 \$ \$ 22,617 Investments Receivables (net of allowances) Real property taxes, interest, penalities and liens 38 1,256 1,515 1,553 1,553 1,553 1,553 1,553 1,553 1,553 1,553 1,553 1,553 1,555 1,553 1,555 1,553 1,555 |
| Investments Receivables (net of allowances) Real property taxes, interest, penalties and liens 38 1,515 1,553 1,553 1,553 1,553 1,553 1,553 1,553 1,553 1,553 1,553 1,553 1,553 1,555 |
| Other 16 331 1,256 26,836 28,439 Due from other funds 449 4,412 1,525 5 6,391 Due from component unit 10 Total sosets 786 102 1,518 18,444 18,444 1,658 22,508 Prepaid items 1,556 1,556 5 5 1,618 |
| Due from other funds 449 4,412 1,525 5 6,391 Due from component unit 10 |
| Due from component unit 10 |
| Due from other governments 786 102 1,556 1,558 1,558 22,508 Prepaid items \$ 2,476 \$ 24,525 \$ 39 \$ 1,754 \$ 1,518 \$ 21,225 \$ 186 \$ 2,912 \$ 28,494 \$ 83,129 Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 656 \$ 766 \$ 38 \$ 2,490 \$ 4 \$ 55 \$ 1,169 \$ 5,178 Accrued liabilities 956 2,750 39 1 1,077 1,250 82 6,155 |
| Prepaid items 1,556 55 1,611 Total assets \$ 2,476 \$ 24,525 \$ 39 \$ 1,754 \$ 1,518 \$ 21,225 \$ 186 \$ 2,912 \$ 28,494 \$ 83,129 Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 656 \$ 766 \$ 38 \$ 2,490 \$ 4 \$ 55 \$ 1,169 \$ 5,178 Accrued liabilities 956 2,750 39 1 1,077 1,250 82 6,155 |
| Total assets \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\ |
| Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 656 \$ 766 \$ 38 \$ 2,490 \$ 4 \$ 55 \$ 1,169 \$ 5,178 Accrued liabilities 956 2,750 39 1 1,077 1,250 82 6,155 |
| Accounts payable \$ 656 \$ 766 \$ \$ 38 \$ \$ 2,490 \$ 4 \$ 55 \$ 1,169 \$ 5,178 Accrued liabilities 956 2,750 39 1 1,077 1,250 82 6,155 |
| Accrued liabilities 956 2,750 39 1 1,077 1,250 82 6,155 |
| |
| |
| Due to other funds 1,518 14,131 1,607 355 17,611 Due to other governments 33 1 34 |
| Retained percentages payable 8 |
| Uneamed revenue 3,494 26,887 30,381 |
| Deferred revenue |
| Short-term debt |
| Total liabilities 1,612 3,524 39 39 1,518 21,225 4 2,912 28,494 59,367 |
| Fund balances: |
| Reserved for: |
| Encumbrances 864 3,399 428 4,691 Debt service |
| Prepaid items 1,556 55 1,611 |
| F-911 system costs 1,287 1,287 |
| Unreserved, reported in: |
| Special revenue funds |
| Designated 5,517 5,517 |
| Undesignated 10,529 127 10,656 |
| Capital projects fund |
| Designated Company Com |
| Undesignated (Deficit) |
| Total fund balances (Deficit) 864 21,001 0 1,715 0 0 182 0 0 23,762 |
| Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 2,476 \$ 24,525 \$ 39 \$ 1,754 \$ 1,518 \$ 21,225 \$ 186 \$ 2,912 \$ 28,494 \$ 83,129 |

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2009 (amounts expressed in thousands)

| | <i>t.</i> | - Debt Service - | , | , | | | Capital Projects | | | , | |
|--|-----------------|--------------------|---------------------|--|---|--|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|---|---|
| | Debt Service | ETASC Debt Service | Total | General Government Buildings, Equipment and Improvements | Highways, Roads, Bridges and Equipment | Sewers, Facilities Equipment and Improvements | Tobacco Proceeds | Special Capital Projects | ECMCC Capital Projects | Total | Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds |
| Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables (net of allowances) Real property taxes, interest, penalties | \$ 12,316 | \$ 20,455 | \$ 12,316 20,455 | \$ 58,347 | \$ 17,667 | \$ 11,848 | \$ 29 300 | \$ 5,925 | \$ 3,889 | \$ 97,705 300 | \$ 132,638 20,755 |
| and liens Other Due from other funds Due from component unit | 2 | 2 | 4 | 821 | | | | | | 821 | 1,553 28,443 7,212 10 |
| Due from other governments Prepaid items Total assets | \$ 12,605 | \$ 20,457 | \$ 33,062 | \$ 59,276 | 10,044 \$ 27,711 | \$ 11,862 | \$ 329 | 75 \$ 6,000 | \$ 3,889 | 10,241 \$ 109,067 | 33,036 1,611 \$ 225,258 |
| Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governments Retained percentages payable Unearned revenue Deferred revenue Short-term debt | \$ 69 | 42 3 | \$ 69 42 | \$ 2,868 808 57,064 | \$ 3,259 1,886 42,628 898 155 | \$ 2,338 53 4,033 439 | \$ | \$ 130 11,621 467 | \$ 89 3 2 15 | \$ 8,684 2,750 115,348 898 1,273 155 | \$ 13,862 8,974 133,001 932 1,281 30,536 3 1,941 |
| Total liabilities Fund balances: | 69 | 45 | 114 | 61,092 | 48,826 | 8,804 | 0 | 12,218 | 109 | 131,049 | 190,530 |
| Reserved for: Encumbrances Debt service Prepaid items E-911 system costs Unreserved, reported in: Special revenue funds | 12,536 | 20,412 | 32,948 | 14,052 | 21,182 | 10,549 | | 480 | 972 | 47,235 | 51,926 32,948 1,611 1,287 |
| Designated Undesignated Capital projects fund | | | | | | | | | | | 5,517 10,656 |
| Designated Undesignated (Deficit) | | | | (15,868) | (42,297) | (7,491) | 40 289 | (6,698) | 623 2,185 | 663 (69,880) | 663 (69,880) |
| Total fund balances (Deficit) | 12,536 | 20,412 | 32,948 | (1,816) | (21,115) | 3,058 | 329 | (6,218) | 3,780 | (21,982) | 34,728 |
| Total liabilities and fund balances | \$ 12,605 | \$ 20,457 | \$ 33,062 | \$ 59,276 | \$ 27,711 | \$ 11,862 | \$ 329 | \$ 6,000 | \$ 3,889 | \$ 109,067 | \$ 225,258 |

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the year ended December 31, 2009
(amounts expressed in thousands)

Special Revenue -----

| Parameter | Road | Sewer | Downtown Mall | E-911 | Emergency Response | Grants | ETASC General | ETCC | Community Development | Total |
|---|-------------------|----------------|------------------|-------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|------------------|---------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Revenues: Real property taxes and tax items Sales and use taxes Transfer taxes | \$ 8,553 | \$ 30,746 | \$ 1,272 | \$ 3,625 | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ 32,018 3,625 8,553 |
| Intergovernmental Interfund revenues | 7,474 53 | 90 | | | 11 | 38,701 | | | 5,431 | 51,707 53 |
| Departmental Interest | 146 | 7,903 169 | | | | 2,646 | | 3 | 795 | 11,490 172 |
| Miscellaneous | 21 | 124 | | | | 706 | | | 27 | 878 |
| Total revenues | 16,247 | 39,032 | 1,272 | 3,625 | 11_ | 42,053 | 0 | 3 | 6,253 | 108,496 |
| Expenditures: Current: | | | | | | | | 4 *** | | 2.642 |
| General government support Public safety Health | | | 1,272 | 4,437 | | 4,393 9,215 14,024 | 155 | 1,093 | | 6,913 13,652 14,024 |
| Transportation Economic assistance and opportunity Culture and recreation | 22,171 | | | | | 18,193 6 | | | 191 | 22,171 18,384 6 |
| Education Home and community service | | 20.440 | | | 11 | 72 | | | 6,062 | 72 39,688 |
| Capital outlay Debt service: Principal retirement | | 32,442 | | | 11 | 1,173 | | | 6,062 | 29,000 |
| Interest and fiscal charges | | 27 | | | | | | 1 | | 28 |
| Total expenditures | 22,171 | 32,469 | 1,272 | 4,437 | 11 | 47,076 | 155 | 1,094 | 6,253 | 114,938 |
| (Deficiency) excess of revenues over expenditures | (5,924) | 6,563 | 0 | (812) | 0 | (5,023) | (155) | (1,091) | | (6,442) |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | <u> </u> | | | | | | | | |
| Issuance of general obligation debt Transfers in Transfers out | 15,219 (4,540) | 377 (5,562) | | | | 5,023 | 100 | 1,091 | | 21,810 (10,102) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 10,679 | (5,185) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5,023 | 100 | 1,091 | 0 | 11,708 |
| Net change in fund balances | 4,755 | 1,378 | 0 | (812) | 0 | 0 | (55) | 0 | 0 | 5,266 |
| Fund balances (Deficit) at beginning of year | (3,891) | 19,623 | | 2,527 | | | 237 | | | 18,496 |
| Fund balances (Deficit) at end of year | \$ 864 | \$ 21,001 | \$ 0 | \$ 1,715 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 182 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 23,762 |

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the year ended December 31, 2009
(amounts expressed in thousands)

| (amounts expressed in thousands) | / | Debt Service | | / / | | | Capital Projec | ts | | / | |
|--|------------------|-----------------------|------------------|--|---|--|---------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| | Debt Service | ETASC Debt Service | Total | General Government Buildings, Equipment and Improvements | Highways, Roads, Bridges and Equipment | Sewers, Facilities Equipment and Improvements | Tobacco Proceeds | Special Capital Projects | ECMCC Capital Projects | Total | Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds |
| Revenues: Real property taxes and tax items Sales and use taxes | \$ | \$. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ 32,018 3,625 |
| Transfer taxes Intergovernmental Interfund revenues | 1,150 | 19,422 | 20,572 | 596 91 | 12,831 | 22 | | 546 | | 13,995 91 | 8,553 86,274 144 |
| Departmental Interest Miscellaneous | 1,093 | 13 | 1,106 | 141 | 447 | 1,08 4 61 | | 37 | | 1,709 61 0 | 13,199 1,339 878 |
| Total revenues | 2,243 | 19,435 | 21,678 | 828 | 13,278 | 1,167 | 0 | 583 | 0 | 15,856 | 146,030 |
| Expenditures: Current: General government support | | 12 | 12 | | | | | | | | 6,925 |
| Public safety Health Transportation Economic assistance and opportunity Culture and recreation | | | | | | | | | | | 13,652 14,024 22,171 18,384 6 |
| Education Home and community service Capital outlay Debt service: | | | | 14,954 | 35,180 | 7,388 | | 1,262 | 723 | 59,507 | 72 39,688 59,507 |
| Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges | 44,949 20,944 | 5,265 13,539 | 50,214 34,483 | | | | | | | | 50,214 34,511 |
| Total expenditures | 65,893 | 18,816 | 84,709 | 14,954 | 35,180 | 7,388 | 0 | 1,262 | 723 | 59,507 | 259,154 |
| (Deficiency) excess of revenues over expenditures | (63,650) | 619 | (63,031) | (14,126) | (21,902) | (6,221) | 0 | (679) | (723) | (43,651) | (113,124) |
| Other financing sources (uses) : Issuance of general obligation debt Transfers in Transfers out | 61,286 | (100) | 61,286 (100) | 2,522 | 4,605 (65) | 3,232 1,151 | (263) | 50 (1,800) | | 3,232 8,328 (2,128) | 3,232 91,424 (12,330) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 61,286 | (100) | 61,186 | 2,522 | 4,540 | 4,383 | (263) | (1,750) | 0 | 9,432 | 82,326 |
| Net change in fund balances | (2,364) | 519 | (1,845) | (11,604) | (17,362) | (1,838) | (263) | (2,429) | (723) | (34,219) | (30,798) |
| Fund balances (Deficit) at beginning of year | 14,900 | 19,893 | 34,793 | 9,788 | (3,753) | 4,896 | 592 | (3,789) | 4,503 | 12,237 | 65,526 |
| Fund balances (Deficit) at end of year | \$ 12,536 | \$ 20,412 | \$ 32,948 | \$ (1,816) | \$ (21,115) | \$ 3,058 | \$ 329 | \$ (6,218) | \$ 3,780 | \$ (21,982) | \$ 34,728 |

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK
Road Special Revenue Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis of Accounting)
For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009
(amounts expressed in thousands)

| Transfer taxes \$ 9,250 \$ 9,250 \$ 8,553 \$ (697) Intergovernmental 6,622 6,622 7,474 852 Interfund revenue 100 100 53 (47) Departmental 81 81 146 65 Miscellaneous 8 16 21 5 Total revenues 16,061 16,069 16,247 178 Expenditures: Transportation 25,482 24,330 22,926 1,404 (Deficiency) excess of revenues over expenditures (9,421) (8,261) (6,679) 1,582 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 12,711 12,801 15,219 2,418 Transfers out (3,290) (4,540) (4,540) | (amounts expressed in thousands) | | Original Final Budget Budget | | Budgetary Actual | | Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative) | | |
|---|----------------------------------|----|---------------------------------|------|---------------------|----|--|----|-------|
| Intergovernmental 6,622 6,622 7,474 852 Interfund revenue 100 100 53 (47) Departmental 81 81 146 65 Miscellaneous 8 16 21 5 Total revenues 16,061 16,069 16,247 178 Expenditures: 7 8 2 2 2,926 1,404 1 1 2 2,926 1,404 1 2 2,629 1 3 2 2,926 | Revenues: | • | 0.050 | • | 0.050 | • | 0.550 | • | (007) |
| Interfund revenue | | Þ | | ⊅ | | Ф | , | Ф | , . |
| Departmental 81 81 146 65 | | | | | , | | , | | |
| Miscellaneous 8 16 21 5 Total revenues 16,061 16,069 16,247 178 Expenditures: Transportation 25,482 24,330 22,926 1,404 (Deficiency) excess of revenues over expenditures (9,421) (8,261) (6,679) 1,582 Other financing sources (uses): 12,711 12,801 15,219 2,418 Transfers in Transfers out (3,290) (4,540) (4,540) (4,540) Total other financing sources 9,421 8,261 10,679 2,418 Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing 4,540 4,540 4,540 4,540 4,540 4,540 4,540 4,540 4,540 4,541 5,679 2,418 4,541 5,679 6,679 6,679 7,418 7,418 7,418 7,418 7,418 7,418 7,418 7,418 7,418 7,418 7,418 7,418 7,418 7,418 7,418 7,418 7,418 7,418 7,418 7,4 | | | | | | | | | |
| Total revenues 16,061 16,069 16,247 178 Expenditures: Transportation 25,482 24,330 22,926 1,404 (Deficiency) excess of revenues over expenditures (9,421) (8,261) (6,679) 1,582 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 12,711 12,801 15,219 2,418 Transfers out (3,290) (4,540) (4,540) (4,540) 2,418 Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing 9,421 8,261 10,679 2,418 | | | | | | | | | |
| Expenditures: Transportation 25,482 24,330 22,926 1,404 (Deficiency) excess of revenues over expenditures (9,421) (8,261) (6,679) 1,582 Other financing sources (uses): 12,711 12,801 15,219 2,418 Transfers out (3,290) (4,540) (4,540) Total other financing sources 9,421 8,261 10,679 2,418 Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing 2,418 | | | | ···· | | | | | |
| Transportation 25,482 24,330 22,926 1,404 (Deficiency) excess of revenues over expenditures (9,421) (8,261) (6,679) 1,582 Other financing sources (uses): 12,711 12,801 15,219 2,418 Transfers out (3,290) (4,540) (4,540) Total other financing sources 9,421 8,261 10,679 2,418 Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing expenditures and other financing 4,540 4,540 4,540 4,541 | l'otal revenues | | 16,061 | | 16,069 | | 16,247 | | 1/8 |
| (Deficiency) excess of revenues over expenditures (9,421) (8,261) (6,679) 1,582 Other financing sources (uses): 12,711 12,801 15,219 2,418 Transfers out (3,290) (4,540) (4,540) Total other financing sources 9,421 8,261 10,679 2,418 Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing | Expenditures: | | | | | | | | |
| over expenditures (9,421) (8,261) (6,679) 1,582 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 12,711 12,801 15,219 2,418 Transfers out (3,290) (4,540) (4,540) Total other financing sources 9,421 8,261 10,679 2,418 Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing Excess of revenues | Transportation | | 25,482 | | 24,330 | | 22,926 | | 1,404 |
| Other financing sources (uses): 12,711 12,801 15,219 2,418 Transfers out (3,290) (4,540) (4,540) Total other financing sources 9,421 8,261 10,679 2,418 Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing 2,418 | (Deficiency) excess of revenues | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in 12,711 12,801 15,219 2,418 Transfers out (3,290) (4,540) (4,540) Total other financing sources 9,421 8,261 10,679 2,418 Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing 2,418 2,418 2,418 | over expenditures | | (9,421) | | (8,261) | | (6,679) | | 1,582 |
| Transfers in 12,711 12,801 15,219 2,418 Transfers out (3,290) (4,540) (4,540) Total other financing sources 9,421 8,261 10,679 2,418 Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing 2,418 2,418 2,418 | Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers out (3,290) (4,540) (4,540) Total other financing sources 9,421 8,261 10,679 2,418 Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing | ` ' | | 12.711 | | 12.801 | | 15,219 | | 2,418 |
| Total other financing sources 9,421 8,261 10,679 2,418 Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing | Transfers out | | | | • | | | | , |
| and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing | Total other financing sources | | | | | | | | 2,418 |
| | and other financing sources over | | | | | | | | |
| | · | \$ | 0 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 4,000 | \$ | 4,000 |

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK
Sewer Special Revenue Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis of Accounting)
For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009
(amounts expressed in thousands)

| | Original Budget | | | Final Budget | | Budgetary Actual | | l Budget- ositive egative) |
|---|--------------------|---------|----|-----------------|----|---------------------|----|----------------------------------|
| Revenues: | | | _ | | _ | | _ | (20) |
| Real property taxes and tax items | \$ | 30,818 | \$ | 30,818 | \$ | 30,746 | \$ | (72) 90 |
| Intergovernmental | | 7.500 | | 7 500 | | 90 | | 90 371 |
| Departmental | | 7,532 | | 7,532 671 | | 7,903 169 | | |
| Interest | | 671 | | • • • | | | | (502) |
| Miscellaneous | | 179 | | 179 | | 124 | | (55) |
| Total revenues | | 39,200 | | 39,200 | | 39,032 | | (168) |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | 07.705 | | 07.705 | | 24 004 | | E 024 |
| Home and community service | | 37,725 | | 37,725 | | 31,891 | | 5,834 |
| Debt Service: | | | | 07 | | 07 | | |
| Interest and fiscal charges | | 07 705 | | 27 | | 27 | | E 924 |
| Total expenditures | | 37,725 | | 37,752 | | 31,918 | | 5,834 |
| Excess of revenues | | | | | | | | (= ===) |
| over expenditures | | 1,475 | | 1,448 | | 7,114_ | - | (5,666) |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | | | | | 377 | | 377 |
| Transfers out | | (6,431) | | (6,404) | | (5,562) | | 842 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | ### · · · | (6,431) | | (6,404) | | (5,185) | | 1,219 |
| (Deficiency) excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing | | | | | | | | |
| uses | _\$ | (4,956) | \$ | (4,956) | \$ | 1,929 | \$ | 6,885 |

Variance with

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK
Downtown Mall Special Revenue Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis of Accounting)
For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009
(amounts expressed in thousands)

| (amounts expressed in thousands) | Original Budget | | | Final Budget | | idgetary Actual | Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative) | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-------|----|-----------------|----|--------------------|--|-----|
| Revenues: | • | 4 077 | • | 4 077 | æ | 4.070 | Φ. | (5) |
| Real property taxes and tax items | \$ | 1,277 | \$ | 1,277 | \$ | 1,272 | \$ | (5) |
| Total revenues | | 1,277 | | 1,277 | | 1,272 | | (5) |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | |
| General government support | | 1,277 | | 1,277 | | 1,272 | | 5_ |
| Excess of revenues | | | | | | | | |
| over expenditures | \$ | 0 | \$ | 00 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 00 |

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK
E-911 Special Revenue Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis of Accounting)
For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009
(amounts expressed in thousands)

| | | Priginal Budget | | Final Budget | | idgetary Actual | Final Po | ce with Budget- sitive gative) |
|---|-----------|--------------------|-----|-----------------|-----------|--------------------|-------------|---|
| Revenues: Sales and use taxes | \$ | 3.603 | \$ | 3,603 | \$ | 3,625 | \$ | 22 |
| Total revenues | Ψ | 3,603 | Ψ | 3,603 | | 3,625 | | 22 |
| Expenditures: Public safety | | 3,783_ | | 3,933_ | | 3,814 | | 119 |
| (Deficiency) excess of revenues over expenditures | <u>\$</u> | (180) | _\$ | (330) | <u>\$</u> | (189) | \$ | 141 |

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK
Emergency Response Special Revenue Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis of Accounting)
For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009
(amounts expressed in thousands)

| | Origi Bud | | | inal dget | getary tual | Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative) | | |
|--|--------------|---|--------------|--------------|----------------|---|---|--|
| Revenues: Intergovernmental Total revenues | \$ | 0 | \$ | 11 11 | 11 11 | | 0 | |
| Expenditures: Home and community service | | | 1 | 11_ | 11 | | | |
| Excess of revenues over expenditures | \$ | 0 | \$ | 0 | \$ 0_ | <u>\$</u> | 0 | |

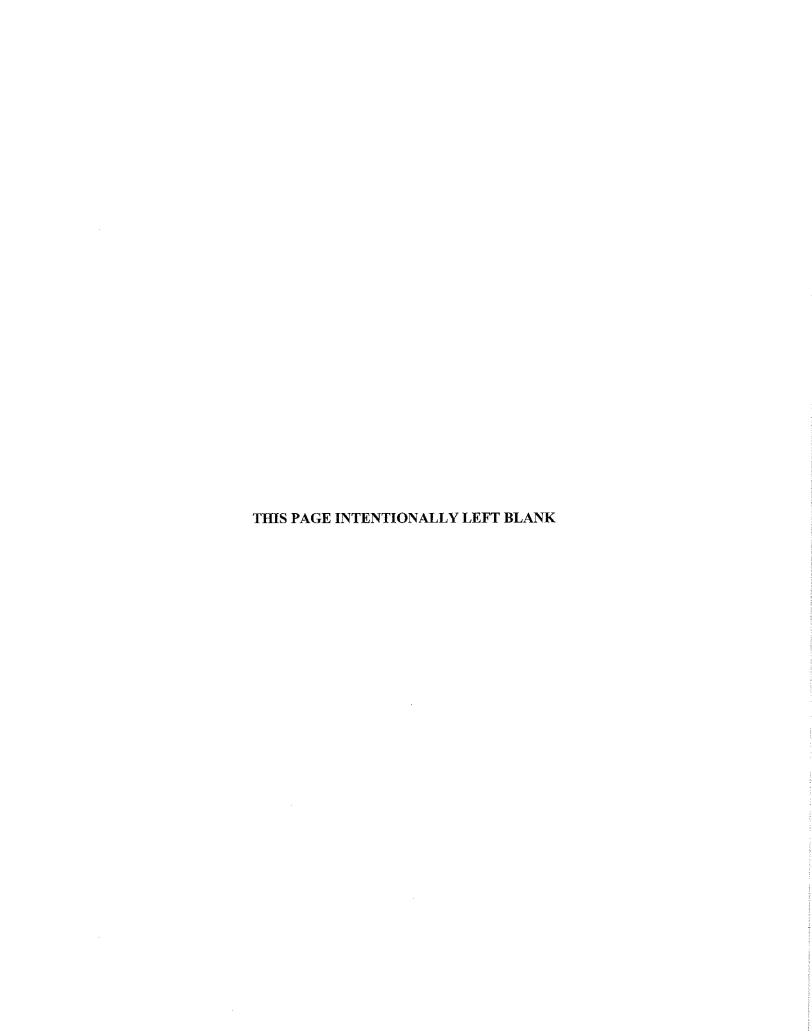
COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK

Debt Service Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis of Accounting)

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009 (amounts expressed in thousands)

| | Original Budget | Final Budget | Budgetary Actual | Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative) |
|--|--------------------|-----------------|---------------------|--|
| Revenues: | Φ 4.4EΩ | ф 4.4ED | e 4.450 | ¢ |
| Intergovernmental | \$ 1,150 | \$ 1,150 | \$ 1,150 | \$ (202) |
| Interest | 1,395 | 1,395 | 1,093 | (302) |
| Total revenues | 2,545 | 2,545 | 2,243 | (302) |
| Expenditures: | | | | |
| Principal retirement | 45,500 | 45,500 | 44,949 | 551 |
| Interest and fiscal charges | 21,360 | 21,360 | 20,944 | 416 |
| Total expenditures | 66,860 | 66,860 | 65,893 | 967 |
| (Deficiency) excess of revenues over expenditures | (64,315) | (64,315) | (63,650) | 665 |
| Other financing sources: | | | | |
| Transfers In | 62,185 | 62,185 | 61,286 | (899) |
| Total other financing sources | 62,185 | 62,185 | 61,286 | (899) |
| Deficiency of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses | \$ (2,130) | \$ (2,130) | \$ (2,364) | \$ (234) |



AGENCY FUND

The Agency Fund is used to account for money and property received and held in the capacity of custodian or agent. The Agency Fund is custodial in nature and does not involve measurement of results of operations. Agency funds, such as payroll withholdings, are reported as liabilities.

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund For the year ended December 31, 2009 (amounts expressed in thousands)

| | Balance 1/1/2009 | | | Additions | D | eductions | Balance /31/2009 |
|---|---------------------|--------|----|-----------|----|-----------|---------------------|
| Assets | | _ | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents Receivables: | \$ | 28,662 | \$ | 589,608 | \$ | 588,139 | \$ 30,131 |
| Other receivables | | 1,624 | | 11,141 | | 11,820 | 945 |
| Bonds and securities held in custody | | 155 | | 12 | | | 167 |
| Total assets | \$ | 30,441 | \$ | 600,761 | \$ | 599,959 | \$ 31,243 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Held in custody for others: | | | | | | | |
| Court funds | \$ | 7,404 | \$ | 2,682 | \$ | 2,626 | \$ 7,460 |
| Mortgage tax | | 1,966 | | 14,820 | | 14,320 | 2,466 |
| Social services | | 5,641 | | 86,957 | | 86,887 | 5,711 |
| Bail and bid deposits | | 879 | | 811 | | 985 | 705 |
| Payroll taxes and withholdings | | 985 | | 281,413 | | 281,490 | 908 |
| Miscellaneous - other | | 13,566 | | 18,754 | | 18,327 | 13,993 |
| Total amounts held in custody for others | | 30,441 | | 405,437 | | 404,635 | 31,243 |
| Total liabilities | \$ | 30,441 | \$ | 405,437 | \$ | 404,635 | \$ 31,243 |

LIBRARY COMPONENT UNIT

The financial data shown for the Buffalo and Erie County Public Library is derived from records maintained on its behalf by the County. The Library does not issue separate financial statements. The inclusion of the Library as a component unit in the County's basic financial statements reflects the County's financial accountability for this legally separate entity.

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Balance Sheet Component Unit December 31, 2009 (amounts expressed in thousands)

| | Component Unit |
|---|-----------------------|
| Assets Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 9,213 |
| Receivables (net of allowances) Other | 7 |
| Due from other governments Prepaid items | 1,308 261 |
| Total assets | \$ 10,789 |
| Liabilities and Fund Balances | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 500 |
| Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue | 1,225 685 |
| Total liabilities | 2,410 |
| Fund Balances Reserved for: | |
| Encumbrances Prepaid items | 468 261 |
| Unreserved, reported in: | 201 |
| Designated | 4,339 |
| Undesignated | 3,311 |
| Total fund balances | 8,379 |
| Total liabilities and fund balances | \$ 10,789 |

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Reconciliation of the Component Unit Balance Sheet To the Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2009 (amounts expressed in thousands)

| | Co | mponent Unit |
|--|----|-----------------|
| Total Component Unit Fund Balance | \$ | 8,379 |
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: | | |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds | | 17,757 |
| Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. | | (9,854) |
| Net assets of component unit activities | \$ | 16,282 |

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Component Unit For the year ended December 31, 2009 (amounts expressed in thousands)

| | Component Unit | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| Revenues: | | | |
| Real property taxes and tax items | \$ 22,172 | | |
| Intergovernmental | 3,592 | | |
| Departmental | 1,027 | | |
| Interest | 22 | | |
| Miscellaneous | 728 | | |
| Total revenues | 27,541 | | |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Current: | | | |
| Culture and recreation | 27,307 | | |
| Total expenditures | 27,307 | | |
| Net change in fund balances | 234 | | |
| Fund balance at beginning of year | 8,145 | | |
| Fund balance at end of year | \$ 8,379 | | |

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Fund Balance of Component Unit
To the Statement of Activities
For the year ended December 31, 2009
(amounts expressed in thousands)

| | | Cor | Component Unit | | | |
|---|----|---------------------------|-------------------|---------|--|--|
| Amounts reported for component unit activities in the statement of activities are different because: | | | | | | |
| Net change in fund balance - component unit | | | \$ | 234 | | |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and depreciated. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period | | | | | | |
| Expenditures for capital assets Capital assets deleted Less current year depreciation Net adjustment | \$ | 3,658 (295) (3,066) | | 297 | | |
| Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. | | | | (3,075) | | |
| Change in net assets of component unit activities | | | \$ | (2,544) | | |

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

OTHER COMPONENT UNITS

Other Component Units of Erie County include:

The financial data shown for the Erie Community College Foundation, Inc., and the Auxiliary Services Corporation of Erie Community College, Inc., is derived from their separately issued financial statements. Both of these entities are included as component units in the County's basic financial statements, based on the fact that they are legally separate entities for which the College and County are financially accountable.

The financial data shown for the Buffalo and Erie County Industrial Land Development Corporation ("ILDC") is derived from their separately issued financial statements. The inclusion of the ILDC as a component unit in the County's basic financial statements reflects the County's financial accountability for this legally separate entity.

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Combining Statement of Net Assets Other Component Units December 31, 2009 (amounts expressed in thousands)

| | Fou | ollege indation it 31, 2009 | Se Cor | uxiliary ervices poration et 31, 2009 | 1 | LDC | Total |
|--|-----|-----------------------------------|-----------|--|----|-----|-------------|
| Assets | | | | | | | |
| Cash | \$ | 217 | \$ | 1,269 | \$ | 551 | \$ 2,037 |
| Investments | | 1,524 | | | | | 1,524 |
| Receivables (net of allowances) | | | | 104 | | 38 | 142 |
| Inventories | | | | 42 | | | 42 |
| Prepaid items | | | | 1 | | | 1 |
| Other assets | | 37 | | 1,157 | | 88 | 1,282 |
| Capital assets | | | | | | | |
| Other capital assets, net of depreciation | | 22 | | 552 | | | 574 |
| Total assets | | 1,800 | | 3,125 | | 677 | 5,602 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | | 2 | | 137 | | 3 | 142 |
| Accrued liabilities | | 209 | | 1,134 | | | 1,343 |
| Long-term liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Due within one year | | | | | | 24 | 24 |
| Due in more than one year | | | | | | 47 | 47 |
| Total flabilities | | 211 | | 1,271 | | 74 | 1,556 |
| Net Assets | | | | | | | |
| Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for: | | 22 | | 552 | | | 574 |
| Other purposes | | 1,407 | | 25 | | 603 | 2,035 |
| Unrestricted | | 160 | | 1,277 | | | 1,437 |
| Total net assets | \$ | 1,589 | \$ | 1,854 | \$ | 603 | \$ 4,046 |

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Combining Statement of Activities Other Component Units For the year ended December 31, 2009 (amounts expressed in thousands)

| | Fou | ollege Indation It 31, 2009 | Ser Corp | ciliary vices oration 31, 2009 | | ILDC | | Total |
|-------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------------------|-------------|---|----|---------|-----|---------|
| Expenses | φ. | 4 4 4 0 | φ. | 0.724 | æ | 4 672 | e. | 8,551 |
| Program operations | _\$ | 1,148 | \$ | 2,731 | \$ | 4,672 | _\$ | |
| Total expenses | | 1,148 | | 2,731 | | 4,672 | | 8,551 |
| Program revenues | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | | 164 | | 2,935 | | | | 3,099 |
| Operating grants and contributions | | 910 | | | | 10 | | 920 |
| Total program revenues | | 1,074 | • | 2,935 | | 10 | | 4,019 |
| Net program revenues | | (74) | | 204 | | (4,662) | | (4,532) |
| General revenues | | | | | | | | |
| Interest earnings not restricted to | | | | | | | | |
| specific programs | | (174) | | | | | | (174) |
| Total general revenues | | (248) | | 204 | | (4,662) | | (4,706) |
| Nonoperating revenues (expenses): | | | | | | | | |
| Interest | | | | | | (3) | | (3) |
| Change in net assets | | (248) | | 204 | | (4,665) | | (4,709) |
| Total net assets-beginning | | 1,837 | | 1,650 | | 5,268 | | 8,755 |
| Total net assets-ending | \$ | 1,589 | \$ | 1,854 | \$ | 603 | \$ | 4,046 |

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of Erie County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

| Contents | Page |
|--|------|
| Financial Trends | 109 |
| These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. | |
| Revenue Capacity | 114 |
| These schedules contain information to help the reader assess two of the County's most significant revenue sources; sales and use taxes and property taxes. | |
| Debt Capacity | .119 |
| These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future. | |
| Demographic and Economic Information | .124 |
| These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place. | |
| Operating Information | .126 |
| These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs. | |

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Net Assets by Component Last Eight Fiscal Years (1) (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

| | | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------|--|---------------|---|----------|--|-----|---|------|---------------------------------------|------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|------|---------------|--|
| | _ | 2002 | | 2003 | | 2004 | | 2005 | | 2006 | 200 |)7 | 200 | 8 | | 2009 |
| Governmental activities Invested in capital assets net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted (deficit) Total governmental activities net assets | \$ | 414,620 177,749 124,777 717,146 | | 424,596 106,874 42,301 573,771 | | 453,359 5 118,461 (407,444) 164,376 5 | | 422,636 101,205 (480,803) 43,038 | \$ | 343,309 \$ 23,246 (317,433) 49,122 \$ | 23 (332 | 821 \$ 071 295) 597 \$ | 18, (339, | | \$ - \$ | 373,664 16,148 (362,063) 27,749 |
| Total governmental gontlago net accosts | Ψ= | 711,110 | • * = | 9,9,1,1, | - | | _ | 7-1 | - | | | | | | = | |
| Business-type activities (2) Invested in capital assets net of related debt Restricted | \$ | 23,479 5,485 | \$ | 74,378 S 3,893 | \$ | 6,670 | \$ | 6,775 | \$ | 6,653 \$ | | 930 \$ | | 141 | \$ | 12,628 |
| Unrestricted (deficit) | _ | 19,287 | | (34,002) | | 6,429 | | 6,759 | _ | 7,892 | | 488) | | 989) | _ | (13,093) |
| Total business-type activities net assets | \$_ | 24,772 | . \$ <u>_</u> | 44,269 | \$ | 13,099 | \$ | 13,534 | \$ _ | 14,545 \$ | 6 | 442 \$ | 5, | 52 | \$ = | (465) |
| Primary government Invested in capital assets net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted (deficit) | \$ | 438,099 183,234 144,064 | \$ | 498,974 \$ 110,767 8,299 | - | 460,029 \$ 118,461 (401,015) | | 429,411 101,205 (474,044) | \$ | 349,962 \$ 23,246 (309,541) | | 751 \$ 071 783) | 341,5 18,5 (345,5 | 79 | \$ | 386,292 16,148 (375,156) |
| Total primary government net assets | s - | 765,397 | · s - | 618,040 | | 177,475 | | 56,572 | \$ | 63,667 \$ | | 039 \$ | 14, | | \$ - | 27,284 |
| rotal printers government not descib | ۳ | . 55,007 | . * - | 0.0,0.10 | · —– | , | · — | , | - | | | · · · · · · · | | | | |

Notes:
(1) The year ended December 31, 2002, was the first year the County's financial statements were prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments." As such, only eight years of data is presented.

(2) Erie County Medical Center ("ECMC") was sold to the Erie County Medical Center Corporation ("ECMCC") on January 1, 2004. The sale resulted in the elimination of ECMC from the Business-type activity section and the subsequent reporting of ECMCC as a component unit.

The year ended December 31, 2004, was the first year the County's financial statements were prepared in accordance with GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units."

Source: Erie County Basic Financial Statements

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Changes in Net Assets Last Eight Fiscal Years (1) (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

| | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|-------------------|------|-------------------|------|---|-------|------------------|-------|---|-------|-------------------|-----|-------------------|-----|-------------------|
| _ | | 2002 | | 2003 | | 2004 | | 2005 | | 2006 | | 2007 | | 2008 | | 2009 |
| Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Primary government: Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ | 80,900 | ¢ | 94,547 | ¢ | 146,767 | e | 124,393 | æ | 86,640 | æ | 425,037 | e | 418,986 | æ | 420,026 |
| Public safety | Ψ | 109,422 | Ψ | 118,743 | φ | 123,046 | φ | 118,692 | φ | 128,222 | φ | 117,687 | φ | 118,220 | φ | 122,888 |
| Health | | 61,874 | | 70,179 | | 97,512 | | 80,468 | | 110,413 | | 84,283 | | 85,091 | | 89,927 |
| Transportation | | 50,801 | | 60,438 | | 55.014 | | 61,850 | | 60.742 | | 61,088 | | 65,292 | | 62,673 |
| Economic assistance and opportunity | | 563,179 | | 555,306 | | 607,721 | | 525,492 | | 541,220 | | 574,163 | | 537,650 | | 567,035 |
| Culture and recreation | | 29,170 | | 28,431 | | 37,374 | | 20,030 | | 20,278 | | 21,181 | | 29,910 | | 23,754 |
| Education | | 48,917 | | 52,548 | | 57,304 | | 62,870 | | 67,310 | | 67,157 | | 66,883 | | 70,716 |
| Home and community service | | 44,137 | | 42,528 | | 43,121 | | 44,792 | | 82,954 | | 52,365 | | 52,299 | | 48,628 |
| interest and fiscal charges | _ | 12,199 | _ | 15,349 | | 34,630 | | 38,797 | _ | 49,878 | | 45,938 | _ | 41,784 | _ | 39,511 |
| Total governmental activities expenses | _1 | ,000,599 | _1 | ,038,069 | 1 | 1,202,489 | | 1,077,384 | | 1,147,657 | | 1,448,899 | _ | 1,416,115 | _ | 1,445,158 |
| Design of the second state of | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Business-type activities: Erie County Medical Center (2) | | 260 625 | | 776 262 | | 4 0 47 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Community College (fiscal year ending August 31) | | 260,635 76,350 | | 276,369 82,717 | | 1,847 91,388 | | 00.750 | | 00.000 | | 440 705 | | 110.401 | | 400.000 |
| Purchase and resale of utilities | | 28,606 | | 35,925 | | 38,051 | | 96,750 49,656 | | 99,690 50,971 | | 112,765 46,747 | | 112,401 44,902 | | 123,988 27,490 |
| Total business-type activities expenses | _ | 365,591 | _ | 395,011 | - | 131.286 | | 146,406 | - | 150.661 | | 159,512 | - | 157.303 | - | 151.478 |
| Total primary government expenses | \$ 1 | ,366,190 | \$ 1 | | \$ 1 | | s- | | · s - | | · s. | 1,608,411 | \$ | | s - | |
| | · — | ,, , , | T == | , | _ | .,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | = ~ = | .,220,700 | · | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | • * • | 7,000,117 | * = | .,.,., | *= | .,000,000 |
| Program Revenues Primary government: Governmental activities: Charges for services: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ | 18.414 | ¢ | 18,623 | æ | 16,398 | æ | 14,196 | ¢ | 20.736 | | 19.521 | æ | 21,113 | æ | 25,057 |
| Public safety | φ | 6,863 | φ | 8,409 | φ | 8,607 | Φ | 9,030 | Ф | 8,524 | φ | 9,600 | Ф | 7,290 | Ф | 5,971 |
| Health | | 1,776 | | 2.949 | | 4,289 | | 3,173 | | 4.466 | | 3,506 | | 3,717 | | 3,950 |
| Transportation | | 1,616 | | 1,982 | | 1,521 | | 1,103 | | 729 | | 0,000 | | 0,717 | | 0,500 |
| Economic assistance and opportunity | | 25.148 | | 28,085 | | 30,363 | | 27,729 | | 26,186 | | 29,495 | | 34,237 | | 29,657 |
| Culture and recreation | | 950 | | 1,013 | | 2,592 | | 3,186 | | 3,462 | | 3,265 | | 3,267 | | 6.032 |
| Education | | 119 | | 95 | | 95 | | 95 | | 764 | | 95 | | 95 | | 95 |
| Home and community service | | 9,396 | | 10,043 | | 11,679 | | 11,182 | | 10,263 | | 10,863 | | 9,930 | | 11,986 |
| Operating grants and contributions | | 359,984 | | 372,664 | | 411,334 | | 418,677 | | 476,963 | | 441,098 | | 402,443 | | 468,793 |
| Capital grants and contributions | _ | 13,867 | | 14,459 | _ | 12,962 | | 5,421 | _ | 9,041 | _ | 6,480 | _ | 8,661 | _ | 12,282 |
| Total governmental activities program revenues | | 438,133 | _ | 458,322 | _ | 499,840 | | 493,792 | | 561,134 | _ | 523,923 | _ | 490,753 | _ | 563,823 |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Erie County Medical Center (2) | : | 318,933 | | 294.217 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Community College (fiscal year ending August 31st) | | 16,752 | | 19,849 | | 22,962 | | 25,383 | | 25,596 | | 27,327 | | 29,008 | | 30,863 |
| Purchase and resale of utilities | | 28,873 | | 36,836 | | 37,763 | | 49,961 | | 51,360 | | 46 905 | | 45,475 | | 27,434 |
| Operating grants and contributions | | 24,155 | | 24,552 | | 27,857 | | 30,135 | | 30,471 | | 30,387 | | 31,181 | | 6,790 |
| Capital grants and contributions | | 41 | _ | 67 | _ | | _ | | | | _ | | _ | | | |
| Total business-type activities program revenues | | 388,754 | | 375,521 | | 88,582 | | 105,479 | | 107,427 | _ | 104,619 | _ | 105,664 | | 65,087 |
| Total primary government program revenues | \$8 | 826,887 | \$ | 833,843 | \$ | 588,422 | \$_ | 599,271 | \$_ | 668,561 | \$_ | 628,542 | \$_ | 596,417 | \$_ | 628,910 |

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Changes in Net Assets Last Eight Fiscal Years (1) (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

| (, | | | | | Fiscal | Year | | | |
|---|-----|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | <u>2005</u> | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 |
| Net (Expense)/Revenue | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities | \$ | (562,466) | | | | (586,523) \$ | (924,976) \$ | (925,362) \$ | (881,335) |
| Business-type activities | | 23,163 | (19,490) | (42,704) | (40,927) | (43,234) | (54,893) | (51,639) | (86,391) |
| Total primary government net expense | \$ | (539,303) | (599,237) | (745,353) | <u>(624,519)</u> \$ | (629,757) \$ | (979,869) \$ | (977,001) \$ | (967,726) |
| General Revenues and Other Changes | | | | | | | | | |
| in Net Assets | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental Activities: Taxes | | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes levied for mall, sewer, and general purposes | \$ | 164,621 \$ | | | | 212,177 \$ | 223,866 \$ | 239,333 \$ | 251,224 |
| Sales and use taxes | | 242,031 | 256,727 | 256,173 | 281,019 | 365,087 | 656,674 | 667,783 | 646,893 |
| Transfer taxes | | 8,018 | 9,250 | 14,687 | 11,256 | 10,720 | 11,576 | 8,901 | 8,553 |
| Interest earnings not restricted to specific programs | | 16,442 | 4,202 | 1,235 | 104 | 7.000 | 7.040 | 2.004 | 4.500 |
| Unrestricted interest earnings Miscellaneous | | 3,351 10,361 | 2,981 7,261 | 2,885 59,335 | 4,760 7,685 | 7,268 14,460 | 7,643 13,200 | 3,994 8,772 | 1,592 7,896 |
| Gain on sale of capital assets | | 126 | 275 | 941 | 1,000 | 183 | 921 | 559 | 7,090 |
| Special item - transfer of liability | | (4,000) | 213 | 241 | 100 | 100 | 321 | 559 | 732 |
| Transfers | | 41,852 | 9,133 | 13,291 | (15,419) | (17,288) | (15,429) | (17,162) | (17,221) |
| Total governmental activities | - | 482,802 | 436,372 | 505,987 | 462,254 | 592,607 | 898,451 | 912,180 | 899,669 |
| Business-type activities: (2) | | | | | | | | | |
| Unrestricted state and local appropriations | | 22,186 | 24,042 | 26,089 | 25,815 | 27,894 | 30,233 | 32,524 | 34,049 |
| Unrestricted interest earnings | | 381 | 307 | 201 | 403 | 955 | 1,128 | 663 | 298 |
| Federal and state student financial aid | | | | | | | | | 29,206 |
| Loss on sale of capital assets | | | | | | (33) | | | |
| Special item - transfer of liability Transfers | | 4,000 | (0.044) | (40.477) | 45 444 | 45 400 | 45.400 | 47.460 | 47.004 |
| | - | (41,928) | (8,841) | (13,477) | 15,144 | 15,429 | 15,429 | 17,162 | 17,221 |
| Total business-type activities | _ | (15,361) | 15,508_ | 12,813 | 41,362 | 44,245 | 46,790 | 50,349 | 80,774 |
| Total primary government | \$_ | 467,441 \$ | <u>451,880</u> \$ | 518,800 \$ | 503,616 \$ | 636,852 \$ | 945,241 \$ | 962,529 \$ | 980,443 |
| Change in Net Assets | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities | \$ | (79,664) \$ | | | | 6,084 \$ | (26,525) \$ | (13,182) \$ | 18,334 |
| Business-type activities | | 7,802 | (3,982) | (29,891) | 435 | 1,011 | (8,103) | (1,290) | (5,617) |
| Total primary government | \$_ | (71,862) \$ | (147,357) \$ | (226,553) \$ | (120,903) \$ | 7,095_\$ | (34,628) \$ | (14,472) \$ | 12,717 |
| | | | | | | | | | |

Notes:

- (1) The year ended December 31, 2002, was the first year the County's financial statements were prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments." As such, only eight years of data is presented.
- (2) Erie County Medical Center ("ECMC") was sold to the Erie County Medical Center Corporation ("ECMCC") on January 1, 2004. The sale resulted in the elimination of ECMC from the Business-type activity section and the subsequent reporting of ECMCC as a component unit.

The year ended December 31, 2004, was the first year the County's financial statements were prepared in accordance with GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units."

Source: Erie County Basic Financial Statements

- 112

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)
(amounts expressed in thousands)

| (amounto expressed in allocating) | _ | | | | | | | | Fiscal | Υe | ar | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|---------|----|---------|---------------|------|---------|------|----------|----|---------|----|---------|----|--------|------|----------|-----|----------|
| | | 2000 | | 2001 | 2002 | | 2003 | | 2004 | | 2005 | | 2006 | | 2007 | | 2008 | | 2009 |
| General fund | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reserved | \$ | 45,679 | \$ | 44,468 | \$ 34,070 | \$ | 15,579 | \$ | 15,707 | \$ | 7,085 | \$ | 11,723 | \$ | 12,291 | \$ | 8,361 | \$ | 6,758 |
| Unreserved (deficit) | _ | 156,363 | _ | 147,614 | 116,211 | _ | 90,564 | _ | (10,774) | | 7,323 | _ | 26,510 | _ | 35,250 | | 49,830 | | 95,080 |
| Total general fund | \$ | 202,042 | \$ | 192,082 | \$ 150,281 | _ \$ | 106,143 | _ \$ | 4,933 | \$ | 14,408 | \$ | 38,233 | \$ | 47,541 | \$_ | 58,191 | \$_ | 101,838 |
| All other governmental funds | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reserved Unreserved, reported in: | \$ | 51,687 | \$ | 45,705 | \$ 105,559 | \$ | 102,484 | \$ | 96,829 | \$ | 67,678 | \$ | 63,364 | \$ | 56,895 | \$ | 73,361 | \$ | 87,772 |
| Special revenue funds Debt service fund | | 15,948 | | 14,868 | 8,429 | | 8,990 | | 6,988 | | 1,456 | | 7,513 | | 8,417 | | 10,879 | | 17,722 |
| Capital project funds (deficit) | | 217,757 | | 211,915 | 113,561 | | 41,761 | _ | 56,411 | | 75,024 | | 58,787 | _ | 30,277 | | (18,315) | _ | (69,217) |
| Total all other governmental funds | \$ _ | 285,392 | \$ | 272,488 | \$ 227,549 | \$ | 153,235 | \$ | 160,228 | \$ | 144,158 | \$ | 129,664 | \$ | 95,589 | \$ _ | 65,925 | \$_ | 36,277 |

Sources:

Erie County General Purpose Financial Statements 2000-2001 Erie County Basic Financial Statements 2002-2009 COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)
(amounts expressed in thousands)

| (, | | | | | Fiscal ' | rear . | | | | |
|---|----------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|--------------------|------------|
| | 2000 | <u>2001</u> | <u>2002</u> | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | <u>2007</u> | <u>2008</u> | 2009 |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| Real property taxes and tax items | \$ 198,230 \$ | 164,082 \$ | 165,439 | \$ 175,033 | \$ 159,001 | \$ 171,011 | \$ 201,008 | \$ 213,124 | \$ 229,874 | \$ 244,221 |
| Sales and use taxes | 239,659 | 241,814 | 242,031 | 256,727 | 256,173 | 281,019 | 365,087 | 656,674 | 667,783 | 647,287 |
| Transfer taxes | 7,255 | 7,360 | 8,018 | 9,250 | 14,687 | 11,256 | 10,720 | 11,576 | 8,901 | 8,553 |
| Intergovernmental | 324,177 | 382,255 | 383,396 | 393,744 | 423,443 | 416,006 | 478,233 | 440,722 | 408,732 | 481,067 |
| Interfund revenues | 28,006 | 28,893 | 37,303 | 40,697 | 9,876 | 1,488 | 250 | 177 | 323 | 426 |
| Departmental | 59,269 | 60,808 | 59,241 | 67,996 | 72,465 | 68,549 | 75,086 | 76,089 | 79,173 | 80,618 |
| Interest | 22,918 | 27,440 | 23,738 | 10,944 | 8,052 | 14,099 | 15,083 | 14,674 | 6,881 | 2,931 |
| Miscellaneous | 22,902 | 46,131 | 15,467 | 9,847 | 60,098 | 7,898 | 10,608 | 10,571 | 8,080 | 7,199 |
| Total revenues | 902,416 | 958,783 | 934,633 | 964,238 | 1,003,795 | 971,326 | 1,156,075 | 1,423,607 | 1,409,747 | 1,472,302 |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government support | 77,226 | 74,887 | 81,164 | 81,254 | 97,538 | 105,998 | 98,641 | 368,292 | 368,288 | 348,167 |
| Public safety | 92,544 | 101,918 | 106,929 | 120,651 | 119,412 | 116,455 | 125,914 | 117,437 | 113,984 | 121,345 |
| Health | 53,719 | 60,838 | 62,540 | 71,031 | 93,095 | 73,013 | 72,284 | 73,355 | 82,646 | 88,891 |
| Transportation | 40,653 | 35,448 | 36,310 | 37,336 | 43,274 | 43,396 | 41,814 | 41,755 | 44,504 | 42,549 |
| Economic assistance and opportunity | 541,517 | 571,214 | 584,469 | 581,186 | 605,809 | 524,994 | 540,667 | 570,015 | 537,251 | 566,664 |
| Culture and recreation | 16,273 | 16,935 | 18,652 | 18,243 | 23,849 | 17,363 | 17,577 | 19,045 | 21,105 | 21,389 |
| Education | 40,128 | 43,387 | 45,893 | 50,946 | 55,417 | 61,137 | 65,690 | 65,523 | 65,169 | 69,043 |
| Home and community service | 31,222 | 32,889 | 39,771 | 38,199 | 34,182 | 34,629 | 77,928 | 48,198 | 45,908 | 42,149 |
| Capital Outlay | 57,213 | 74,334 | 106,558 | 148,630 | 133,815 | 59,237 | 75,997 | 48,038 | 41,966 | 59,507 |
| Debt service: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Principal retirement | 25,250 | 21,452 | 23,148 | 24,024 | 21,988 | 28,790 | 36,516 | 43,427 | 50,875 | 50,214 |
| Interest and fiscal charges | 10,349 | 22,977 | 27,050 | 29,693 | 35,068 | 46,435 | 46,477 | 44,200 | 40,482 | 36,587 |
| Total expenditures | 986,094 | 1,056,279 | 1,132,484 | 1,201,193 | 1,263,447 | 1,111,447 | 1,199,505 | 1,439,285 | 1,412,178 | 1,446,505 |
| Excess of revenues over | | | | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | (83,678) | (97,496) | (197,851) | (236,955) | (259,652) | (140,121) | (43,430) | (15,678) | (2.431) | 25,797 |
| Other financing sources (uses) : | | | | | | | | | | |
| Proceeds of general obligation debt | 273,125 | 40,569 | 63,078 | 98,011 | 99,222 | 103,530 | 70,205 | 5,374 | | 3,232 |
| Discount on bond issuance | | | | | | | (514) | | | |
| Premium on bond issuance | | | 4,963 | 10,140 | 7,624 | 4,970 | 175 | | | |
| Premium on BAN issuance | | | | | | | | | | 1,449 |
| Proceeds of refunding bonds | | | 5,340 | 16,375 | | 359,300 | | | | |
| Payments to refunded bond escrow | | | (5,340) | (16,411) | | (318,963) | | | | |
| Sale of property | 142 | 134 | 126 | 275 | 941 | 108 | 183 | 966 | 579 | 742 |
| Intergovernmental transfers in | | | 78,647 | 44,429 | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | 125,283 | 140,472 | 90,765 | 116,207 | 118,131 | 326,803 | 443,821 | 442,068 | 474,097 | 455,169 |
| Operating transfers from component unit | 1,093 | 1,148 | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers out | (83,069) | (102,914) | (127,560) | (151,503) | (94,132) | (342,222) | (461,109) | (457,497) | (491,259) | (472,390) |
| Operating transfers to component unit | (1,053) | (218) | (40) | - | • | | | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 315,521 | 79,191 | 109,979 | 117,523 | 131,786 | 133,526 | 52,761 | (9,089) | (16,583) | (11,798) |
| Net change in fund balances | \$ <u>231,843</u> \$ | (18,305) \$ | (87,872) | (119,432) | (127,866) | \$ (6,595) | \$ 9,331 | \$(24,767) | \$ <u>(19,014)</u> | \$ 13,999 |
| Debt service as a percentage of non-capital exp | penditures (1) | | 4.8% | 5.0% | 4.9% | 7.0% | 7.2% | 6.2% | 6.6% | 6.3% |

Note:

Sources:

Erie County General Purpose Financial Statements 2000-2001 Erie County Basic Financial Statements 2002-2009

⁽¹⁾ The year ended December 31, 2002, was the first year the County's financial statements were prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements and Managements Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments." As such, debt service as a percentage of non-capital expenditures is only presented for the last eight years.

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Taxable Sales by Category Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands) For the year ended February

| Category (1) | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 (2) |
|--|--------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------|
| Utilities (excluding residential energy) | \$ 266,417 | \$ 289,519 | \$ 280,637 | \$ 338,046 | \$ 259,929 | \$ 232,098 | \$ 273,566 | \$ 232,426 | \$ 285,618 | |
| Construction | 175,883 | 182,786 | 176,990 | 180,644 | 182,487 | 190,572 | 212,154 | 214,336 | 214,172 | |
| Manufacturing | 284,342 | 297,630 | 283,325 | 265,758 | 265,355 | 297,235 | 308,463 | 300,083 | 314,170 | |
| Wholesale Trade | 870,598 | 893,091 | 829,797 | 831,959 | 843,810 | 964,666 | 1,100,928 | 891,003 | 854,784 | |
| Retail Trade Total | 5,283,211 | 4,790,248 | 5,045,253 | 5,294,348 | 6,123,137 | 6,438,703 | 6,298,246 | 5,268,196 | 5,292,542 | |
| Information | 521,852 | 619,956 | 576,463 | 511,023 | 615,798 | 628,050 | 634,932 | 654,575 | 636,280 | |
| Professional, Scientific, and Technical | 122,690 | 152,055 | 135,390 | 120,055 | 111,439 | 119,134 | 145,002 | 143,624 | 144,585 | |
| Administrative/Support Services | 259,024 | 294,071 | 276,940 | 272,971 | 222,182 | 222,762 | 233,762 | 241,179 | 251,975 | |
| Health Care | 13,385 | 14,558 | 14,157 | 15,043 | 16,459 | 18,991 | 19,508 | 19,897 | 21,169 | |
| Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation | 130,637 | 127,640 | 132,752 | 126,818 | 132,202 | 120,079 | 131,973 | 160,952 | 170,485 | |
| Accommodation and Food Services | 895,441 | 979,827 | 1,011,033 | 1,034,597 | 1,062,671 | 1,097,432 | 1,143,990 | 1,203,967 | 1,297,507 | |
| Other Services Total | 324,160 | 357,842 | 359,194 | 372,312 | 394,676 | 409,015 | 440,689 | 385,859 | 381,757 | |
| Ag., Mining, Trans., FIRE, Educ., Govt. | 390,511 | 428,627 | 460,155 | 433,791 | 422,619 | 408,714 | 452,309 | 502,209 | 561,776 | |
| Unclassified by Industry | 248,193 | 104,299 | 12,291 | 42,877 | 47,045 | 49,798 | 74,704 | 96,398 | 122,616_ | |
| Total | \$ 9,786,343 | \$ 9,532,148 | \$ 9,594,374 | \$ 9,840,244 | \$10,699,809 | \$11,197,248 | \$11,470,225 | \$10,314,703 | \$10,549,436 | \$ |
| | + -, | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | * -, | | | | | | | |
| County Direct Sales Tax Rate | 2.06% | 2.06% | 2.06% | 2.06% | 2.06% | 2.31% | 2.81% | 2.81% | 2.81% | 2.81% |

Notes:

(1) Detailed information regarding payers or remitters is not available.

(2) Taxable Sales by Category is not available.

Source: New York State Department of Taxation and Finance

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK
Assessed and Equalized Full Value of Taxable Property (1)
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(amounts expressed in thousands)

| Fiscal Year | Residential Property (2) | Commercial Property (2) | Total Assessed Property Value | Less: Tax-Exempt Property | Total Taxable Assessed Value | Total Direct Tax Rate | Total Actual Taxable Equalized Fuil Value | Assessed Value (1) as a Percentage of Equalized Full Value |
|----------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|--|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| 2000 | \$ | \$ | \$ 27,349,085 | \$ 2,115,366 | \$ 25,233,719 | 6.90 | \$ 32,429,194 | 77.81% |
| 2001 | | | 29,042,626 | 2,193,120 | 26,849,506 | 5.99 | 31,941,365 | 84.06% |
| 2002 | | - | 28,539,704 | 2,059,013 | 26,480,691 | 6.09 | 32,145,256 | 82.38% |
| 2003 | | | 29,065,096 | 2,038,457 | 27,026,639 | 5.86 | 33,576,174 | 80.49% |
| 2004 | | | 29,627,131 | 2,069,944 | 27,557,187 | 5.76 | 34,479,047 | 79.92% |
| 2005 | | | 30,428,497 | 2,151,762 | 28,276,735 | 5.66 | 35,980,745 | 78.59% |
| 2006 | 22,824,388 | 9,589,325 | 32,413,713 | 2,248,397 | 30,165,316 | 6.23 | 38,102,216 | 79.17% |
| 2007 | 23,419,992 | 9,929,590 | 33,349,582 | 2,184,257 | 31,165,325 | 6.28 | 40,477,682 | 76.99% |
| 2008 | 25,566,393 | 8,864,027 | 34,430,420 | 2,308,570 | 32,121,850 | 6.39 | 42,821,246 | 75.01% |
| 2009 | 26,426,841 | 9,383,744 | 35,810,585 | 2,408,149 | 33,402,436 | 6.38 | 44,382,615 | 75.26% |

Notes:

Source: Erie County Department of Real Property Tax Services

⁽¹⁾ Equalization rates are provided by New York State and applied by the County to the assessed valuation of taxable real estate to arrive at equalized full value which is comparable to estimated actual value.

⁽²⁾ Pre-2006 breakdown of residential and commercial property value is not available.

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years (rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

| | Erie (| County Direct | Rates | | Overlapp | ing Rates | |
|----------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|
| Fiscal Year | General Fund | Special Revenue Funds | Total Direct | Cities, Towns & Villages | School Districts | Special Districts | City of Buffalo (1) |
| 2000 | 5.61 | 1.29 | 6.90 | 3.59 | 17.58 | 5.25 | 26.00 |
| 2001 | 4.71 | 1.28 | 5.99 | 3.86 | 18.36 | 5.48 | 24.28 |
| 2002 | 4.75 | 1.34 | 6.09 | 3.89 | 18.49 | 5.32 | 25.10 |
| 2003 | 4.54 | 1.32 | 5.86 | 3.95 | 18.40 | 5.39 | 25.04 |
| 2004 | 4.42 | 1.34 | 5.76 | 4.07 | 18.80 | 5.51 | 26.64 |
| 2005 | 4.38 | 1.28 | 5.66 | 4.23 | 18.99 | 5.73 | 27.47 |
| 2006 | 4.94 | 1.29 | 6.23 | 4.19 | 18.64 | 5.63 | 26.70 |
| 2007 | 4.94 | 1.34 | 6.28 | 4.21 | 18.23 | 5.33 | 26.08 |
| 2008 | 4.95 | 1.44 | 6.39 | 4.01 | 17.76 | 5.06 | 24.53 |
| 2009 | 5.03 | 1.35 | 6.38 | 3.94 | 17.67 | 5.10 | 23.88 |

Notes:

The rate shown for the City of Buffalo includes the levy for the Buffalo School District which receives funding from the City and is unable to levy taxes.

Source: Erie County Department of Real Property Tax Services

⁽¹⁾ City of Buffalo is presented separately and is, therefore, not included in the column for cities, towns, and villages.

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Principal Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

| | | *** | 2009 | | , | | | 2000 | |
|--|--------|----------------------------|------|--|----|----|----------------------------|------|--|
| Taxpayer | - | Equalized Full Value | Rank | Percentage of Equalized Full Value (1) | | | Equalized Full Value | Rank | Percentage of Equalized Full Value (1) |
| National Fuel Gas | \$ | 673,700,439 | 1 | 1.52% | | \$ | 552,774,602 | 2 | 1.86% |
| National Grid / Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | | 581,478,336 | 2 | 1.31% | | | 878,372,233 | 1 | 2.76% |
| Verizon New York Inc. (previously Bell Atlantic) | | 316,089,011 | 3 | 0.71% | | | 306,305,663 | 3 | 0.95% |
| Benderson Development Co. | | 245,746,445 | 4 | 0.55% | | | 276,551,697 | 4 | 0.78% |
| BG Properties, LLC | | 192,724,897 | 5 | 0.43% | | | | | |
| Pyramid Company of Buffalo | | 161,245,452 | 6 | 0.36% | | | 110,054,279 | 7 | 0.34% |
| NY State Electric & Gas Corporation | | 154,048,218 | 7 | 0.35% | | | 201,836,598 | 5 | 0.62% |
| DDR MDT LLC | | 134,498,039 | 8 | 0.30% | | | | | |
| Seneca One Realty LLC | | 80,472,000 | 9 | 0.18% | | | | | |
| Boulevard Mall Properties | | 79,482,617 | 10 | 0.18% | | | | | |
| Consolidated Rail | | | | | | | 154,319,258 | 6 | 0.51% |
| DeBartolo Capital | | | | | | | 74,237,267 | 8 | 0.23% |
| Bethlehem Steel Corp. | | | | | | | 66,036,107 | 9 | 0.20% |
| Manufacturers & Traders Trust Co. | | | | | | | 59,483,103 | 10 | 0.18% |
| Totals | \$ | 2,619,485,453 | | 5.90% | \$ | 2, | 679,970,807 | | 8.44% |

Note:

Source: Erie County 2009 Annual Report published by the Department of Real Property Tax Services

⁽¹⁾ Percentage of equalized full value is calculated by dividing the valuation shown for each of the listed taxpayers by the County's total equalized full value (excluding exemptions).

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Property Tax Levies And Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | County | All Other | Total Property Taxes Levied | Collected v Fiscal Year | | (| Collections | Total Collection | s to Date |
|----------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|----|---------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Fiscal Year | Property Taxes Levied (1) | Property Taxes Levied (2) | for the Fiscal Year | Amount | Percentage of Levy | in | Subsequent Years | Amount | Percentage of Levy |
| 2000 | \$ 181,766,441 | \$ 264,252,917 | \$ 446,019,358 | \$ 430,122,427 | 96.44% | \$ | 14,792,259 | \$ 444,914,686 | 99.75% |
| 2001 | 152,529,551 | 272,025,188 | 424,554,739 | 411,135,430 | 96.84% | | 13,284,401 | 424,419,831 | 99.97% |
| 2002 | 152,529,551 | 278,036,112 | 430,565,663 | 416,506,625 | 96.73% | | 13,947,378 | 430,454,003 | 99.97% |
| 2003 | 152,529,551 | 294,505,821 | 447,035,372 | 446,461,743 | 99.87% | | 470,995 | 446,932,738 | 99.98% |
| 2004 | 152,529,551 | 311,903,684 | 464,433,235 | 463,669,059 | 99.84% | | 407,647 | 464,076,706 | 99.92% |
| 2005 | 157,641,299 | 335,876,407 | 493,517,706 | 492,180,009 | 99.73% | | 1,187,265 | 493,367,274 | 99.97% |
| 2006 | 188,094,445 | 352,486,078 | 540,580,523 | 528,350,674 | 97.74% | | 9,471,329 | 537,822,003 | 99.49% |
| 2007 | 200,031,205 | 369,188,266 | 569,219,471 | 555,858,355 | 97.65% | | 8,601,788 | 564,460,143 | 99.16% |
| 2008 | 211,837,793 | 378,978,530 | 590,816,323 | 575,132,293 | 97.35% | | 6,119,637 | 581,251,930 | 98.38% |
| 2009 | 223,306,326 | 388,893,461 | 612,199,787 | 595,839,865 | 97.33% | | N/A | 595,839,865 | 97.33% |

Notes:

- (1) Totals shown exclude amounts levied in accordance with State law to recover election expenditures from the municipalities that were incurred by the County.
- (2) Totals shown are primarily comprised of taxes levied for the benefit of County towns, re-levy of uncollected school and village taxes, and sewer district taxes and user charges. See Note V - Property Taxes beginning on page 47 for more information on the annual property tax levy process.

N/A = Not Applicable

Sources: Erie County Department of Real Property Tax Services

Erie County Govern Tax Collection System

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands, except per capita)

| | Go | vernmental | Bus | iness-Type | • | | | |
|----------------|----|---|---|------------|-------------------------------|---|----|------------------|
| Fiscal Year | | Activitíes General bligation Bonds | Activities (1) General Obligation Bonds | | Total Primary overnment | Percentage of Personal Income (2) | C: | Per apita (2) |
| 2000 | \$ | 155,059 | \$ | 41,961 | \$ 197,020 | 0.74% | \$ | 207 |
| 2001 | | 172,056 | | 33,588 | 205,644 | 0.76% | | 218 |
| 2002 | | 211,372 | | 26,730 | 238,102 | 0.87% | | 253 |
| 2003 | | 285,261 | | 21,988 | 307,249 | 1.08% | | 328 |
| 2004 | | 368,760 | | | 368,760 | 1.24% | | 395 |
| 2005 | | 432,749 | | | 432,749 | 1.42% | | 468 |
| 2006 | | 444,701 | | | 444,701 | 1.39% | | 484 |
| 2007 | | 407,047 | | | 407,047 | 1.24% | | 446 |
| 2008 | | 364,345 | | | 364,345 | 1.03% | | 401 |
| 2009 | | 324,418 | | | 324,418 | N/A | | 357 |

Notes:

(2) See the "Demographic and Economic Statistics" on page 124 for personal income and population data.

N/A = Not available

Sources:

Debt: Erie County General Purpose Financial Statements 2000-2001 Erie County Basic Financial Statements 2002-2009

⁽¹⁾ Erie County Medical Center ("ECMC") was sold to the Erie County Medical Center Corporation ("ECMCC") on January 1, 2004. The sale resulted in the elimination of ECMC from the Business-type activity section and the subsequent reporting of ECMCC as a component unit.

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands, except per capita)

| Fiscal Year | Во | eneral Net onded Debt anding (1,2,3,4) | Percentage of Actual Taxable Value (5) of Property | Ca | Per pita (6) |
|----------------|----|--|---|----|-----------------|
| 2000 | \$ | 197,020 | 0.78% | \$ | 207 |
| 2001 | | 205,644 | 0.77% | | 218 |
| 2002 | | 238,102 | 0.90% | | 253 |
| 2003 | | 307,249 | 1.14% | | 328 |
| 2004 | | 368,760 | 1.34% | | 395 |
| 2005 | | 432,749 | 1.53% | | 468 |
| 2006 | | 444,701 | 1.47% | | 484 |
| 2007 | | 407,047 | 1.31% | | 446 |
| 2008 | | 364,345 | 1.13% | | 400 |
| 2009 | | 324,418 | 0.97% | | 357 |

Notes:

- (1) 2003 to 2009 Excludes Library Component Unit bonds.
- (2) Does not include sewer bonds which are considered self-supporting debt.
- (3) Excludes ECMCC bond guaranty of \$101,375 for 2004-2008 and \$99,305 for 2009.
- (4) Net of resources restricted for principal repayment of general bonded debt.
- (5) See the "Assessed and Equalized Full Value of Taxable Property" schedule on page 115 for property value data.
- (6) See the "Demographic and Economic Statistics" schedule on page 124 for population data.

Sources:

Debt: Erie County General Purpose Financial Statements 2000-2001 Erie County Basic Financial Statements 2002-2009 COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK
Direct And Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt
As of December 31, 2009
(amounts expressed in thousands)

| Governmental Unit | Fiscal Year Ended | let Debt standing (1) | Estimated Percentage Applicable | | Estimated Share of verlapping Debt |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----|---|
| Cities | 06/30/07 | \$ 197,671 | 100% | \$ | 197,671 |
| Towns | 12/31/07 | 166,814 | 100% | | 166,814 |
| Villages | 05/31/07 | 23,830 | 100% | | 23,830 |
| School districts | 06/30/07 | 1,675,298 | 100% | | 1,675,298 |
| Fire districts | 12/31/07 | 11,793 | 100% | | 11,793 |
| Subtotal, overlapping debt | | | | | 2,075,407 |
| County direct debt | | | | | 436,259 |
| Total direct and overlapping debt | | | \$ |) - | 2,511,666 |

Note:

Sources:

Net debt outstanding of Erie County - Erie County Comptroller's Office All other information - Latest available from the New York State Office of the State Comptroller

⁽¹⁾ The amounts presented represent the net debt subject to legal limitations. Items such as water and certified sewer debt, tax and revenue anticipation notes, etc. are legally excludable in the determination of net indebtedness by municipalities, as is estimated state building aid for school districts.

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2009 (1)

Full value (average five-year valuation) (2) Debt Limit (7 % of assessed value) (3) Debt applicable to limit:

2,820,171

General obligation bonds

673,038 (236,779)

Less: RAN & Sewer bond exclusions Total net debt applicable to limit

436,2

Legal debt margin

\$ 2,383,912

| | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------|--------------|---------------------|--------------|--------------|------------------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|--------------|
| | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 |
| Debt Limit | \$ 2,224,702 | \$ 2,239,737 | \$ 2,241,906 | \$ 2,261,150 | \$ 2,294,474 | \$ 2,353,716 \$ | 2,439,968 \$ | 2,556,622 \$ | 2,680,794 | \$ 2,820,171 |
| Total net debt applicable to limit | 214,891 | 221,209 | 256,296 | 326,390 | 485,500 | 548,031 | 562,286 | 524,913 | 480,620 | 436,259 |
| Legal debt margin | \$ 2,009,811 | \$ 2,018,528 | \$ <u>1,985,610</u> | \$ 1,934,760 | \$ 1,808,974 | \$ <u>1,805,685</u> \$ | 1,877,682 \$ | 2,031,709 \$ | 2,200,174 | \$ 2,383,912 |
| Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit | 9.66% | 9.88% | 11.43% | 14.43% | 21.16% | 23.28% | 23.04% | 20.53% | 17.93% | 15.47% |

Notes:

- (1) The computation of net debt-contracting margin performed by municipalities in New York State is akin to the computation of legal debt margin performed by municipalities in other states.
- (2) Equalization rates are provided by New York State and applied by the County to the assessed valuations of taxable real estate to arrive at equalized full value.
- (3) Per New York State constitution, the county's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 7 percent of total average five-year assessed property value.

Sources:

Property value - NYS Office of the State Comptroller - Data Management Unit Indebtedness and exclusions - Erie County Comptroller's Office Erie County General Purpose Financial Statements 2000-2001 Erie County Basic Financial Statements 2002-2009

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

| | | | | | Tobacco Securitizati | ion Asset Backed Bo | onds | | | | |
|----------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|--|---------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|----------|
| Fiscal Year | Tobacco Settlement Revenue | Interest Earnings | Bond Proceeds Restricted for Future Debt Service | Operating Transfer-Out | Carry-forward of Prior Year Fund Balance Restricted for Future Debt Service | Net Proceeds of Refunding Bonds | Less: Operating Expenses | Net Available Resources | Debt Principal | Service Interest | Coverage |
| 2000 \$ | 5,423 | \$ 377 | \$ 25,046 \$ | \$ | | \$ | \$ | \$ 30,846 | \$ \$ | | |
| 2001 | 15,257 | 1,687 | | (200) | 30,846 | | | 47,590 | | 12,047 | 3.95 |
| 2002 | 15,477 | 1,520 | | (200) | 35,543 | | | 52,340 | 2,495 | 15,490 | 2.91 |
| 2003 | 14,035 | 1,456 | | (200) | 34,355 | | (10) | 49,636 | 2,900 | 15,336 | 2.72 |
| 2004 | 17,602 | 1,506 | | (200) | 31,400 | | (3) | 50,305 | | 15,958 | 3.15 |
| 2005 | 17,850 | 6,412 | | (56,718) | 34,347 | 40,316 | (9) | 42,198 | 1,070 | 21,715 | 1.85 |
| 2006 | 16,331 | 1,207 | 17,233 | (15,738) | 19,413 | | (62) | 38,384 | 1,725 | 16,697 | 2.08 |
| 2007 | 17,030 | 1,317 | | (141) | 19,962 | | (23) | 38,145 | 3,255 | 14,950 | 2.10 |
| 2008 | 18,064 | 163 | | (100) | 19,940 | | (24) | 38,043 | 3,865 | 14,285 | 2.10 |
| 2009 | 19,422 | 13 | | (100) | 19,893 | | (12) | 39,216 | 5,265 | 13,539 | 2.09 |

Notes:

The year ended December 31, 2004, was the first year the County's financial statements were prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units."

Source: ETASC Financial Statements 2000-2009

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

| Year | Population | Personal Income (thousands of dollars) | Per Capita Personal Income | School Enrollment (Grades K-12) | Unemployment Rate |
|------|------------|---|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|
| 2000 | 950,265 | \$ 26,486,736 | \$ 27,873 | 167,610 | 4.2% |
| 2001 | 945,222 | 26,898,182 | 28,457 | 165,265 | 4.7% |
| 2002 | 941,127 | 27,212,687 | 28,915 | 163,323 | 5.4% |
| 2003 | 937,770 | 28,377,858 | 30,261 | 158,748 | 5.8% |
| 2004 | 933,379 | 29,731,855 | 31,854 | 155,411 | 5.7% |
| 2005 | 925,660 | 30,582,881 | 33,039 | 152,169 | 5.2% |
| 2006 | 918,339 | 31,945,340 | 34,786 | 150,174 | 5.0% |
| 2007 | 913,338 | 32,943,811 | 36,116 | 155,280 | 4.7% |
| 2008 | 909,845 | 35,298,163 | 38,795 | 152,366 | 5.6% |
| 2009 | 909,247 | N/A | N/A | 143,936 | 8.1% |

Note:

N/A = Not available

Sources:

Population: The 2001 to 2009 estimates were compiled by the New York State Department of Commerce and the New York

State Department of Economic Development, respectively, using data provided by the United States Bureau of the Census.

2000 is the decennial census of the population conducted by the federal government.

Personal Income: United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis; material compiled by New York State Department of Commerce.

School Enrollment: New York State Education Department, Information Center on Education. School enrollment data represents the 1999-2000 to 2008-2009 school years.

Unemployment Rate: New York State Department of Labor

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Principal Employers
Current Year and Nine Years Ago

| | 2009 | | | 2000 | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------|-------------|-------------------------------|-----------|-------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| | | Donle | Percentage of Total County | | DI- | Percentage of Total County | | |
| Employer | Employees | <u>Rank</u> | Employment | Employees | <u>Rank</u> | <u>Employment</u> | | |
| State of New York | 16,755 | 1 | 3.86% | 13,073 | 1 | 2.91% | | |
| Kaleida Health | 10,000 | 2 | 2.30% | 6,441 | 5 | 1.43% | | |
| U.S. Government | 10,000 | 3 | 2.30% | 11,716 | 2 | 2.61% | | |
| City of Buffalo | 8,389 | 4 | 1.93% | 10,798 | 3 | 2.41% | | |
| HSBC Bank USA, N.A. | 5,848 | 5 | 1.35% | 5,300 | 7 | 1.18% | | |
| Employer Services Corp. | 5,380 | 6 | 1.24% | | | | | |
| Catholic Health System | 5,191 | 7 | 1.20% | 4,258 | 8 | 0.95% | | |
| M & T Bank | 4,640 | 8 | 1.07% | 3,999 | 10 | 0.89% | | |
| Tops Markets Inc. | 4,600 | 9 | 1.06% | | | | | |
| County of Erie (1) | 4,113 | 10 | 0.95% | 7,721 | 4 | 1.72% | | |
| Delphi Harrison | | | | 6,100 | 6 | 1.36% | | |
| General Motors Corporation | | | | 4,000 | 9 | 0.89% | | |
| Total | 74,916 | - - | 17.25% | 73,406 | = | 16.36% | | |

Note:

(1) Represents filled full-time positions excluding positions for Erie Community College.

Sources:

Erie County employment - Erie County Comptroller's Office All other employer data - Business First - Book of Lists Total employed within Erie County - NYS Department of Labor COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Full-time County Government Employees by Function (1) Last Six Fiscal Years (2)

| | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------|-------------|-------|--|--|--|
| | 2004 | <u>2005</u> | <u>2006</u> | 2007 | <u>2008</u> | 2009 | | | |
| <u>Function</u> | | | | | | | | | |
| General Government Support | 881 | 631 | 668 | 671 | 627 | 642 | | | |
| Education | 1,276 | 40 | 36 | 35 | 32 | 34 | | | |
| Public Safety | 397 | 1,149 | 1,172 | 1,091 | 1,181 | 1,169 | | | |
| Health | 239 | 300 | 305 | 300 | 316 | 277 | | | |
| Transportation | 1,699 | 146 | 150 | 153 | 151 | 160 | | | |
| Economic Assistance and Opportunity | 165 | 1,481 | 1,569 | 1,624 | 1,559 | 1,521 | | | |
| Culture and Recreation | 47 | 97 | 104 | 99 | 81 | 75 | | | |
| Home and Community Service | 261_ | 230 | 244 | 247 | 240 | 235_ | | | |
| Total | 4,965 | 4,074 | 4,248 | 4,220 | 4,187 | 4,113 | | | |

Notes:

Source: Erie County Comptroller's Office

⁽¹⁾ Excludes Erie Community College.

⁽²⁾ A new enterprise software system was implemented in 2004. Data from the prior system is not readily available.

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|-------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Function/Program | 2000 | <u>2001</u> | 2002 | 2003 | <u>2004</u> | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 |
| General government support | | | | | | | | | | |
| Major construction projects successfully completed | 25 | 27 | 31 | 30 | 33 | 20 | 6 | 4 | 5 | 12 |
| Motor vehicle registrations processed by County Clerk | 310,761 | 306,816 | 321,624 | 322,000 | 317,489 | 202,071 | 213,558 | 267,682 | 249,733 | 244,026 |
| Cases prosecuted by the District Attorney's Office | 48,968 | 56,255 | 57,569 | 54,838 | 50,895 | 53,015 | 55,010 | 51,718 | 47,792 | 46,419 |
| Public safety | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sheriff's calls for service | 71,596 | 66,137 | 66,000 | 65,083 | 66,850 | 62,909 | 77,257 | 88,486 | 88,863 | 84,259 |
| Vehicle and traffic arrests | 12,464 | 14,212 | 15,250 | 12,950 | 13,963 | 7,410 | 7,694 | 8,432 | 10,835 | 11,363 |
| Inmate population-Holding Center (average per day) | 832 | 561 | 599 | 547 | 594 | 562 | 584 | 555 | 500 | 479 |
| Inmate population-Correctional Facility (average per day) | 756 | 803 | 911 | 873 | 925 | 917 | 924 | 914 | 864 | 866 |
| Probation cases-supervised | 8,617 | 8,162 | 8,482 | 8,486 | 7,803 | 9,200 | 9,640 | 11,705 | 5,410 | 6,048 |
| Fire personnel trained | 7,200 | 6,000 | 6,200 | 6,800 | 6,800 | 6,800 | 6,800 | 7,000 | 5,115 | 5,143 |
| Health | | | | | | | | | | |
| Patient visits - pediatric care | 7,422 | 7,367 | 6,028 | 5,377 | 5,219 | 3,528 | 3.013 | 2,950 | 2,953 | 2,932 |
| Persons served by Mental Health agencies (per month) | 33,898 | 33,819 | 33,822 | 35,195 | 31,881 | 30,096 | 33,217 | 32,161 | 28,921 | 26,845 |
| Transportation | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bridges Inspected | 282 | 78 | 220 | 71 | 240 | 85 | 246 | 71 | 248 | 78 |
| Miles of roads receiving surface treatment | 110 | 110 | 47 | 140 | 100 | 120 | 106 | 142 | 211 | 141 |
| Economic assistance and opportunity | | | | | | | | | | |
| Home Energy Assistance Program payments administered | 105,200 | 136,397 | 105,200 | 113,200 | 116,575 | 138,777 | 120,000 | 108,909 | 119,758 | 185,447 |
| Number of clients enrolled in Medicaid Managed Care Programs | 64,300 | 60,800 | 62,529 | 69,935 | 72,485 | 73,047 | 69,434 | 66,755 | 76,615 | 89,331 |
| Senior services home care to frail elderly (hours) | 78,904 | 76,716 | 77,344 | 90,479 | 84,801 | 63,781 | 119,076 | 119,426 | 106,420 | 83,015 |
| Culture and recreation | | | | | | | | | | |
| Park attendance | 1,376,153 | 1,622,300 | 1,415,246 | 1,459,370 | 1,667,156 | 824,476 | 1,758,528 | 1,755,000 | 1,700,000 | 1,900,000 |
| Rounds of golf played | 95,588 | 102,499 | 83,672 | 79,481 | 83,401 | 85,005 | 62,187 | 68,215 | 67,558 | 67,298 |
| Education | | | | | | | | | | |
| Children with special needs receiving service | 3,191 | 3,384 | 3,664 | 4,231 | 4,666 | 5,263 | 4,549 | 4,577 | 4,206 | 4,182 |
| Home and community service | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sewer flow per day (millions of gallons) | 42 | 39 | 45 | 41 | 44 | 43 | 45 | 43 | 59 | 59 |

Source: Various County Departments

COUNTY OF ERIE, NEW YORK Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Eight Fiscal Years (1)

| | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|---------|-------------|---------|---------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--|--|
| Function (2) | 2002 | 2003 | <u>2004</u> | 2005 | 2006 | <u>2007</u> | <u>2008</u> | <u>2009</u> | | |
| Public safety | | | | | | | | | | |
| Emergency communication stations | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 ' | | |
| Training centers operated by the County | 3 | 3 | . 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | |
| Correctional facilities | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |
| Holding centers | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |
| Health | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hospital | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Home and Infirmary | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Health Department clinics / in County-owned buildings | 11 / 5 | 11 / 5 | 11 / 5 | 11 / 5 | 11 / 5 | 11/5 | 11 / 5 | 11/5 | | |
| Transportation | | | | | | | | | | |
| Miles of roads | 1,172 | 1,200 | 1,200 | 1,200 | 1,180 | 1,168 | 1,187 | 1,187 | | |
| Highway maintenance facilities | 11 | 10 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | | |
| Culture and recreation | | | | | | | | | | |
| Parks | 19 | 19 | 19 | 19 | 19 | 19 | 23 | 23 | | |
| Park Acreage | 10,657 | 10,657 | 10,657 | 10,657 | 10,657 | 10,657 | 10,247 | 10,247 | | |
| Golf Courses | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | | |
| Education | | | | | | | | | | |
| Erie Community College campuses | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | |
| Erie Community College full-time student headcount (3) | 6,970 | 7,451 | 7,961 | 8,215 | 8,198 | 8,228 | 8,404 | 8,874 | | |
| Erie Community College library volumes | 160,605 | 159,408 | 149,039 | 139,757 | 145,174 | 146,574 | 135,097 | 126,537 | | |
| Home and community service | | | | | | | | | | |
| Miles of sanitary sewer | 817 | 698 | 703 | 708 | 821 | 928 | 931 | 937 | | |
| Miles of storm sewer | 47 | 47 | 47 | 47 | 47 | 47 | 47 | 47 | | |
| Pumping stations | 79 | 77 | 77 | 77 | 94 | 100 | 100 | 97 | | |
| Grinder pumps | 430 | 453 | 462 | 462 | 462 | 463 | 463 | 463 | | |

Notes

- (2) No capital asset indicators are available for general government support and economic assistance and opportunity functions.
- (3) Average per semester

Source: Various County Departments

⁽¹⁾ The year ended December 31, 2002, was the first year the County's financial statements were prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments." As such, only eight years of data is presented.